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MASTERS PROJECT

AN ANALYSIS OF POLLUTION PREVENTION EFFORTS

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INTRODUCTION

The environmental arena has grown dramatically over the last two decades; implementing thousands of new regulations in the attempt to improve the environmental condition of the earth. These regulations dealt with water, air, and ground contamination and were pointed at the industrial and commercial communities to clean up past pollution. Until the last decade, federal facilities were considered off limits to regulators due partially to the mission of upholding National Security, and therefore the management of waste was not monitored as close. With the passing of the 1984 RCRA Amendments, the "shore" portion of all federal facilities have come into compliance with federal, state, and local regulatory requirements. Because of the uniqueness of forces afloat, though, regulators did not know how to approach waste management on board ships and therefore they were exempt from several regulations.

In recent years though, the forces afloat's time has come as well. The Navy understands its responsibility to protect the environment, but the constantly changing regulations has posed a threat to the forces afloat's maneuverability; the Navy must be able to operate its ships anywhere in the world without environmental constraints. It is this need to sustain mission capabilities with the new regulations taking hold that has forced the Navy to take a more aggressive approach to managing their wastes from ships and complying with environmental regulations. In 1985, the Chief of Naval Operations (CNO) mandated a 50% reduction in hazardous waste (HW) production by the year 1992 in response to the 1984 RCRA Amendments, and the shore establishments began to realize that a large amount of their HW generated came from the forces afloat. For the shore facilities to reach 50% reduction, some action had to be taken with respect

to ships' waste management. Some ships did implement pollution prevention (P2) programs on their own, because it saved money, and it was the right thing to do. Ships such as the USS Theodore Roosevelt (CVN 71) and USS Kitty Hawk (CV-63) were pioneers in P2 for ships. Additional concern for ships came with the P2 Policies and Procedures of August 1993; mandating federal facility compliance with the Pollution Prevention Act of 1990. This was cited in Executive Order (EO) 12856, and established a new environmental management hierarchy as national policy, and it is incorporated in EO 12856, as follows:

- * Pollution should be prevented or reduced at the source whenever possible;
- * Pollution that cannot be prevented should be recycled in an environmentally safe manner whenever feasible;
- * Pollution that cannot be prevented or recycled should be treated in an environmentally safe manner whenever feasible; and,
- * Disposal or other release into the environment should be employed only as a last resort and should be conducted in an environmentally safe manner.

One requirement that stands out is the 50% reduction of the quantity of toxic chemicals being released by 31 December 1999.

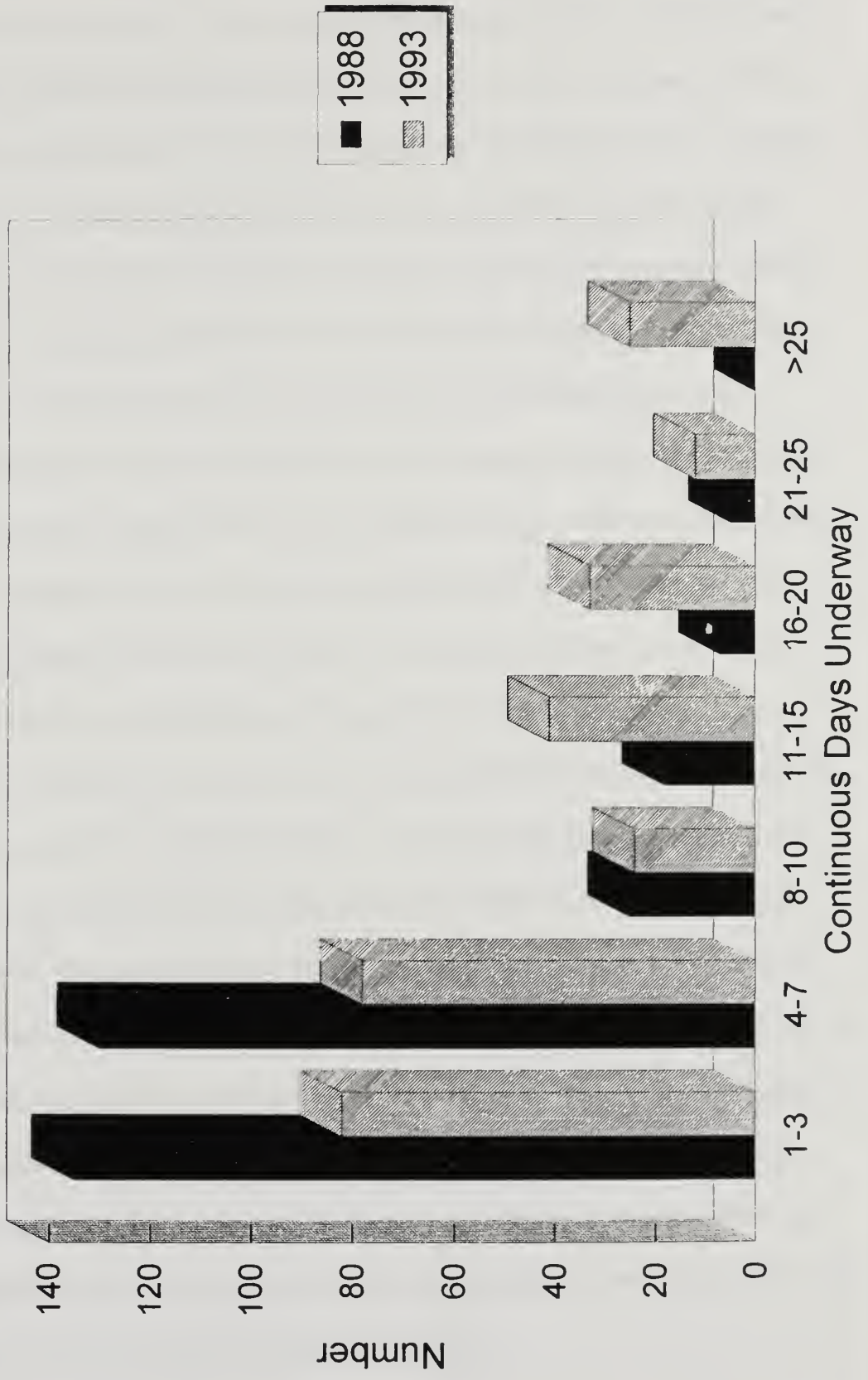
Ship waste management covers more than just HM, though, and unfortunately almost all waste streams are going to be affected by present and upcoming regulations. The Act to Prevent Pollution from Ships (APPS) implements Annex I of MARPOL which prohibits oil and oily waste discharge in "special areas" (see Regulations section for further information). Annex I special areas include the Mediterranean Sea, Baltic Sea, Black Sea, and Antarctic Area. Ships must hold their waste in these areas unless it impairs operational effectiveness. APPS also

implements MARPOL Annex V which established a plastics discharge prohibition of 01 Jan 1999, and for special area limitations by 01 Jan 2001. This also carries a prohibition of non-food solid waste discharge in special areas (in effect) by the year 2000. Currently, Annex V areas "in effect" includes the Baltic Sea, North Sea, and the Antarctic Region (south of 60 degrees south latitude). The number and broad coverage of these environmental regulations as well as several others issued have shown the Navy that they can not just respond to individual environmental problems as they arise, but must devise a complete comprehensive P2 program for the forces afloat to ensure compliance with all applicable regulations. For now and beyond the year 2000.

In developing a P2 program for forces afloat, it is a must to have an overall understanding of what the program encompasses and what baseline is the program starting from. As of 19 Jun 1995, the Navy has 374 ships. These ships range from large ships of up to approximately 100,000 tons and carrying up to over 5,000 personnel such as Carriers to smaller ships under 4,000 tons and carrying only 200 personnel such as Frigates. Of these ships, 176 (47%) are underway, 101 (27%) are deployed, and 50 (13%) are in special areas. Not only is almost 50% of the ships underway, but the underway periods are increasing and will continue to increase especially for deployments. This is important to acknowledge, because a program managing ship waste while underway will be much more difficult than while in port. Chart 1 shows the dramatic increase in underway times from 1988 to 1993. The number of underway periods double for ships that are underway for eleven (11) days or more at one time. While underway, ships generate an enormous amount of waste. A carrier can generate over 15,000 pounds of solid waste in just one day, and if none is discharged will fill up a combat logistics

Frequency of Underway Periods

6th Fleet Combatants Operations



force (CLF) ship in less than a week. These waste streams generated by ships include hazardous materials (HM), oily wastewater, graywater, blackwater, medical waste, air pollutants, CFC's, Halons, antifoulants, and solid waste. Solid waste includes food waste, metal, glass, cardboard, plastics, and paper. The current and near future MARPOL regulations mentioned previously require ships to hold more and more waste while underway, until they can be properly disposed of at a shore facility. The present ship structure was not designed to hold any waste for any period of time. The storing of waste may cause safety and health problems for the ship's personnel, causing the ships to be very dependent on shore facilities. In addition, it affects their missions, is quite expensive, and time consuming to dispose of waste at shore facilities. Seeing that the pollution problem involves 374 ships that generate 100,000s of pounds of just solid waste each day and basically starting from ground zero, and these additional reasons illustrates the need more than ever for a comprehensive P2 program for forces afloat.

The Norfolk Naval Station located in Norfolk Virginia feels the weight of this challenge to prevent pollution as much as any federal facility. As a result of the Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) proceedings, Norfolk has become the Naval Base for the East Coast and is expected to homeport 40% of the Fleet by 1996. There are currently 72 ships homeported at Norfolk. This includes 6 carriers, 11 amphibious ships, 10 tenders, 11 cruisers, 18 destroyers, 12 frigates, and 11 other support ships. During 1994, these ships generated over 2,019,000 pounds of hazardous material that cost the Base almost \$6 million dollars to dispose of. They also generated 180,499 cubic yards of solid waste. With more ships being homeported at Norfolk and the regulations requiring ships to hold more waste until returning to port, these numbers will rise significantly if pollution prevention measures are not taken.

The Navy has set several short, intermediate, and long term goals for itself to reach compliance with current and upcoming regulations, and to make waste management easier and less costly for itself. The Navy will reach these goals through programs that include hazardous material minimization through better management; installation of Plastic Waste Processors on all ships by Dec 1998; zero discharge of non-food solid waste from surface ships in special areas by 2000; retrofitting present ships with solid waste pulpers to slurry paper, cardboard, and food waste; to concentrate blackwater, graywater, and oily waste using membrane technology now under development; to transfer solid waste slurry and concentrated wastewaters from surface combatants to combat logistics force (CLF) and other large ships for processing by plasma arc pyrolysis or other thermal destruction; and to design future ship platforms that have "greener" systems that meet regulations of today and have allowed room for complying with future regulations. Chart 2 outlines the Navy's strategy for these pollution abatement goals beyond the year 2000.

It can be seen from the above programs that pollution prevention is very dynamic. The Navy is attacking this issue on several levels of management with different Resource Sponsors who will be responsible for funding the bulk of the implementations. As a result, there are so many programs that have started up that it makes it very difficult for the Program Managers to get the much needed support both conceptually as well as financially. Comptroller personnel tend to look at how the Navy stands with respect to being in compliance with regulations at the present time. Mission capabilities as a driving force has not won out in recent years as a good reason for supporting particular environmental efforts. Therefore, programs dealing with that particular compliance issue has priority over a program that might help mission capability.

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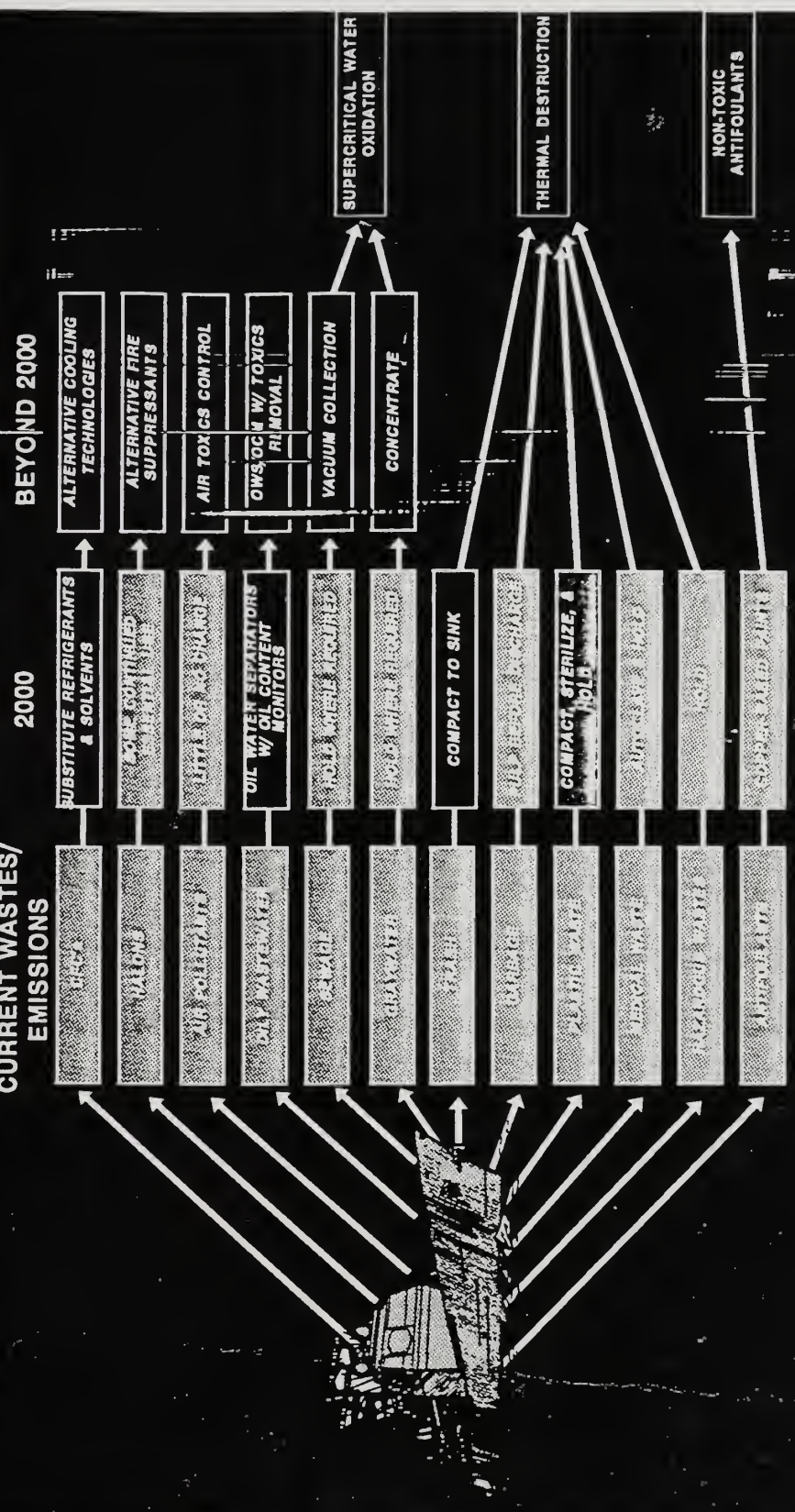
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SHIPBOARD POLLUTION ABATEMENT

YEAR 2000 AND BEYOND

SHIPBOARD POLLUTION ABATEMENT: A CHALLENGE FOR THE FUTURE. THE MARINE INDUSTRY IS CURRENTLY FOCUSING ON THE PROBLEM OF OIL POLLUTION. THE MARINE INDUSTRY IS CURRENTLY FOCUSING ON THE PROBLEM OF OIL POLLUTION. THE MARINE INDUSTRY IS CURRENTLY FOCUSING ON THE PROBLEM OF OIL POLLUTION.

OUTLOOK FOR TREATMENT/ ELIMINATION



Adding to the intricacy of all these programs are the Resource Sponsors who have their own agenda, which is partially political in nature, and the communication between Type Commanders has not coincided completely on P2 efforts. The programs appear to be running parallel with each other with no single authority advising their direction. Pollution prevention needs to be institutionalized, and not be attempted in a piece mill fashion if it is really going to take hold as an everyday way of life for the forces afloat.

Programs touched on above involve the Norfolk Naval Base's implementation of the Consolidated Hazardous Material Reutilization and Inventory Management Program (CHRIMP) under the guidance of the Navy Supply Systems Command. The CHRIMP program is one approach to solving the proliferation of HM by a life-cycle control and centralized management concept. The CHRIMP Manual has been distributed, and is a ready reference for personnel responsible for implementation and operation of afloat programs. CHRIMP methodology is based on success projects from those pioneer ships mentioned previously, and basically consists of the consolidation of HM so that one "organization" has total procurement, total inventory, and total issue control of all HM on board a ship. This optimum oversight of HM has resulted in reduced amounts of HM procured, used, stored aboard, and thus the amount of spent HM generated for disposal. The following page is an excerpt from Appendix II of the CHRIMP Manual which summarizes the steps to be taken to implement the program. Note the third step of this program is for the ships to acquire HICS capability. HICS stands for Hazardous Inventory Control System, and is the software basis from which CHRIMP will be run. Currently, the target date for HICS implementation on board ships is 01 Oct 1995. The complete CHRIMP implementation date is unknown at this time.

APPENDIX II
CHIMP AFLOAT CHECK-OFF LIST

ITEM	ACTION	REFERENCE PARAGRAPH
1	Pre-implementation planning session should include Commanding Officer/Executive Officer (CO/XO), HM coordinator, Department Heads, Division Heads, and work center supervisors.	2.3.4.2
2	Select spaces for HAZMINCEN.	2.4.2.2
3	Acquire HICS capability.	
4	Inventory HM on board and conduct ship survey to ensure all HM is reported on inventory.	2.4.2.4
5	Develop plan for phased collection of HM and phased implementation of CHIMP processes.	2.4.2.4
6	Promulgate internal procedures for HAZMINCEN operation to include issue, turn-in and inventory control.	2.2.2.4
7	Determine manning requirements and sources.	2.4.2.3
8	Establish anticipated usage rates, inventory levels and reorder points.	2.4.2.6
9	Conduct CHIMP training and HICS training	2.4.2.3
10	Determine operating hours and emergency response capability.	2.4.2.3
11	Establish budget for HAZMINCEN.	2.4.2.5
12	Coordinate turn in procedures with the local FISC	2.4.2.7

Better management of HM is just the beginning of P2 efforts, and only covers one aspect toward a "greener" ship. A broader program sponsored under CNO N45 which CHRIMP is incorporated in is the Navy P2 Afloat Program. The P2 Afloat Program was organized just this Spring, but it was already at work with several studies to analyze ship processes prior to being established. It is run out of the Naval Surface Warfare Center Carderock Division (NSWCCD) in Annapolis, Md, and has personnel with various expertise contributing to the program. The R&D program for P2 equipment is also out of NSWCCD, and is collaborating on their efforts. The P2 Afloat Program is about analyzing ships processes and developing alternative processes that are "greener"; trying to solve the pollution problem at the source. Specifically, the P2 Afloat Program is presently analyzing areas involving solvents like PD-680, painting, adhesives, sealants, cleaning compounds, and ODS, etc..as well as the possible applicabilities of waste processing devices such as an aqueous parts washer and ethylene glycol recycler. They are taking that information to develop a comprehensive P2 package for a particular ship type that will contain the majority of solutions to pollution problems of today and near future. The ultimate goal of this program is to produce a solutions package for each ship type that can be sent out to be implemented on all ships. They realize the challenge they are up against, but know that doing good things on just one or two ships is not enough. The Program has already started work on their prototype ships, the USS Carl Vinson (CVN-70) and the USS Wasp (LHD 1). They are starting with the larger ships, because they generate ten times the waste of the smaller ships. The Program does have seed money available to make the proposed solutions real for these ships, and the opportunity exists to change the entire Navy afloat, but it will be the regulations that determine where the scarce resources end up. To illustrate this further, several

technologies have existed for years, and if installed would prove to be beneficial in reducing wastes. As part of an R&D program, a suite of four new solid waste processing systems were installed on the USS George Washington (CVN-73) for their 1994 six month deployment by NSWCCD. The systems included a small and large pulper, a solid waste shredder, and a plastics processor, and all proved to be very successful. The reason for the delay of further installation, especially on smaller ships, is the massive cost which must go through the budget cycle for approval, and space constraints. A single installation (including manufacturing) can be well above \$500,000, and therefore becomes extremely limited when trying to implement on all ships.

Now after looking at present efforts, try to expand your view 5 to 30 years down the road, and picture an environmentally sound ship. What do you see? This is the challenge that the Ship Design Standards Process Action Team (PAT) is up against. This PAT (NAVSEA 03V) was chartered in August 1993 to evaluate current ship design standards, and incorporate environmental standards into the ship design process to facilitate the development and production of environmentally sound ships. The PAT is trying to accomplish this by revising the General Specifications (GENSPECS) for ships of the U. S. Navy to include requirements to use specific equipment and processes. GENSPEC sections to be revised is based on vulnerability studies that have been conducted with respect to notices of violations, and the results infer that in-port operations and liquid discharges are of the most concern. Table 1 identifies some major GENSPECS of a ship that must be analyzed.

TABLE 1

Machinery Sys. Engr	Hull Sys. Engr	Combat Sys. Engr	Specs Sys. Engr	Human sys. Integration Engr
Propulsion	Weights	Topside/EME		System safety
Electrical	Arrangements	CS Integration		Manning
Auxiliaries	Habitability	Sensors		Human engr
Deck systems	Hull form	Weapons		
Arrangements	Hydrodynamics	IC/Navigation		
Controls	Structures	Excomm		
Fluid systems	Stability	Training		
Damage control	Materials	Testing		
Fire fighting				

These systems are very complex and are integrated throughout the ship. The PAT must take these systems and develop an environmental profile of any ship, and take into account the life cycle environmental consequences of that ship from design and construction, operation and maintenance, and to its ultimate disposition. Three GENSPEC sections have already incorporated environmental issues, and are propulsion internal combustion engines, freshwater service systems, and environmental pollution control systems. The next ship is LPD-17 and its design is almost complete, and does include the requirements of future regulations. One future advantage of this program is that environmental information will be integrated into the GENSPECs at each revision cycle. This approach will aide in the most challenging area of including allowances in the design that will accommodate future changes in regulations in a ship's life, and at the same time preserve mission capabilities and optimize resources.

As can be seen from this discussion, there are too many programs, projects, task forces, R&D, committees, etc..to even begin to name them all. There is even a Solid Waste Executive Steering Committee that was established in April 1994 to prepare for the Report to Congress due in Nov 1996 on how the Navy intends to meet the no discharge prohibitions deadline of the year 2000. They all have a common goal of reducing waste generation on board ships, but they are also battling for precious resources to stay afloat. Several programs will not be successful, and it is the solutions that are inexpensive and easy to implement that will have the advantage. Time itself and the dynamic regulatory arena will also test these programs. Communication will be essential to transform these various programs into a comprehensive P2 plan for the forces afloat, and to be successful.

CASE STUDY

To gauge how these various pollution prevention programs are progressing from a ship's perspective, simple Pollution Prevention Assessments were conducted on a Frigate, Destroyer, and an Amphibious ship. Additional information was also obtained on a Carrier. The intent of this case study was to analyze current waste management practices on board ships, and look at the P2 efforts and/or opportunities that can be identified. A Pollution Prevention Assessment is defined as a systematic, planned procedure with the objective of identifying ways to reduce or eliminate waste, preferably at the source. The assessment procedure can be divided into four phases; planning and organization, assessment, feasibility analysis, and implementation. These assessments focused on the first two phases, and were simple in nature. Evaluations were conducted as part of the feasibility phase, but all information will be turned in to the Norfolk Naval Base Environmental Office for further evaluation and implementation as warranted.

Table 2 outlines the steps taken in conducting the pollution prevention assessments:

TABLE 2

Planning and Organization
Contact key personnel
Determine how the assessment should be performed
Outline the items to be analyzed
Set overall goals
Assessment
Review of established policies and procedures
Collection and review of reports
Interviews with key personnel

Ship visit and inspection
Collection of data on processes of ship
Create material balances of wastestreams
Compare actual practice to theory
Review training and knowledge of procedures
Generate set of options for further consideration
Feasibility
Analyze the differences between actual practice and theory
Prepare report of recommendations for modifications as necessary
Implementation
Review and implementation of warranted options (not included)

In conducting the assessments, knowledge on the specific characteristics of these ships as well as how they differed had to be gained to understand their particular waste stream relationship. The Oliver Hazard Perry class Frigate and the Spruance class Destroyer ships that were visited are defined as combatants. The Frigate is primarily an ASW ship with limited AAW defense to amphibious and replenishment groups and convoys. The Destroyer was designed to provide AAW and ASW defense for other surface forces. The Third ship is an amphibious assault ship of the Tarawa Class (LHA) which provides amphibious lift capabilities. These ships were found to vary greatly in size and capabilities. Their specific characteristics are summarized in Table 3 below:

TABLE 3

Description	Frigate	Destroyer	LHA
Displacement	3,600 tons	8,040 tons	25,120 tons
Length	445 ft	529 ft	833 3/4 ft
Beam	45 ft	55 ft	106 ft
Draft	24.5 ft	29 ft	26 ft
Propulsion	2 gas turbines, 40,000shp; 1 shaft	4 gas turbines, 80,000 shp; 2 shafts	steam turbine; 70,000shp; 2 shafts
Speed	28 knots	32.5 knots	24 knots
Manning	15 O; 192 E	25 O; 315 E	58 O; 882 E + 1900 troops
Aircraft	2 SH-60B Seahawk	2 SH-60B Seahawk	35 Harrier VSTOL + helicopters

In addition, these ships carry various missiles, guns, radars, sonars, fire control, and electronic weapons to conduct their missions. The main spaces for mission requirements include engineering, combat, bridge, navigation, etc..., and spaces for living include rack spaces, state rooms for officers, restrooms and showers, galley and mess decks, wardroom and other break areas, etc...The design of these ships minimized on "extra" spaces, making the task of finding additional space for environmental "equipment" a difficult challenge.

As previously discussed, these ships generate various wastes while conducting their missions. Figure 1 is a schematic of typical pollution control problem areas on a ship. This case study focused on only three main wastestreams that cover eight (8) waste types that are of most concern to the Navy. They include hazardous material, solid waste, and discharges. Hazardous material can be defined as any material that, because of its quantity, concentration, physical or chemical characteristics, may pose hazard to human health or the environment when incorrectly

FIGURE 1

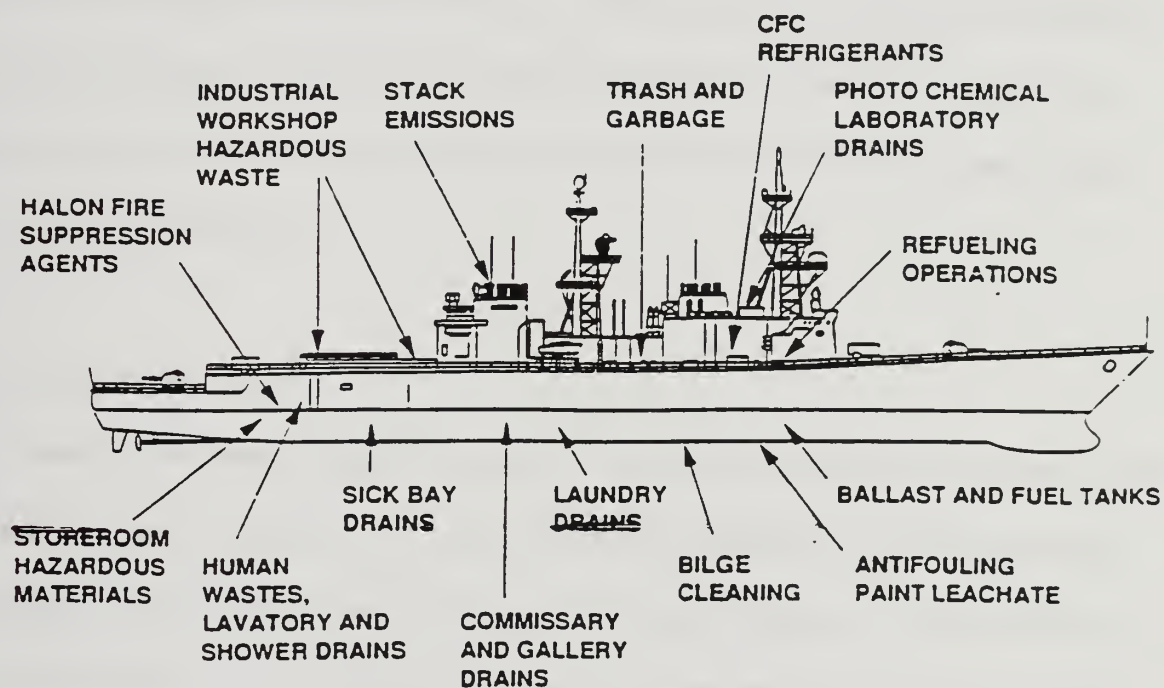


Figure 3. Typical Ship Pollution Control Problem Areas.

used. Hazardous material includes paint, solvents, adhesives, and all types of oil. Solid waste for a ship is its trash and garbage; including plastics, cardboard, glass, food wastes, paper, wood, and metal. The discharges from a ship cover two categories; oily and non-oily wastes. There are three primary sources for oily waste. They include bilge water, ballast, and waste from the waste oil storage tanks. The generation of the oily waste is a result of when fuels, lubricants, greases, oils, and hydraulic fluids mix with water. The non-oily wastes include two main types, blackwater and graywater. Blackwater is made up of human waste and flushing water from water-closets and urinals. Graywater is made up of liquid waste from showers, sinks, laundry, gallery, and scullery activities.

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

To study these wastestreams, ship visits were conducted to determine the process of each waste from generation to disposal. To start with hazardous material, the process begins with ordering the hazardous material, and involves storing, issuing, using, and disposing of the waste. For simplicity, the process for the Destroyer is outlined below, and distinct differences of the other ships are pointed out when necessary.

The HM Coordinator (HMC) uses a high/low ordering system on the HICS program. But normally when a Department needs a HM, they fill out a request form, have it signed by the Department Head for authorization, and submit it to the HMC for ordering. The HMC utilizes the high/low levels of HMs, and the request forms submitted to determine orders. The HMC will first look up all requested items in the Ship's HM list (SHML) to insure the items are authorized. If so he will first review the Reutilization Office's printout of current inventory to

identify if there are any matches. The HMC will enter any remaining items into the program to create an order for HM. While in an INCONUS (in the U.S.) status it can take up to 5 months to get some items if they are not available from the Reutilization Office or Servmart, but while OUTCONUS (outside U.S.) status it usually only takes 2-3 weeks to obtain needed HM. It is interesting to point out that the Frigate has just received the computer and HICS software on board, and plan to have the system installed and all Department HM inventory entered into HICS by the end of August. Complete tracking and control of HM has not taken hold on board, though. The LHA is ahead of both ships. The LHA has HICS 4.0 version, and utilizes for inventory, issuing, and ordering. The LHA has a centralized HM office with some elements described by CHRIMP.

The next step is the storing of HM. There are several locations for storing HM for its various uses, but at the same time space is quite inadequate relative to the need. Table 4 identifies the storage spaces which are similar for the Frigate and Destroyer:

TABLE 4

STORAGE NAME	CAPACITY
MAIN FLAM LOCKER	45 - 5 GAL CTRS
PAINT LOCKER	640 GAL
PAINT ISSUE LOCKER	150 GAL
CLEANING LOCKER	450 GAL
9 WC LOCKERS	10 GAL EACH

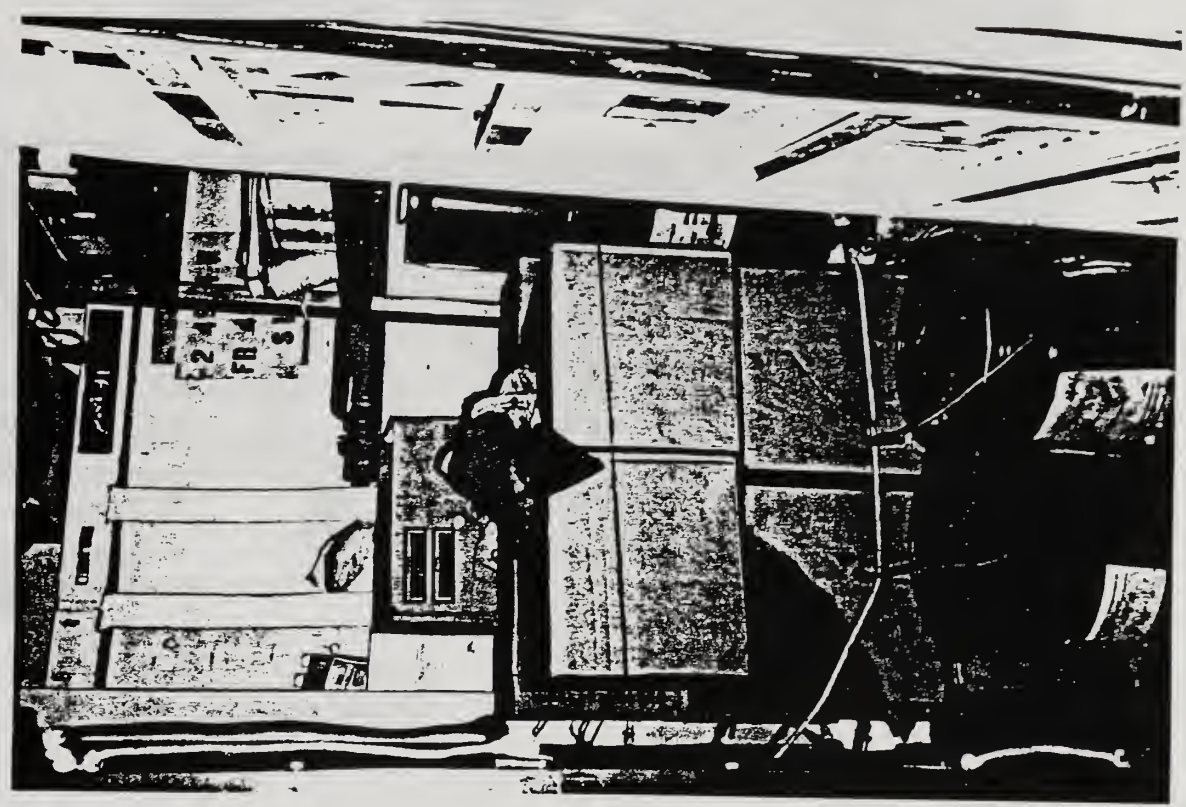
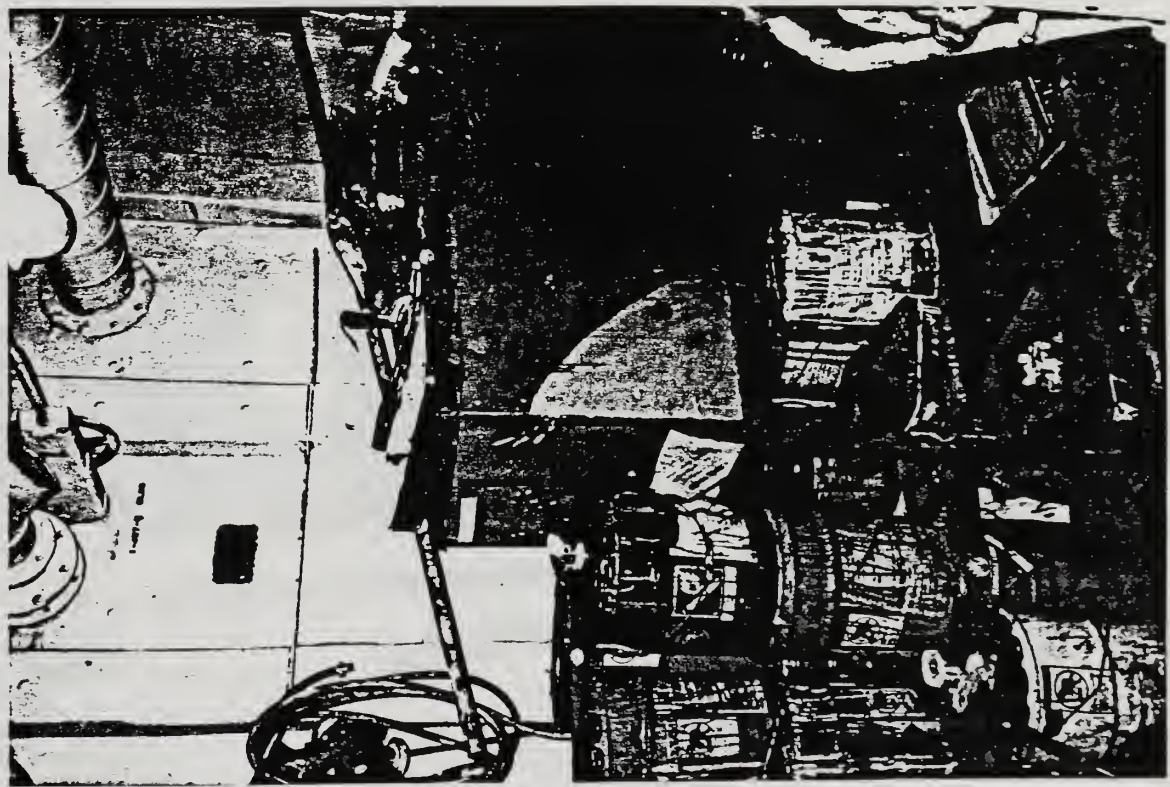
The main flammable locker contains flammable and combustible HM, and the 9 Work Center (WC) lockers contain cleaning supplies that will last the WCs up to one week. Table 5 on the following page lists typical cleaning supplies found in their lockers. One problem with storage

ITEM	STOCK NUMBER	REQ. QTY	COST	NEED	ON ORDER
PINE OIL	6840-00-687-7904	10	49.20	10 CSE	
SPRAY'N'WIPE	7930-00-926-5280	10	58.55	5 CSE	
SHOWER MATS	7220-00-634-1601		8.80	7 BX	
CURTAINS	7230-00-205-1762		4.76	2 CSE	
BROOMS	7920-00-291-8305		7.82	4 BX	
SWABS	7920-00-224-8726		4.95	6 BX	
SPONGES	7920-00-240-2559		.76	2 BX	
TOILET CLEANER	7930-00-559-9481	25	1.30	46 CAN	
SPRAY-N-BUFF	7930-01-363-3573	10	59.24	2 CSE	
STRIPPER	7920-01-363-1630	10	43.20	8 CSE	
BIRSCH WAX	7930-01-363-6457	10	97.80	1 CSE	
TOILET PAPER	8540-01-055-6094	20	32.55	2 CSE	
SCOURING POWDER	7930-01-294-1115		7.00	4 CSE	
PLASTIC BAGS, SMALL	8105-01-183-9768	4	13.80	41 BX	
PLASTIC BAGS, LARGE	8105-01-174-0942	7	24.73	27 BX	
STEEL WOOL	5350-00-242-4404		1.98	10 BX	
HAND SOAP	8520-00-270-0065	1	3.01	3 BX	
PAPER BAGS, LARGE	8105-00-543-7169	15	22.51	28 TAC	
PAPER TOWELS	7920-00-823-9772	5	26.99	7 CSE	
GREENIE WEENIES	7920-00-753-5242	5	2.11	2 PKG	
DUSTPANS	7290-00-616-0109	15	1.71	14 SINGLE	
FOXTAILS	7920-00-233-3737	15	2.47	13 SINGLE	
SPRAY-NINE	7930-01-177-0795	5	22.38	16 BX	
BUFFING PADS	7930-01-363-3573	5	43.50	1 CSE	

is there is no space designated for spent HM that must be collected, containerized, and stored until it can be off-loaded. The HM that is turned in is stuck in with the storage lockers when possible, and otherwise is placed in spaces designated for other uses. Figures 2 and 3 illustrate the lack of storage space on board Navy ships today. Storage capacity on the LHA is not the critical issue it is on the smaller ships. From Table 3, the LHA is approximately twice as large as a Destroyer, and accommodating their HM storage needs is not a problem. Enclosure 2 of the raw data for the LHA found in Appendix A lists the 32 authorized storage locations for HM. You can already start to realize the challenges the smaller ships face in trying to manage their HM just based on their size and manpower.

For the issuing of HM, the HMC controls access to the main flammable locker, and has set hours for issue. The boatswain mates have control of the paint lockers, and issue paint as necessary. Before HM can be issued the HMC requires the receiving Department to show evidence that they possess the appropriate MSDS, and if not the HMC will print one from the CD-Rom for them. The HMC has the master file, and the Departments hold MSDSs for the HM they use. Every item that is issued is entered into HICS for tracking. Information entered includes what the HM is, when it was issued, how much, and whom it was issued to. The LHA has a bigger operation, and thus has a central issue room which HM is checked out of. There are additional locations that HM can be issued, but everyone must go through central issue to get a "chit" authorizing them to receive that HM. Personnel requiring HM often bring a PMS (maintenance) card to central issue to ensure they only get the amount of HM necessary to perform the particular maintenance. HM issue personnel often transfer larger containers such as 5 gallons into smaller quart and pint size containers to minimize the amount of HM leaving the

FIGURE 2



HIM STORAGE

FIGURE 2



PAINT STORAGE ROOMS

issue room. These procedures make it easy to keep control of the HM, and they also use less.

After lack of space, turn-in and disposal are the next biggest problem areas for the smaller ships. It is this turn-in process that is the concern for the LHA. The HM process starts to breakdown here, possibly due to lack of training, high rate of turnover in individual assignments, or lack of communication. These reasons result from the fact that there is no enforcement from the top down yet when it comes to the environmental atmosphere on board a ship. Even though the ships are aware of the new HM programs, there still is not enough emphasis put on it to make it an everyday way of life. Simply stated, it is hard to change no matter what that change is even if it is for the better of all parties involved. All spent HM should be turned in to the HMC for tracking purposes as well as for actual disposal. Some personnel do not know proper disposal procedures, or are turning the spent HM in themselves for disposal while in port. When this happens, the cradle-to-grave tracking of a specific item stops. On the LHA, personnel sometimes give the HM they received to their "buddy" who might be finishing a maintenance job and then forgets to turn in the used HM. The HMC for the LHA would like to have a HM card issued to all personnel, and when they check out HM the card is turned over and will not be given back until that same person returns the used HM. They can not check additional HM out either until the previous HM has been brought back.

For disposal, the ship personnel properly package and label spent HM for PW. The HMC fills out 1348 Forms for each HM for turn-in to PW. The 1348s are a record of accountability for the ship and a way of billing for PW. PW picks up HM at the head of the pier, signs off on the 1348s and gives a copy back to the HMC. See Appendix A for copies of the 1348s identifying the wastes turned in to PW. FISC Norfolk is with PW to take acceptable material to

their reuse store. HM is free to pick up or drop off to them. PW takes this spent HM and delivers waste oils to Craney Island for recycling, metals to the Metals Yard for recycling, designated hazardous waste is prepared for contractor disposal, etc.. Appendix B contains the HM/HW Minimization, Reutilization, and Disposal Guide put out by COMNAVBASE Norfolk which outlines all the disposal options available for waste generated from ships. Options such as crossdecking, extending shelf life, and recycling are included.

To understand this process for individual HM, a material balance was performed on the HM from ordering to disposal. From this, possible P2 opportunities may exist for material substitution, or process modification. Table 6 on the following page displays the material balance of HMs used on board the Destroyer. The raw data that this table was generated from can be found in Appendix A. This same information was obtained for the LHA, and the data can also be found in Appendix A. Additional tables of their HM were not created, because analysis of the raw data indicates good HM management practices in tracking their HM from cradle-to-grave, and therefore would serve no further purpose.

TABLE 6

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL (HM)	HM IN INVENTORY	USE OF HM	% OF MAT'L THAT SHOULD BE USED	HM TURNED IN TO REUTILIZATN	HM TURNED IN TO PW	DISPOSAL METHOD
lapping cmpd	1 ctr	unknown	100%	none	0	
insulating cmpd, electric	1 can	electrical eqpt	100%	none	0	
propanone	4 cylinders	light off P250 pumps	100%; empty cyl	none	0	
engine cleaning cmpd	8 gallons	general purpose	spent remaining	none	0 (1)	
contact cleaning cmpd	1 ctr	general purpose	spent remaining	none	0 (1)	
leak detection cmpd	7 bottles	unknown	100%	none	0	
silicone cmpd	1 tube	lubricating grease	100%	none	0	
joint thread sealing cmpd	2 cans	sealer	100%	none	0	
corrosion resistant cmpd	1 ctr	sealer	100%	none	0	
sealing cmpd	1 ctr	sealer	100%	none	0	
adhesive	9 cans	glue	100%	none	1 can; 8 lbs	HW; ctr disposal
scotchgrip adhesive	3 ctrs	glue	100%	none	0	
gear lube oil	2 gal	lubrication	old recovered	none	2 Dr; 126 Lbs (2)	recycle/reuse
moly B grease	1 ctr	lubrication	100%	none	0	
cherry hydraulic fluid	2 gal	lubrication	old recovered	none	9 Dr; 3750 Lbs (2)	recycle/reuse
acetone	3 ctr	clning eletrical eqpt	100%	none	0	
fire resistant adhesive	20 qts	glue	100%	1 gallon	0	
RTV/white	12 tubes	caulking	100%	none	0	
Paint, various (3)	98- 5 gal; 35 -1 gal	painting surfaces	100%	none	3-5 gal; 3-1 gal	HW; Ctr disposal

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL (HM)	HM IN INVENTORY	USE OF HM	% OF MAT'L THAT SHOULD BE USED	HM TURNED IN TO REUTILIZATN	HM TURNED IN TO PW	DISPOSAL METHOD
rubber base adhesive	1 qt	glue	100%	none	0	
denatured alcohol	30 cans	clean electrical eqpt	100%	none	0	
antifreeze	11 gal	antifreeze	old recovered	none	0 (4)	
antisieze, moly B	7 ctr	lubricating grease	100%	none	0	
lube oil, 2 cycle engine	33 qts	lubrication	old recovered	none	1 Dr, 420 Lbs (2)	recycle/reuse
corrosion prevention	9 gal	sealer	100%	none	0	
corrosion prev. spray	120 cans	sealer	100%	none	0	
cutting fluid	5 cans	lubrication	100%	none	0	
glass cleaner (5)	1 ctr	general purpose	100%	none	0	
aircraft grease	2 gal	lubrication	100%	none	0	
general purpose grease	3 qts	lubrication	100%	none	0	
wire rope grease	1 ctr	lubrication	100%	none	0	
hydraulic fluid, petro base	none	lubrication	old recovered	2 gallons	9 Dr, 3750 Lbs (2)	recycle/reuse
cleaning cmpd	5 gal	general purpose	spent remaining	none	0 (1)	
isopropyl alcohol	10 cans	clean electronic eqpt.	100%	none	1 can	HW, ctr disposal
aircraft turboshaft oil	708 qts	lubrication	old recovered	none	1 Dr, 420 lbs (2)	recycle/reuse
hydraulic fluid	2 qts	lubrication	old recovered	none	9 Dr, 3750 lbs (2)	recycle/reuse
hydraulic fluid	6 gal	lubrication	old recovered	none	9 Dr, 3750 Lbs (2)	recycle/reuse
instrument lube oil	10 qts	lubrication	old recovered	none	1 Dr, 420 Lbs (2)	recycle/reuse
steam turbine lube oil	42 gal	lubrication	old seccovered	none	1 Dr, 420 Lbs (2)	recycle/reuse
naphtha aromatic	1 gal	unknown	-	none	0	-
sealing cmpd type 3	2 pints	sealant	100%	none	0	

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL (HM)	HM IN INVENTORY	USE OF HM	% OF MAT'L THAT SHOULD BE USED	HM TURNED IN TO REUTILIZATN	HM TURNED IN TO PW	DISPOSAL METHOD
silicone cmpd, DC-7	4 tubes	lubricating grease	100%	none	0	
silicone cmpd, Dc-6	10 tubes	lubricating grease	100%	none	0	
weapon oil arctic	12 qts	lubrication	100%	none	0	
sodium bicarbonate	2 LB	deodorizer	100%	none	0	
talcum powder	1 cup	medical	100%	none	0	
plug valve grease	4 tubes	lubrication	100%	none	0	
plastisol cmpd	7 ctr	sealant for duct	100%	none	0	
aircraft cling cmpd aerosol	48 dozen cn	aircraft parts cleaner	100%	none	0	
aircraft cmpd Clean	2 gal	clean parts	spent remaining	none	0 (1)	
corrosion prev. cmpd Ty2	2 qts	sealer	100%	none	0	
roller bearing grease	5 cans	lubrication	100%	none	0	
gear lube oil	20 qts	lubrication	old recovered	none	1 Dr; 420 lbs (2)	recycle/reuse
scotch kote	3 cans	electrical insulation	100%	none	0	
graphite/colloidal	3 ctrs	unknown	-	none	-	-
cleaner/preserver	19 gal	general purpose	spent remaining	none	0 (1)	
dry clean solvent PD680	2 pts	clean bolts, screw,etc	spent remaining	none	0 (6)	
insulate electric cmpd	none	insulation	100%	2 gallons	0	reuse
catapult hydraulic fluid	3 qts	lubrication	old recovered	none	9 Dr; 3750 lbs (2)	recycle/reuse
ethylene glycol	39 gal	antifreeze	old recovered	none	9 gal (7)	HW; ctr disposal
mineral oil	1 ctr	wood preserver	100%	none	0	
refrig. lube oil	5 gal	lubrication	old recovered	none	1Dr; 420 lbs (2)	recycle/reuse
RCO-2 refrig. lube oil	28 qts	lubrication	old recovered	none	1 Dr; 420 Lbs (2)	recycle/reuse

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL (HM)	HM IN INVENTORY	USE OF HM	% OF MAT'L THAT SHOULD BE USED	HM TURNED IN TO REUTILIZATN	HM TURNED IN TO PW	DISPOSAL METHOD
Rags	several bags	clean up	0%	none	3 bags; 55 lbs (8)	commingled waste
oil filters	unknown	machinery	0%	none	1 bag; 5 lbs	commingled waste
OBAs	unknown	fire fighting	0%	none	1 Dr; 69 lbs	HW; Ctr disposal
epoxy coating	none	coat various surfaces	100%	2 pints	0	reuse
polyurethane coating	none	coat various surfaces	100%	1 pint	0	reuse
gray epoxy coating	none	coat various surfaces	100%	4 gallons	0	reuse
colorfaice grout cmpd E	none	grouting	100%	4 gallons	0	reuse
Aliphatic polyurethane	none	sealer	100%	3 gallons	0	reuse
paint thinner	unknown	clean eqpt	spent remaining	none	0 (9)	

From examining Table 6 and the general process procedures just discussed, several P2 efforts are in effect on the LHA, and several possible P2 opportunities exist for all three ships. Several process modifications can be made, and P2 equipment could be installed based on previous programs discussed as well as from information in the Technologies section that follows. Basically, the waste management practices on the Frigate and Destroyer are poor at best. The LHA is actually ahead of the time line for CHRIMP implementation. The waste generation through improper disposal can be minimized and improvement of overall management of HM can be obtained by implementing HICS to its fullest capacity and making the ships's personnel aware of the centralized tracking system that exists through the HMC. Department specific HM training that covers their HM should also be given. Table 7 of the Regulations section should be consulted for proper HM disposal procedures. The following comments are on specific HM processes shown in Table 6. The numbers correspond to the numbers in parenthesis in Table 6.

(1). The general purpose cleaning compounds are used to clean various types of tools and equipment. Rags and brushes are used, or the item to be cleaned is placed in a container to be cleaned. As a result of the cleaning process, spent cleaning compound has been generated. For the case study, this spent HM has not been collected for turn-in to PW while in port or underway. Appendix B3-C of OPNAVINST 5100.19c must be consulted to determine proper disposal (see Table 7 of Regulations section). Based on interviews, it is believed the material has been placed in the ship's deck drain system, or has been placed in the waste oil storage tank. The deck drain discharges directly to the water, and the holding tank is intended for petroleum-based HM only.

The LHA has substituted Simple Green for the general purpose detergents. It is biodegradable, and is safe to go down the deck drains. The LHA have been using this non-hazardous substitute for one year, and found out about it through the message traffic.

(2). All old lube oils and hydraulic fluids that are recovered through normal maintenance are placed in drums in the oil lab. While in port, the Engineering Dept is turning full drums directly into PW and receiving new empty drums in return. This disposal method is appropriate, but the Engineering Dept has failed to coordinate with the HMC to ensure cradle-to-grave accountability for all HM. The HMC has no 1348s to account for this waste oil. Currently the Frigate is holding all HM on board until it can be disposed of at a shore facility, but they are not realizing that certain items are HM and are placing them in the improper location. The Frigate has used the oil lab containers for other items such as paint thinners, and most Engineering wastes are going to the oily waste holding tank. This may not be acceptable for underway since this includes solvents and other cleaners. And such things as rags are going to the regular trash. Therefore, contents of containers are not well documented when it comes time for disposal. For the LHA, old pump oil is sent to the settling tank where it is purified and cycled back for reuse. Used synthetic oil, transmission fluid, and old hydraulic fluid is turned in to the HMC for storage and disposal. Lube oil and fuel oil are placed in the oily waste holding tank. This may be of concern while underway, because the LHA does not have an OWS, and may not be able to achieve <15ppm when discharging.

(3). There was no official inventory list for the paint stored in the main paint locker or the paint issue locker. There is no aesthetics painting, but whenever a space is deemed requiring of paint it is painted. One hundred percent of the paint should be used if properly stored

between uses. Paint chips and rags are bagged for turn in. Empty metal containers are placed in the metal bin located on the pier while in port. When underway, the personnel poke holes in the empty metal containers and discharge them directly overboard. All empty metal containers are returned to the HMC on the LHA for storage and disposal whether in port or underway. The HMC holds them while underway, and only discharges them over board if there is no more room. Paint rags are held while underway, but once in port (if dry) are placed in the regular trash bins. Painting procedures need to be modified on the LHA. Painting appears to be a way of life on the ship; spending over \$13,000 on paint during just the last trip to Servmart (see Appendix A Servmart shopping list).

(4). Antifreeze is used throughout the ship. Periodic maintenance is conducted every six months on equipment containing antifreeze. Antifreeze recovered from this procedure should be containerized and turned in to PW for proper disposal while in port. Some Ethylene glycol has been turned in, but not enough to balance the material used.

(5). A number of HM has been ordered by the Supply Officer who did not inform the HMC, so the HM can be properly accounted for in the inventory. Glass cleaner is an example of this. Only 1 ctr is known to be in inventory, but a 5 gallon bucket full of 8 oz bottles was found in the paint locker, and another bucket full of cleaner bottles was found stored in the trash room. the HMC said it appears that there is HM floating around the ship that is not documented in the inventory. This is also the case on the other two ships. Tracking of HM fails also when HM is issued by the Supply Dept who also have a key to the flammable locker. The HMC is not informed of whom it was issued to, and if none is returned, that HM is lost from the tracking system. The HMC is the only person at this time trained on how to use HICS. Thus, if he issues

the HM it is logged in, if not then the HM is not logged in and lost from the tracking system.

The Frigate's tracking system is not centralized at this time. Each Department contains their own inventory, and lets the Supply Department know what is needed. There is no control to be able to track their HM. All HM is issued through the central issue room on the LHA, and logged into the computer as previously discussed. This is good for tracking who it is issued to, but does not help if people do not return the HM when finished.

(6). Similar situation to number (1). This HM is identified separately, because it is PD-680. This all purpose cleaner is used most by the engineers to clean everything from bolts and nuts to tools. The spent PD-680 is being placed in the waste oil storage tank. This is not the preferred method, but it is a petroleum-based HM, and by placing it in the waste oil tank it is being containerized. PW drains that tank, and sends it to be recycled. This is not appropriate disposal while underway. This ship does not have a OWS. Soundings are taken and water portion is drained and discharged. PD-680 Type II is only used by the gunners mates on the LHA. They have been using Bio-Tech Hi-Solve as a substitute. It is hazardous, but less hazardous than PD-680 type II or Type III and is said to work well.

(7). Only some spent ethylene glycol has been returned for proper disposal.

(8). Rags are used everywhere, and constantly to perform maintenance, and for clean up. The rags are often saturated when bagged which has caused future clean up necessary. Some Departments have stored their own spent rags, and have directly turned them in to PW, but unfortunately they have also been found in the garbage. All rags should be returned to HMC for accountability.

(9). There is no official inventory of paint thinner. No spent paint thinner has been turned in to the HMC for proper disposal either. Paint thinner has been placed in the deck drain, discharged directly overboard, and placed in the waste oil storage tank, in port and while underway. All three methods are against regulations. Placing paint thinner in waste oil tank can cause it to be "hot" and contaminated waste that must be disposed of as a HW by PW instead of sending it out to be recycled.

(10). There is no account of batteries.

Some additional P2 comments regarding the LHA include the daily use of OBAs. Every day fire drills are run utilizing the OBAs. The HMC receives 5 to 10 OBAs a day for storage and disposal. 29 OBAs were turned in while conducting the inspection. There does not appear the need to actually use the OBAs during each drill; a simulation drill could sometimes be incorporated. This is mentioned, because the OBAs are very expensive for the Base to dispose of. One additional P2 effort is the LHA is substituting Pine Oil with a degreaser called IMPACT. IMPACT does a great job and can be placed down the deck drain. The only drawback is that it is expensive to purchase. In being a large ship, the LHA does not appear to experience the money problems that the smaller ships have. If the HMC is running short, the Supply Officer taps funds from the Department who is actually using the needed HM.

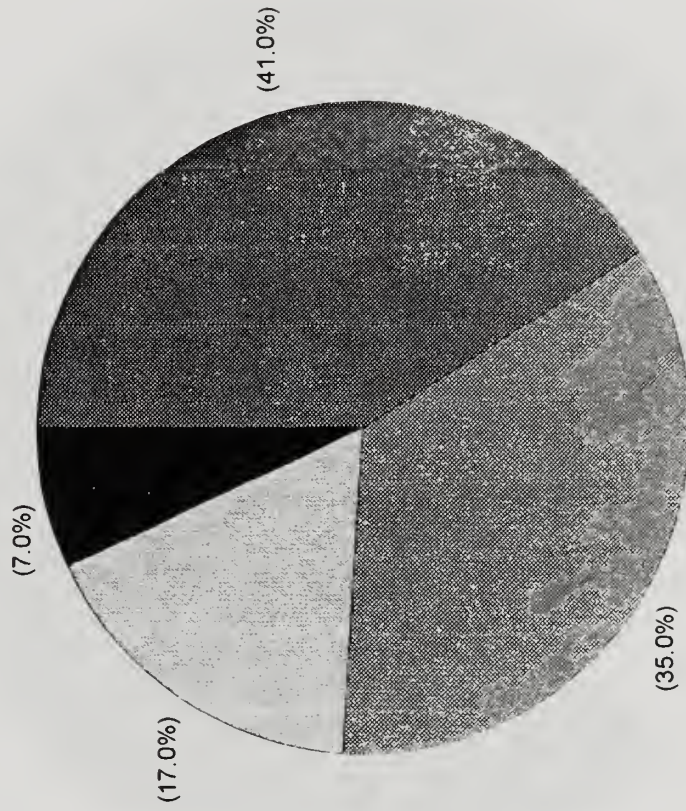
SOLID WASTE

As previously stated, the process of solid waste generation on average generates 3 pounds of solid waste per person per day. Charts 3 and 4 give a breakdown of solid waste generation by weight and volume. The charts read starting at the top, and the area to note is plastics. Though

CHART 3

SOLID WASTE GENERATION

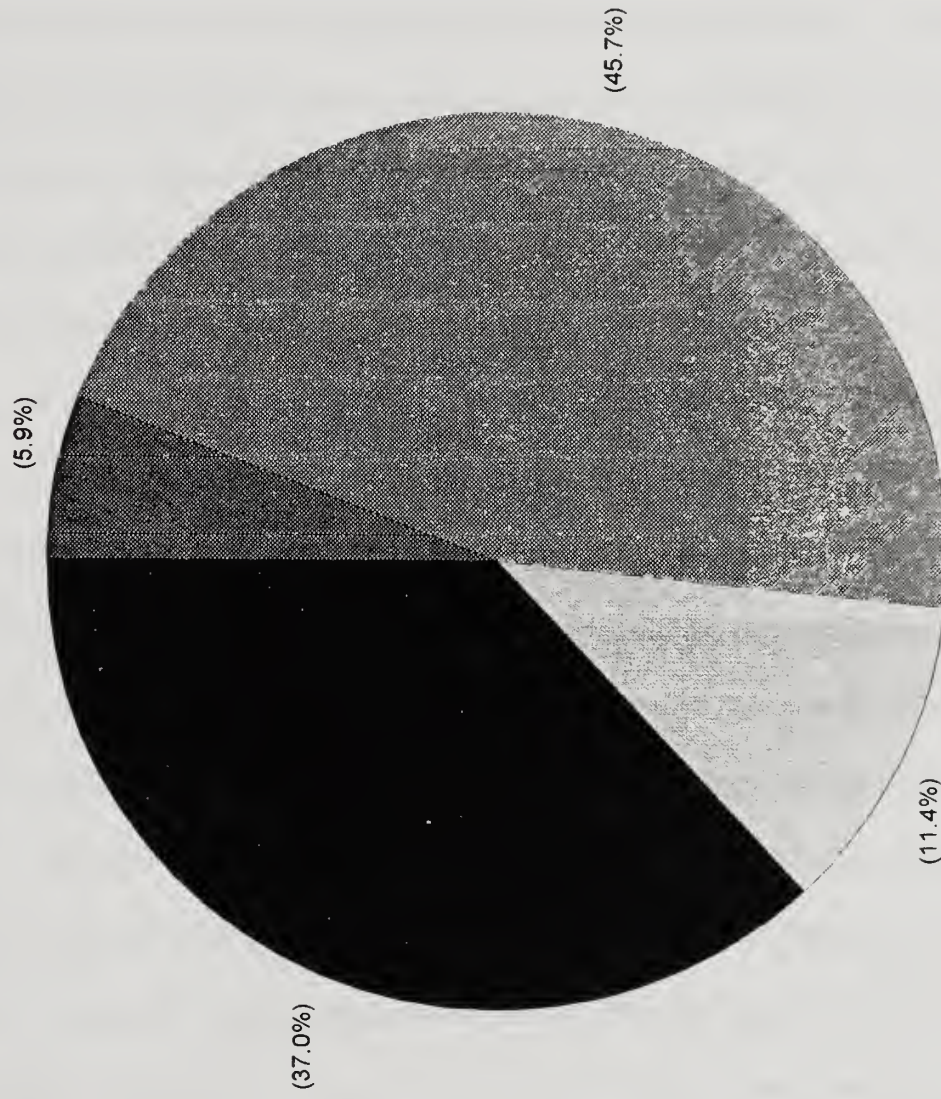
by weight



Food waste paper/cardboard metal/glass plastic

SOLID WASTE GENERATION

by volume



■ other ■ paper/cardboard ■ metal/glass ■ plastic

plastics only account for 7% by weight, they make up 37 % by volume. This is important, because the following Regulations section explains that there is zero discharge of plastics in several areas, and zero discharge deadline by the year 2000. Presently, when solid waste is generated throughout the ship, plastics are separated from non-plastics. The non-plastics include glass which there is little to account for, cardboard, food wastes, metal and paper. The plastics are stored in the trash room until they can be disposed of in port. At the beginning of an underway period the trash rooms are full of supplies (see figure 4). Once these supplies expire while underway, there will be room for the plastics. Until then personnel find creative ways of finding places to hold plastics until they can be disposed of in port. Triwalls made of cardboard is the method used to separate plastics from everything else. To address other solid wastes, food waste is placed in a food grinder which reduces the waste to a slurry and then it is discharged overboard. The ship has no other solid waste processing devices, so all cardboard, glass, paper and metal is collected in trash bags and discharged off the ship during appropriate times and in proper areas. The trash bags themselves are not thrown overboard. There is no aluminum can recycling on board due to lack of space. The LHA has taken their solid waste management one step further. In addition to triwalling plastics, they also keep paper and cardboard until in port. the LHA has 3 food grinders that are used while underway, but food items such as rice, egg shells, and noodles can not be placed in the grinder because they will clog up. These items are also triwalled while underway. They do have a trash compactor, but it is too small to bother using. They also have an incinerator, but have not used it since a detachment of Marines were on board. There is not enough manpower to run it otherwise, and even then it is only used for cardboard. There is no aluminum recycling on board. The LHA has pushed it, but need a

FIGURE 4



TRASH ROOMS

compactor to crush the cans. It is interesting to note that the LHA does have some solid waste processing devices, but can not fully utilize them due to size, configuration, and manpower problems. These problems need to be known by R&D in designing new systems to ensure things such as large enough exiting piping or clean outs for the food grinders. Even though the right thing is being done by holding solid waste, the potential for unsafe living conditions exist. The Navy is installing plastics processors on all ships, but will it solve the problems for the smaller ships is unknown.

DISCHARGES

Oily Wastes are generated from performing various types of maintenance on equipment. The spent lube oil, and hydraulic fluids are collected in 30 gallon containers and are turned in to PW for recycling while in port. Other waste oil that is collected in the waste oil storage tank is pumped to a ships waste offload barge (SWOB). This is transferred to Craney Island for recycling. A SWOB has a 1000ppm halogen level that can be accepted by the contractor. Putting non oil-based items in this would increase the halogens causing it to be considered "hot oil". Regarding the bilge water, only the Frigate has an Oil Water Separator. While in port, the bilge water is pumped to an oil draft raft (ODR), and then the oil which is separated in the ODR is transferred to a SWOB. Blackwater is collected in 2 - 500 gallon Collection, Holding, and Transfer (CHTs) systems and is transferred every couple of hours to a SWOB. Graywater is collected in 4 different CHTs and then is continuously discharged directly to a SWOB. Disposal procedures are quite different once underway for oily waste, blackwater, and graywater, and unfortunately differ from port to port. The following Regulations section discusses proper

procedures for disposal. P2 opportunities include training of personnel to ensure no HM is placed in with the discharges, and the installation of P2 equipment.

The P2 efforts on these ships vary greatly. The size, manpower, and capability of the ship plays a factor, but whether or not the ship's Commanding Officer and crew wants to make strides in pollution prevention is the biggest factor. This is exemplified by the actions of the USS George Washington (CVN-73), and their results are definitely worth discussing. In 1994 this carrier was chosen as a test site for a suite of four new solid waste management systems that were developed by the Carderock division under the direction of NAVSEA 03R/03V, and fabricated by the Machinery Technology Division of Westinghouse Corp. These systems included a small and large pulper for paper and food waste, a solid waste shredder, and a plastics processor. The four systems were installed prior to the ship's 1994 six month deployment to undergo technical and operational evaluation. The plastics processor processes at a rate of 30 pounds per hour producing 20 pound, 20 in diameter stable disks. While at sea, a carrier can generate approximately 1,200 pounds of plastic waste per day. During their deployment, the plastics processor produced 5,000 disks weighing a total of 48,600 pounds. The large pulper grinds mixed paper and food waste into a 1 or 2% seawater slurry for overboard discharge at a rate of 680 pounds per hour. While underway the pulper operated successfully an average of 21 hours per day. The small pulper was also successful in its testing. The solid waste shredder processes metal and glass waste into a sinkable form for overboard discharge. During the deployment, 185,000 pounds were processed, and could be discharged during flight operations. In addition to the engineers and technicians, this pilot study was such a success because of the cooperation of the ship. Personnel were open-minded and had the right attitude towards the

whole study. The USS George Washington's (GW) enthusiasm for preventing pollution did not stop here with solid waste. As a result of hard work from an entrepreneurial, SK1 Sheridan, and the support of his Command, GW has created a program that streamlines HM management that is line with the proposed CHRIMP. GW shows that following established guidelines, good training, and getting into a routine is the key to HM almost taking care of itself. GW established guidelines by identifying all HM used on board, and explicitly defined how each should be used, stored, and disposed of; and put this information together in a compact HICS User's Catalog. The Catalog even has a HICS shopping list included to inform personnel what is available. GW has clearly outlined how spent HM is to be turned-in while in port or underway. This table is included as Appendix C of this project. Information on their discharge management was not available.

REGULATIONS

As with any other corporation or industry that produces waste, there are a large number of federal and state regulations that govern what can and can not be done with respect to the environment. The number of these environmental regulations have increased significantly in recent years, and these regulations are in a continuous state of change. The U. S. Navy is a very unique corporation with special requirements, and therefore has its own set of Policies in addition to other regulations. A number of the federal and state regulations have been modified for forces afloat in the past to accommodate this unique atmosphere. For example, under the Federal Facilities Compliance Act of 1992, Navy ships shall not be subject to the storage, manifest, inspection, or recordkeeping requirements of RCRA until such waste is transferred to a shore facility...Basically, ships do not generate HW just spent HM. The Navy operates in a manner that is compatible with environment, and in order to accomplish the mission element, personnel must be aware of the environmental regulations which have been established by the federal, state, and local governments. The Navy afloat has three main publications that outline everyone's responsibilities with respect to shipboard waste generation, and specific procedures that must be adhered to. The publications incorporate the federal and state regulations that apply.

The first publication is OPNAVINST 5090.1C, Environmental and Natural Resources Program Manual. Chapter 19 outlines responsibilities for environmental compliance afloat, and focuses on the discharge regulations for all wastestreams. OPNAVINST 5100.19C, Navy Occupational Safety and Health (NAVOSH) Program Manual for Forces Afloat covers all safety

disciplines from heat stress to underway replenishment. Chapter B3 outlines the Hazardous Material Control and Management Program, and Chapter C23 covers HM storage, Use, and Disposal Precautions. The last publication is S9086-T8-STM-010 Chapter 593, Pollution Control. This technical manual assists ships by summarizing the Navy pollution abatement program, and includes proposed pollution control equipment.

When waste generation afloat and pollution prevention topics are covered in the regulations, the discussion always covers the eight (8) main wastestreams that are of concern and are defined as follows:

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL (HM): Any material that, because of its quantity, concentration, or physical or chemical characteristics, may pose a substantial hazard to human health or the environment when incorrectly used, purposefully released, or accidentally spilled. HM include flammable, combustible, toxic, corrosive, and oxidizing materials, and aerosol containers, and compressed gases.

OILY WASTE: Petroleum-based fluids like fuels, lubricants, greases, lube oils, and hydraulic fluids mixed with water or other fluids that make the mixture no longer useable as intended.

GRAYWATER: Discarded water from showers, sinks, laundries, gallery and scullery activities, and deck drains.

BLACKWATER: Human body wastes and flushing water from water-closets and urinals.

GARBAGE: All forms of shipboard solid waste, including plastics, food waste, and dry wastes such as paper, cardboard, wood, metal, and glass.

GARBAGE (PLASTICS - FOOD CONTAMINATED)

GARBAGE (PLASTICS - NON-FOOD CONTAMINATED)

MEDICAL WASTE (INFECTIOUS AND SHARPS): Waste that is generated during patient diagnosis, treatment, or immunization.

The main federal regulations that govern these wastestreams are listed below, and the proper disposal procedures are summarized in Tables 7 and 8. Further information on their applicability to ships can be found in the three main Navy publications introduced above:

RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT (RCRA): RCRA basically states that HW generated on vessels shall not be subject to storage, manifest, inspection or record keeping requirements until such waste is transferred ashore.

TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT: Restricts manufacture, use, labeling, and disposal of PCBs, asbestos, and asbestos-containing waste.

CLEAN WATER ACT: Outlines discharge restrictions. Specifics are in table 3. For more information on the problems of the CWA as it applies to the Navy, refer to William and Mary's Environmental Law and Policy Review, Volume 19/Number 1 dated Fall 1994; Regulation of Navy Ship Discharges Under the Clean Water Act by Daniel O'Toole.

THE ACT TO PREVENT POLLUTION FROM SHIPS (APPS): This implements the stringent oil and oily waste discharge requirements of Annex I of MARPOL, and implements MARPOL Annex V which addresses shipboard solid waste discharge at sea.

MARINE PLASTICS POLLUTION RESEARCH & CONTROL ACT: Passed in 1987. This is the U.S. enactment of MARPOL.

CLEAN AIR ACT: Ships must comply with regulations for air emissions.

U.S. PUBLIC VESSEL MEDICAL ANTI-DUMPING ACT: Prohibits public vessel dumping of medical waste into ocean waters during peacetime, except under emergency conditions.

Appendix B3-C
DISPOSAL OF SHIPBOARD HAZARDOUS MATERIAL

TABLE 7

Shipboard Hazardous Material Type	Generation Source	Associated Hazardous Material	Authorized Disposal Methods
Components containing polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs)	Capacitors, coils (usually with radar systems) (listing by NSN of components containing PCBs for each ship has been provided under separate cover)	PCBs	Conteinerize for shore disposal
Chlorinated solvents	Cleaning operations	Perchloroethylene, trichloroethylene, trichloromethane, trichloroethane, freon TM	Conteinerize for shore disposal; keep separate from nonchlorinated solvents
Nonchlorinated solvents	Cleaning operations	Ethyl acetate, acetone, morpholine, methyl ethyl ketone, toluene, xylene, kerosene, Stoddard solvent, petroleum naphtha (petroleum ether)	Conteinerize for shore disposal; keep separate from chlorinated solvent
Wastes from painting, resurfacing operations	Paints, enamels, varnishes, lacquers, paint chips Thinners, strippers	Ethylene glycol, methyl alcohol, ethyl alcohol, butyl alcohol Petroleum distillates with lead/cobalt drier, cadmium, chromium, lead oxide Toluene, xylene, styrene, phenol, methyl isobutyl ketone, cresol, chlorobenzene turpentine	Overboard discharge permitted beyond 12 nmi of shore; in port, conteinerize for offload Conteinerize for shore disposal Conteinerize for shore disposal
Waste oils	Non-PCB containing capacitors, coils Cutting fluids Damping fluids	Mineral, silicone, paraffin based oils Chlorinated and sulfurized mineral oils, MIL-C-47220 Silicone based oils, dimethylpoly- siloxane	Conteinerize for shore disposal Conteinerize for shore disposal Conteinerize for shore disposal
Oilly sludge	Lubricant oils from machinery, turbines, engines, motors Residue from oil/water separators, fuel tanks	Lubricant oils in accordance with MIL-L-9000, MIL-L-15019, MIL-L-17331, and MIL-L-24467 Oil mixed with lead, zinc, chromium, copper, tin residues	Conteinerize for shore disposal Conteinerize for shore disposal

Appendix B3-C
DISPOSAL OF SHIPBOARD HAZARDOUS MATERIAL
(CONTINUED)

Shipboard Hazardous Material Type	Generation Source	Associated Hazardous Material	Authorized Disposal Methods
Oilly solid waste	Contaminated sorbents, oil and fuel filters	Items coated with residual oil	Jettison beyond 50 nmi of shore; discharge material must be negatively buoyant; containerize for shore disposal if within 50 nmi of shore
Greases	Machine maintenance, motors, roller bearings	Greases such as: MIL-G-18458, MIL-G-18709, MIL-G-21164, MIL-G-24139, MIL-L-15719, DOD-G-24508	Containerize for shore disposal
Non-oily lubricants	Machine maintenance, motors, roller bearings	Lead oleate, dry lube, antiseize, molybdenum, graphite	Containerize for shore disposal
Water with corrosion inhibitors	Diesel generator cooling water, closed loop cooling water, locked-in ballast, fuel ballast	Ethylene glycol, sodium silicate	Overboard discharge permitted beyond 12 nmi, of shore; within 12 nmi, containerize for shore disposal. Containerize excess stock treatment chemicals for shore disposal
Synthetic hydraulic fluids	Aircraft elevators, weapons handling systems, some ballast valve operating systems and replenishment at sea (RAS) systems	Sodium chromate, solution mixed with residual fuel or soluble oil	Overboard discharge permitted beyond 50 nmi of shore; within 50 nmi, containerize for shore disposal. Containerize excess stock treatment chemicals for shore disposal.
		MIL-H-19457 fluids (cellulose, FYRQUEL, Houghton-safe 1000 series); WARNING: Contains a neurotoxin (tri-ortho-cresyl-phosphate); wear protective clothing during handling. Warning does not apply to MIL-H-19457C fluids.	Hold for shore disposal; keep separate from petroleum hydraulic fluids
	Catspult retracting engines, jet blast deflectors, weapons elevators	MIL-H-22072 fluids (Houghton-safe); WARNING: Contains suspected cancer causing agents (nitrosamines); wear protective clothing during handling. Warning does not apply to MIL-H-22072C fluids.	Hold for shore disposal; keep separate from petroleum hydraulic fluids
	Missile holddown and lockout systems	MIL-S-81087 fluid contains chlorinated phenyl methyl polysiloxane	Hold for shore disposal; keep separate from petroleum

Appendix B3-C
DISPOSAL OF SHIPBOARD HAZARDOUS MATERIAL
(CONTINUED)

Shipboard Hazardous Material Type	Generation Source	Associated Hazardous Material	Authorized Disposal Methods
Propellants	Torpedo overhaul	OTTO fuel II, substituted hydrazine	Containerize for shore disposal
Petroleum hydraulic fluids	Machinery, heavy lifts elevators, trucks	Fluids in accordance with MIL-H-17672, MIL-H-17331, MIL-P-17111, MIL-H-5606	Hold for shore disposal; keep separate from synthetic hydraulic fluids
Spent acid	Cleaning	Acetic acid, citric acid, hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, sulfamic acid	Carefully neutralize with a weak base, dilute and flush overboard using large amounts of water
Spent alkali	Cleaning, deoxidizing	Sodium hydroxide, potassium hydroxide	Carefully neutralize with a weak acid, dilute and flush overboard using large amounts of water
Metal plating, electro- plating solutions	Metal plating, electroplating operations, etching, activating operations	Acetic acid, formic acid, hydrochloric acid, sulfuric acid, nitric acid, fluoroboric acid and phosphoric acid contaminated with lead, zinc, chromium, copper, and brass	Containerize for shore disposal
Firefighting materials	Firefighting, testing of fire- fighting equipment	Sodium hydroxide contaminated with lead, zinc, chromium, copper, and brass Sodium cyanide contaminated with lead, zinc, chromium, copper, and brass	Containerize for shore disposal Containerize for shore disposal; keep separate from other plating solutions
Boiler end boiler water wastes	Boiler blowdown, continuous boiler water treatment tank	Protein foam, AFFF (perfluorocarbon compounds mixed with polyoxyethylene compound) Trisodium phosphate, disodium phosphate, hydrazine, morpholine, sodium nitrate, EDTA	Overboard discharge permitted beyond 12 nm of shore, preferable while ship is underway; in port and within 3 nm of shore, discharge to tank, barge or truck; between 3 to 12 nm overboard discharge per- mitted with minimum 10-knot speed Overboard discharge of blowdown effluents permitted, inside 12 nm, continuous boiler water treatment tank contents must be disposed of ashore; containerize excess stock boiler water treatment chemicals for shore disposal

*Contact local Public Works Center/Public Works Department for authorized procedures.

Appendix B3-C
DISPOSAL OF SHIPBOARD HAZARDOUS MATERIAL
(CONTINUED)

Shipboard Hazardous Material Type	Generation Source	Associated Hazardous Material	Authorized Disposal Methods
Boiler and boiler water wastes (continued)	Boiler water test chemicals	Nitric acid, EDTA, mercuric nitrate, potassium chloride, phenolphthalein	Containerize excess reagents, and samples containing mercuric compounds for shore disposal; if available, process mercuric samples through an exchange cartridge; overboard discharge of cartridge effluent permitted; containerize exhausted cartridge for shore disposal
	Boiler waterside cleaning solutions	EDTA, citric acid	Overboard discharge permitted beyond 50 nmi of shore, in port, offloaded to donut, tank, barge, or truck*
	Acid cleaning solutions	Hydrochloric acid, sulfamic acid	In port, offloaded to tank, barge, or truck*
	Passivator solutions	Sodium nitrate, potassium nitrate	In port, offloaded to tank, barge, or truck*
	Boilout solutions	Trisodium phosphate, sodium metasilicate	In port, offloaded to tank, barge, or truck*
	Feedwater demineralizer	Ion exchange resin with adsorbed metal ions	Containerize for shore disposal as plastics solid waste
Distilling plant cleaning wastes	On-line distilling plant chemical cleaning	Citric acid, trisodium phosphate	Overboard discharge permitted beyond 50 nmi of shore; in port, NOT USED IN PORT
Lead-acid batteries	Propulsion systems auxiliary lighting, communication and power systems	Lead, lead sulfate, lead dioxide, antimony, sulfuric acid electrolyte	Containerize for shore disposal; dp n/y empty electrolyte from battery
Alkaline batteries: Nickel-cadmium Silver-zinc Nickel-iron Silver-cadmium Nickel-zinc	Auxiliary power systems, power supply for portable equipment	Nickel, silver, zinc, cadmium, potassium hydroxide electrolyte	Containerize for shore disposal; do not empty electrolyte from battery

*Contact local Public Works Center/Public Works Department for authorized procedures.

Appendix B3-C
DISPOSAL OF SHIPBOARD HAZARDOUS MATERIAL
(CONTINUED)

Shipboard Hazardous Material Type	Generation Source	Associated Hazardous Material	Authorized Disposal Methods
Dry cell batteries: Leclanche cells Mercury cells Low-temperature cells	Power supply for portable equipment	Manganese dioxide, mercuric oxide, zinc	Containerize for shore disposal
Lithium batteries	Power supply for portable equipment	Lithium, acetonitrile	Jettison in deep water (over 100 fathoms) beyond 50 nmi; in port, containerize for shore disposal (R)
Battery water purification canister	Cation exchanger, mixed bed exchanger	Ion exchange resin with adsorbed metal ions	Containerize for shore disposal
Used/over-age OBA canisters	Damage control operations	Potassium superoxide, sodium chlorate	Jettison beyond 25 nmi of shore; preferably while underway; con- tainerize for shore disposal if within 25 nmi of shore; contact with oil, grease, or water during storage is prohibited. Follow guidelines within NSTM chapter 079, Vol 2, Practical Damage Control
Medical and dental lab chemicals and materials	Dental amalgam used as filling material, thermometers, mercury from broken thermometers	Silver, silver nitrate, mercuric nitrate, mercury	Containerize for shore disposal
Materials containing asbestos	Antiseptics, disinfectants	Isopropyl alcohol, hydrogen peroxide	Overboard discharge permitted beyond 12 nmi of shore; in port, containerize for shore disposal (R)
Materials containing man-made vitreous fibers	Thermal insulation, pipe lagging, flooring tile, safety curtains	Asbestos	Properly wet to prevent creating airborne particles of dust, then containerize for shore disposal (R)
Fluorescent light bulbs, other light bulbs containing mercury	Thermal insulation, pipe lagging	Man-made vitreous fibers (MMVF)	Properly wet to prevent creating airborne particles of dust, then containerize for shore disposal
Insecticides, pesticides	Normal shipboard operations	Mercury	Retain for shore disposal
	Pest control operations	Diazinon, Baygon, Dyrathrin, Resmethrin, Dursban, Melathion	Containerize for shore disposal

Appendix B3-C
DISPOSAL OF SHIPBOARD HAZARDOUS MATERIAL
(CONTINUED)

Shipboard Hazardous Material Type	Generation Source	Associated Hazardous Material	Authorized Disposal Methods
Bleedle VANTOCIL IN®	Water from the MK 41 Vertical Launch deluge system	polyhexamethylene biguanide hydrochloride sodium hypochlorite	Overboard discharge permitted beyond 25 nmi of shore; in port and within 12 nmi, containerize for shore disposal.
Color film processing waste	Continuous processor effluent, small quantities of processing liquids	Hydroquinone, sodium thiosulfate	Overboard discharge permitted beyond 12 nmi of shore; in port and within 12 nmi, containerize for shore disposal; do not discharge to CBT tank
	Excess film, batch quantities of developer, fixer and intensifier solutions	Hydroquinone, sodium thiosulfate, cellulose acetate	Containerize for shore disposal
Black and white, X-ray film processing waste	Continuous processor effluent, stop bath, photo-flo, detergents and hardener solutions	Acetic acid, potassium chrome alum, sulfuric acid	Overboard discharge permitted beyond 12 nmi of shore; within 12 nmi, containerize if facilities are available; in port, if ship has CBT system, discharge to CBT tank
	Excess film, batch quantities of developer and intensifier solution	Hydroquinone, ethanolamine, diethylene glycol, cellulose acetate	Containerize for shore disposal
	Fixer solutions	Sodium thiosulfate, silver, halides	Containerize for shore disposal; if available, process fixer through silver recovery unit; overboard discharge of unit effluent permitted beyond 12 nmi of shore; in port, containerize unit effluent for offload
Contaminated sorbents; unrecoverable personal protective clothing; unpurged EM containers	Normal ship operations, spill response operations	EM that must be containerized for shore disposal (find specific contain- ment in this appendix to learn if containerization is required)	EM - submarines; Containerize fixer solutions for shore disposal at all times
		EM that may be discharged overboard (find specific contaminant in this appendix to learn if overboard discharge is required)	Containerize for shore disposal
			Jettison beyond 25 nmi of shore; discharged material must be negatively buoyant; containerize if within 25 miles of land

(R)

SUMMARY OF NAVY POLLUTION CONTROL DISCHARGE RESTRICTIONS (Continued)
(Effective Until 31 December 1998)

AREA	GARBAGE (NON-PLASTICS)	GARBAGE (PLASTICS) (NON-FOOD CONTAMINATED)	GARBAGE (PLASTICS) (FOOD-CONTAMINATED)
U.S. Internal Waters & Territorial Seas (0-3 nm)	No discharge.	No discharge.	No discharge.
U.S. Contiguous Zone (3-25 nm)	Pulped or comminuted garbage may be discharged. Submarines see note (4)	No discharge.	No discharge.
> 25 nm	Direct discharge permitted.	No discharge.	No discharge.
> 50 nm & High Seas	Direct discharge permitted.	Retain last 20 days before return to port. Discharge if necessary.	Retain last 3 days before return to port. Discharge if necessary.
MARPOL "Special Areas" In Effect	Discharge food waste > 12 nm. Minimize all other garbage discharge es. When necessary, discharge all other garbage > 25 nm. Report all non-food garbage dis- charges to CNO (N45) upon com- pletion of operations.	Retain last 20 days before return to port. Discharge if necessary > 50 nm. Report all discharges to CNO (N45) upon completion of opera- tions.	Retain last 3 days before return to port. Discharge if necessary > 50 nm. Report all discharges to CNO (N45) upon completion of operations.
Foreign Countries	Discharge food waste > 12 nm from foreign coasts. Discharge all other garbage > 25 nm.	No discharge.	No discharge
Comments	Garbage discharged should be pro- cessed to eliminate floating marine debris. Retain surplus material for shore disposal.	Record-keeping requirements exist for at-sea discharge. When plastics pro- cessor installed: No discharge.	Record-keeping requirements exist for at-sea discharge. When plastics pro- cessor installed: No discharge.

Notes:

- (4) Submarines may discharge compacted, sinkable garbage between 12 nm and 25 nm, provided that the depth of the water is greater than 1,000 fathoms.

U.S. Internal Waters & Territorial Seas (0-3 nm)	No discharge.	Steam sterilize, store, and transfer ashore. No discharges.
U.S. Contiguous Zone (3-12 nm)	No discharge.	Steam sterilize, store, and transfer ashore. No discharges.
12-25 nm	No discharge.	Steam sterilize, store, and transfer ashore. No discharges.
> 25 nm	No discharge.	Steam sterilize, store, and transfer ashore. No discharges.
> 50 nm & High Seas	No discharge. > 200 nm: See OPNAVINST 5100.19C, Appendix B3-C, for HM discharge guidance.	If health and safety are threatened, steam sterilize waste, package and weight for negative buoyancy, log, and discharge. No discharge of sharps permitted.
MARPOL "Special Areas" In Effect	No discharge	Steam sterilize, store, and transfer ashore. No discharges. If > 50 nm and health and safety are threatened, steam sterilize waste, package and weight for negative buoyancy, log, and discharge. No discharge of sharps permitted.
Foreign Countries	No discharge	The packaging, handling, storage, transport, treatment, and disposal of infectious waste shall be as prescribed by applicable visit clearance, SOPA regulations, and port guides
Comments		Dispose of all sharps ashore. Do not incinerate plastic, wet materials. Steam sterilization requirement not applicable to submarines. Other non-infectious waste may be disposed of as garbage and does not require steam sterilization.

U.S. Contiguous Zone (0-3 nm)	Direct discharge permitted.	Direct discharge permitted.	No sheen. If equipped with OCM, discharge <15 ppm oil. (1)
U.S. Contiguous Zone (3-12 nm)	Direct discharge permitted.	Direct discharge permitted.	No sheen. If equipped with OCM, discharge <15 ppm oil. (1)
12-25 nm	Direct discharge permitted.	Direct discharge permitted.	If equipped with OCM, discharge <15 ppm oil. Ships with OWS but no OCM must process all machinery space bilge water through OWS. (2) (3)
> 25 nm	Direct discharge permitted.	Direct discharge permitted.	Same as 12-25 nm. (2) (3)
> 50 nm & High Seas	Direct discharge permitted.	Direct discharge permitted.	Same as 12-25 nm. (2) (3)
MARPOL "Special Areas" In Effect	Direct discharge permitted.	Direct discharge permitted.	Refrain from discharging any oil or oily waste to the extent practicable without endangering ship or impairing operations. Otherwise, same as 12-25 nm. (2) (3)
Foreign Countries	Within foreign territorial seas (12 nm), see Visit Clearance or SOFA (as delineated in the Port Guide or LOGREQ reply). If sufficient guidance not available, no discharges within 3 nm when sewage reception facilities available. If not feasible, follow standards observed by host nation warships.	Within foreign territorial seas (12 nm), see Visit Clearance or SOFA (as delineated in the Port Guide or LOGREQ reply). If sufficient guidance not available, follow guidance above. If not feasible, follow standards observed by host nation warships.	Within foreign territorial seas (12 nm), see Visit Clearance or SOFA (as delineated in the Port Guide or LOGREQ reply). If sufficient guidance not available, follow standards observed by host nation warships. (3)
Comments	Direct discharge allowed within 3 nm under emergency conditions.		State/local rules may vary; check SOPA regulations. Submarines: Direct oily waste to WOCT; when full and >50 nm, pump off bottom water phase.

Notes:

- OWS - Oil-Water Separator
- OCM - Oil Content Monitor
- WOCT - Waste Oil Collecting Tank
- SOPA - Senior Officer Present Afloat

(1) If operating properly, OWS discharge will routinely be less than 15 ppm.

but retain oily waste for shore disposal. If operating conditions require at-sea

permitted beyond 50 nm from nearest land.

IM and operating conditions prevent achieving less than 15 ppm, limit discharges to

ORGANIZATION AND TRAINING

The OPNAVINST 5100.19C outlines the HM Control & Management program for ships from the Commanding Officer down to all crew personnel. Responsibilities of Department heads, Division Officers, and the HMC is included. On board most ships, the Supply Officer is responsible for HM control and management. This makes sense, because he is responsible for the ordering of all stores and supplies. A HMC is assigned under the Supply Officer, and additional petty officers may be assigned to assist as necessary. In the case study, the HMC on the Destroyer was an OS1 who took over the job in Oct 1994 from the previous HMC, but did not receive any official training until Jun 1995. He attended the HM Control and Management course, see appendix D for course outline. Now the OS1 is aware of the "cradle-to-grave" responsibilities of managing HM. The OS1 is trained to use the basics of the HICS system, but no one else on board is. This is a collateral duty for the OS1. He has the boatswain mates that assist him with the paint lockers, but that is the extent of the HM organization on board the ship. The organization on board the Frigate is less organized, and there is only a slightly larger organization on the LHA despite the fact that there are over three times as many people on board. The HM Officer is the Material Division Officer. The HMC is an AO1 who actually runs the program on a day-to-day basis with 7 petty officers assisting him. The AO1 took over the position in November 1993. He did not have the official training, nor did the ship even have a HM program at this time. HMC is a full time job for the AO1, but the petty officers rotate out every six months or so. New personnel coming in to help with the program receive detailed OJT (on-the-job-training) from learning HICS to understanding the publications. Training for

all personnel includes safety standdowns twice a year. HM training is also part of PQS for Maintenance Man qualifications. This portion of their PQS must be signed off prior to handling HM. Every ship stated, though, that there was not enough specific training for all crew personnel, and that there should be an environmental rating established for the HMC position. As with most HM training, it appears to be too general. Individualized Department training is required to inform each department on how to use, store, and dispose of their specific HM. This is evident by problems with poor housekeeping habits, and personnel coming to HMC to check out HM for use, but come unprepared. They have been told by a supervisor to go get the HM, but the individual fails to get the proper protective clothing first. There is a lack of true understanding of the hazardous potential of these materials. Lack of training is also clear by the improper disposal procedures that have been followed. There also appears to be a lack of concern by several personnel in key positions on the ship. As previously stated, there is not enough emphasis being put on the HM program to make it an everyday way of life.

Implementation of HICS and eventually CHRIMP will resolve a number of management issues, but does not cover good training that is necessary to make pollution prevention an everyday way of life. The HM Control & Management course is a very good training course, and should be attended by several personnel from the Engineering Department, Supply Department, and Operations Department instead of just the HMC. This awareness through training can help guide the rest of the ship. Be aware that support and commitment from the top down is still necessary for a successful program.

TECHNOLOGY

Federal, state, and international regulations with respect to waste management on board ships have increased restrictions dramatically over the past decade. These restrictions have ended routine overboard disposal of waste generated by Navy ships. Because of this and Navy's environmental responsibilities as a whole, numerous programs as discussed earlier have been developed. These programs, especially the R&D, have major research, development, test, and evaluation efforts underway to develop suitable shipboard waste processing systems. The waste streams being evaluated include oily wastes, non-oily wastewater, hazardous materials, and solid wastes.

The international community under MARPOL continues to designate special environmentally sensitive waters where overboard disposal of wastes is prohibited. This requires the Navy to find acceptable disposal locations, off-load in domestic waters, or off load at overseas ports. This results in increased storage of wastes on board ships and increased costs to dispose of them. Storage space on ships is limited to begin with, and storing large quantities of waste on ships creates a safety and health risk to the crew as well as reduces the crew's morale. Solid waste can be found lining ship passage ways, and in crew lounges designated for recreation and relaxing. These issues make the need for onboard waste processing systems even more critical.

In addition to space constraints and safety and health issues, other factors that enter into the equation in developing waste processing systems include its size and weight, its reliability and maintainability, sturdy structure to withstand shipboard movements, heat generation during operation, complexity to operate, electromagnetic compatibility with other shipboard equipment,

noise restrictions, potential shore-side support for offloading processed wastes, the ultimate disposal of the end products, and definitely not least is the cost of acquisition, operation, and maintenance. In developing "greener" equipment that keep the above factors in mind, it must also be remembered that it can take up to 20 years to design a ship platform for a ship that may be in operation for up towards 40 years; while regulations and federal laws change on a yearly basis. As can be seen, meeting the unique military requirements and constraints imposed by physical and operational responsibilities of a warship, the Navy is faced with the challenge of designing new ships that will accommodate the environmental needs of the future, and developing systems that can be installed in today's ships. The long term goal is to develop shipboard environmental protection systems that will enable the ship to function in an environmentally acceptable manner with minimal shoreside support. An environmentally sound ship. On the short end, the goal is to reduce waste generation by better management, HM substitution, and retrofitting of ships with technology that is available today.

The following discusses technologies that are currently being studied for shipboard use. These systems are at different stages of the testing and evaluation of the development cycle, and several items are already successfully in use on board specific ships. As previously discussed, typical shipboard wastes include oily bilge and ballast water; blackwater from water-closets and urinals; graywater from laundries, scullery, lavatory, and showers; hazardous materials; solid wastes including food waste, paper, metal, glass, and plastics; and medical wastes. As with different wastes, there is different meanings when it comes to new technologies. For hazardous materials, new technology means HM minimization. This include reduction of HM use at the source by developing new cleaning compounds, solvents, lubricants, and adhesives that are

"greener", or deleting the HM from the maintenance process altogether. Where these technologies are not affective, methods of recycling and disposal are being sought in line with P2 policy.

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL MINIMIZATION

PD-680 Type II. PD-680 is a petroleum based dry cleaning and degreasing solvent used extensively on board ships. Over 5900 Maintenance Requirement Cards (MRC) require it for planned maintenance, corrective maintenance, incidental clean up, and facility maintenance. This adds up to over 80,000 gallons purchased per year. The main concern with this solvent is that it contains hazardous constituents and VOCs, and is therefore on EPA's list of hazardous chemicals. Use of this solvent requires ships to dedicate space for flammable liquid storage lockers for storage, and spent solvent must be stored until it can be off-loaded. A multi-disciplinary task force was created to identify and evaluate alternative materials and process changes for PD-680 Type II. Depending on the MRC process, a number of options have been established. They include no cleaner use to perform some maintenance (rag or brush is sufficient), use a mild aqueous or semi-aqueous cleaning agent instead, use PD-680 type III, or just replace the part. Presently, the main recommendation is for all ships to use Type III whenever possible to minimize Type II use. PD-680 Type III has an increased flashpoint, lower aromatic content, and lower vapor pressure that will reduce hazards to the personnel and to the environment. These efforts are progressing well. Coordination among several activities and groups also working on solvent substitution efforts is needed before any official guidance is put out on implementation of recommendations from the task force.

OIL/WATER SEPARATORS (OWS)

When fuels, lubricants, greases, oils, and hydraulic fluids mix with water in the bilge, an oily waste results. Typical concentrations of petroleum hydrocarbons in bilge water rarely exceeds 1000 to 2000 ppm; while regulations limit discharges to <15 ppm. The Navy has developed 10 gpm gravity, parallel-plate, OWS for bilge water treatment. The Navy model 10N and 10NP OWSs are installed on over 60% of the Navy ships. In addition, oil content monitors (OCM) are being installed to measure OWS effluent oil concentrations, and recycle the effluent if the monitor detects concentrations above the preset discharge limits. A future concern for oily waste is regulations may require the removal of trace contaminants from the effluent of OWSs. Though the Navy has not detected any trace contaminants from the bilge waste that could be classified as hazardous, technology for secondary bilge waste treatment is being evaluated. Current leading technologies include **ultrafiltration**, **electrocoagulation**, and **biological treatment**. Ultrafiltration is a promising technology in prototype stages that couples a membrane system to the 10NP OWS. It has demonstrated it is capable of separating water from emulsified oil and detergents, leaving effluent concentrations below 1 ppm.

WASTEWATER MINIMIZATION AND TREATMENT

Non-oily wastewater includes blackwater and graywater. Non-oily wastewater is held onboard in collection, holding, and transfer (CHT) systems when ships are in transit, and is transferred to shore-side facilities for treatment when in port. Ships are allowed to discharge blackwater as permitted when beyond 3nm (see Regulation section), and graywater when in transit. The Navy is seeking technologies to minimize the volume of wastewater generated and

develop effective methods to treat the wastewater which remains. One example is a **vacuum CHT system** which generates only 10 percent of the blackwater of a traditional gravity-flush system. A computer program to design piping systems has been developed to broaden the application of vacuum CHT systems to new ship classes. **Low water use appliances** are also being evaluated for laundry and dishwashing. **Low-flow showers** are already in the fleet and do reduce the volume of wastewater dramatically. On the treatment end of this wastewater, technologies under consideration include **vapor compression distillation, ultrafiltration, and supercritical water oxidation**. Other areas are being considered to improve the existing CHT system. The failure-prone vacuum pumps are being replaced with sewage powered eductors, and installation of glass-reinforced plastic piping to last under the highly corrosive sewage CHT system environment, and improved vacuum flush water-closets and vacuum-gauge isolators have been developed.

PLASTICS WASTE PROCESSORS

Presently, a Navy ship generates 3 lbs of solid waste per person each day. Seven (7) percent of this is plastic. 01 Jan 1994 marked the regulatory deadline for the total ban of overboard disposal of plastics waste at sea. The Navy's policy to reduce plastics discharge at sea was to separate and store non-food contaminated plastics for the last 20 days prior to pulling into port, and the last 3 days if food contaminated. This 20/3 rule reduced plastics waste discharge by 70%. In dealing with the storage problems, the Navy developed **plastic waste processors** that sanitize and compact unsorted plastic wastes into stabilized blocks for storage. Waste volume reduction of 30 to 1 has been achieved. Plastic waste is first shredded by a solid waste

shredder and then placed in a compress melt unit (CMU). The CMU heats and compresses the plastic while excess liquid is evaporated. The result is a 20 inch diameter disk that weighs approximately 20 pounds. this is at a processing rate of 30 pounds per hour. A feasibility study is being conducted on the ability to recycle post-consumer shipboard plastic waste once off-loaded by shore-side facilities. Minimization of plastic packaging, and substitution of some non-plastic items has contributed to the reduction of plastics waste.

FOOD WASTE DISPOSERS

Navy models 3, 3S, and 5 **food waste disposers** have been installed in the fleet to help deal with the solid waste management problems. The American Delphi 75AD food waste disposal system is a self-contained and manually operated for size reduction of soft food wastes only. The waste is discharged in a waterborne slurry at a water rate of approximately 2.5 gal/min.

VERTICAL TRASH COMPACTORS

The **vertical trash compactor** is designed to compact non-food containing shipboard solid waste, including bottles, metal cans, cardboard, and paper into slugs suitable for storage until they can be transferred ashore for disposal or discharge. Other trash compactors developed include the Automated power systems model 4630 Trash Compactor. This is a horizontally configured trash compactor with a compaction chamber that produces slugs of trash 14 inches in diameter by using a ram face pressure of approximately 300 psi. This compactor is powered by a remote electrohydraulic unit. Auto-pak VC-W16H Trash Compactor is a vertically configured

trash compactor with height, width, and depth dimensions of 72x36x19 inches. It has a compaction container capacity of 2.5 ft^3 . This model's hexagonal ram develops ram face compaction pressures of approximately 64 psi.

SOLID WASTE PULPER

The **solid waste pulper** has been designed to safely reduce shipboard galley wastes, paper wastes, cardboard and classified documents into a neutrally or negatively buoyant biodegradable homogenous slurry for environmentally acceptable discharge overboard. The pulper will process 500 lbs/hour. SOMAT Solid Waste Pulper (SWP). this system processes paper, cardboard, galley waste, and classified documents at rates of 500-1000 lb/hr. It produces a slurry that can be discharged at 3 nm from shore versus 25 nm for unpulped solid waste. The discharge of slurry can continue during flight operations. The SWP separates incidental non-pulpables. The unit features automatic control and a simplified interface for the operator. Combinations of pulpers and shredders do exist. The pulper installed on the USS George Washington was for mixed paper and food waste generating a 1 to 2% seawater slurry for overboard discharge at a rate of 680 pounds per hour. Their shredder was specifically for metal and glass that was processed into a sinkable form.

INCINERATORS

COPPUS SK25M3 INCINERATOR is a marine incinerator designed for on-board incineration of a ship's waste oils and solid refuse. The incinerator is capable of burning classified materials, Type II, and Type III waste. the heat values are 7500, 4300, and 2500 Btu/lb, respectively. the

incinerator is equipped with a water-cooled, revolving feed-in hatch or sluice which will permit safe operation by eliminating the possibility of "flare-back" or "backfire". The high temperature in the combustion chamber of 2200 to 2700 degrees F will allow smokeless and complete incineration. the combustion chamber is equipped with a specially constructed "tyro-flame" burner which is a low pressure "oil sludge" burner which also burns all grades of fuel oil. Though incinerators exist on several ships, and operate successfully, they are not considered environmentally "green" by the public because of the air emissions. They are being replaced by technologies such as the pulpers and shredders.

SOURCE MINIMIZATION

Source minimization is the primary focus of the Navy's **hazardous waste management**. The Navy is actively pursuing the elimination of non-essential hazardous materials and replacing them with non-hazardous substitutes. This has been successful in the area of lubricants, greases, and solvents. **Ion-exchange cartridges** have been introduced to minimize waste by treating mercuric chloride waste produced during the analysis of boiler water and feedwater. The ion-exchange cartridge removes the mercury from the waste and produces an effluent suitable for overboard discharge at sea. It reduces the volume of mercury contaminated water by 1700 to 1. The mercury concentrated in the cartridges is reclaimed by a recycler, making disposal of the cartridge easier.

CFC ALTERNATIVES

Presently, there are no technologies in place as substitution for the 3 types of CFCs currently used by the Navy; CFC-11, CFC-12, and CFC-114. There are over 3,000 shipboard air-conditioning and refrigeration plants that use these CFCs. In developing alternatives, they are finding the next best chemical tend to be the HCFCs which are to be banned in the next 20-40 years. The Navy, as a result, is trying to find a suitable replacement that will be acceptable for the life expectancies of ships currently being designed. In the mean time, technologies to eliminate atmospheric releases of CFC refrigerants and recycle them for reuse are being developed such as the Antifreeze Recycler. Portable recycling units have been used on shore for the last 4 or 5 years successfully, but they need to be modified to stand up to strenuous conditions of a ship. the basic unit removes all dissolved solids from the used antifreeze, and the old coolant is returned to pure ethylene glycol and deionized water. Additives are used to restore antifreeze to proper pH levels.

Another area for the Navy is the industry-standard Halons used for firefighting, and Halon 1301 for fire protection systems. The Navy's goal is to find Halon replacements, but for now is developing recovery/recycling technologies to conserve existing inventories and drastically reduce unintentional emissions of the chemicals.

The items discussed above are really just an interim measure until the Navy can develop a complete system to handle shipboard waste. Items like the shredder and pulpers are efficient waste processing devices, but they still produce a discharge. The Navy needs to be able to operate ships anywhere in the world without environmental constraints, but Congress directed in the Defense Authorization Act of 1994 (PL 103160) that the Navy fully comply with Annex V of

the MARPOL by 2000 for surface ships. As previously stated, annex V directs that no discharge of solid waste will be made into waters of the nine special areas. Combatant ships were not designed to be able to store solid waste for an extended period of time, and extensive studies of commercially available waste processing technologies show that size, weight, and cost of installation on combatants is too great. The Navy is developing a unique application of plasma arc pyrolysis that appears to be the only practical approach for resolving shipboard waste depending on who you talk to. Plasma arc pyrolysis technology provides a cost effective means for safe thermal destruction of solid and concentrated liquid shipboard waste.

The intent is to provide a centralized waste processing system on board a Combat Logistics Force (CLF) ship. The Navy combatants will transfer their waste to a CLF during underway replenishment while in a special area, and use the pulpers and shredders when outside the MARPOL areas. Plasma arc technology appears to be the most promising solution, because of its potential for greater reliability, higher temperatures, better temperature control, and greater capacity relative to standard incinerators. The pyrolysis process is described as an irreversible chemical change in the waste brought about by the effect of heat in an atmosphere devoid of oxygen. The products of this chemical reaction can be solid, liquid, or gas. In plasma arc pyrolysis, an electric arc generating a high-energy plasma is used to decompose the waste. The temperature of the plasma when it contacts the waste is about 21,000 to 27,000 degrees F. As the plasma decays, it transfers its energy to the waste which is instantly atomized into its elemental constituents. These atoms then recombine into simple molecules that can be readily oxidized in a secondary burner or chamber. Inorganic residue that is not converted to a gas is collected as a molten pool in the bottom of the reaction chamber and is tapped off as necessary.

The process maximizes volume reduction of wastes up to 95% with only 5% of inorganic slag accumulation. Figure 5 outlines the shipboard integrated pollution abatement concept. Funding has been set aside through FY99 for the development and fabrication of a full-scale plasma arc system that will demonstrate destruction of waste while meeting all air emission regulations.

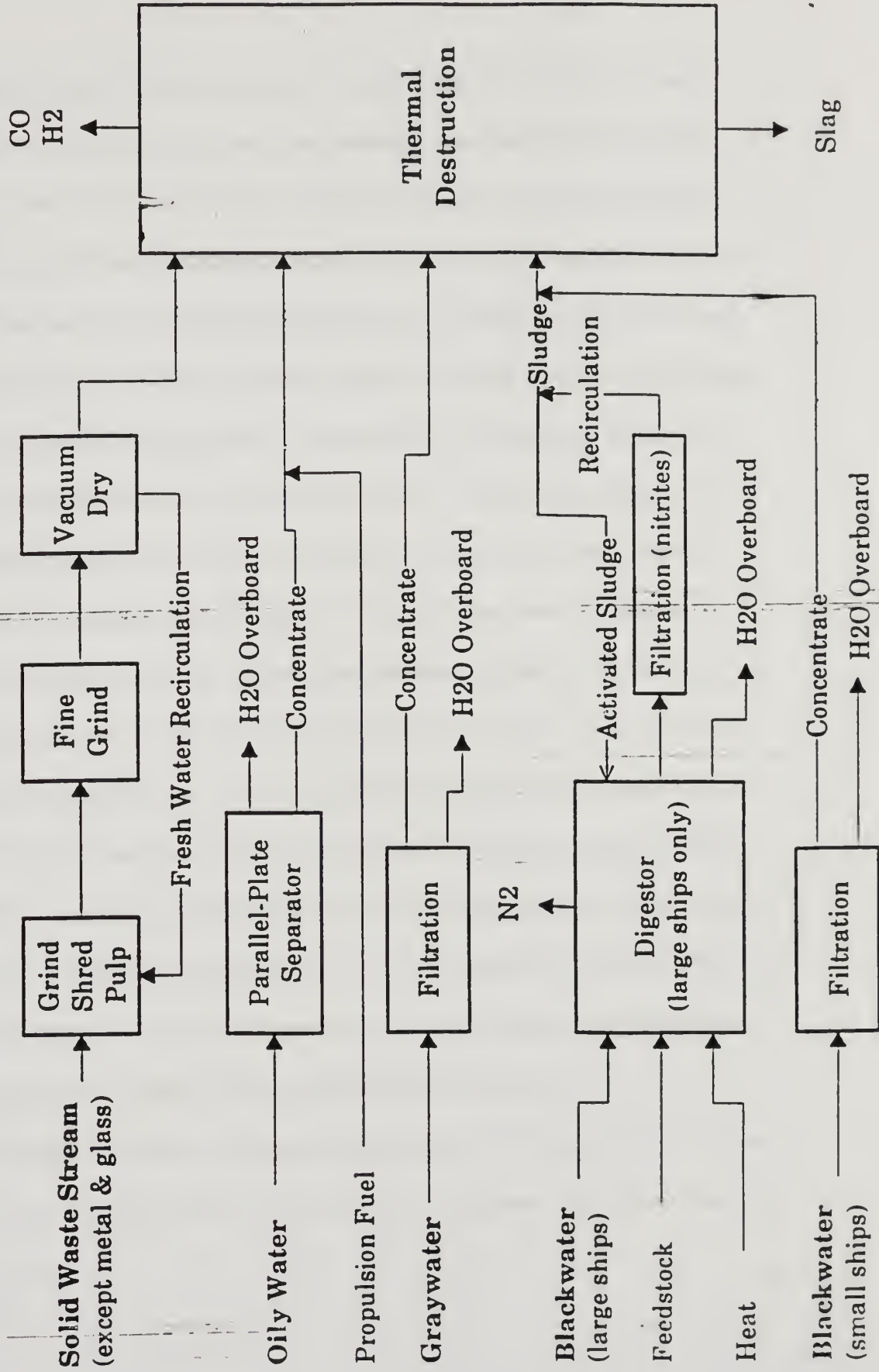
Expected date for incorporation into the Navy is targeted for FY00-FY03 for prototype on board a CLF and FY06-FY10 for installation into the fleet. The Navy will utilize other technology in the interim to ensure compliance by 2000. This technology is very important. It will give the Navy access to all navigable waters of the world with a high degree of shore independence. The tethered logistics support of a shore-based infrastructure for waste disposal is not an option.

Besides the benefits of independence, it can be seen that such technology would improve stealth characteristics, sanitation, personnel hygiene, safety, and cost savings would be realized. For more specifics on this technology and program development, the OPNAV N452 Program Sponsor can be contacted. Note that even though this technology appears promising, it and other programs like it may not survive upcoming budgets.

FIGURE 5

SHIPBOARD INTEGRATED POLLUTION ABATEMENT CONCEPT

National Academy of Sciences / Naval Studies Board



CONCLUSIONS

Some conclusions drawn from the programs, case study, and technologies are quite simple and clear. The Navy must take action to find solutions to environmental issues by the regulatory deadlines. But is this clear? What if during their Report to Congress, the Navy is given an extension to the solid waste prohibition deadline, or they modify the standard to be less stringent? The point is there are no simple or convincingly clear solutions to any of the Navy's pollution prevention problems. Even the barrage of problems that have paraded over the pages of this project time and time again are not clear. At one point, the P2 problems appear severe, and then you look at another ship that has it under control and is actually making headway with P2 efforts. The complexity of problems that exist change with the size and type of a ship. A small ship such as a Frigate does not have the space for the plastic processors, shredders, pulpers, etc...or the manpower to operate, and maintain additional equipment. But because they are small, the volume of waste generated is minimal compared to a Carrier. The Carrier has room for the additional equipment, but even with the processing equipment the amount of by-products being produced that must be transferred is enormous. What is the overall solution to the discharges issue? Is an integrated system that will process all discharge type wastes the path to take? Is reinventing the ship design the answer? The Navy's approach to right sizing the Navy is consolidation. So why put individual systems on all these ships; dedicate a support ship just to waste management that would be part of a carrier battle group or smaller force.

From analyzing the case study and the problems that exist for the ships, there are various worthy programs that are working towards a comprehensive P2 program. For the near future, the

P2 Afloat program is closest to incorporating all areas of shipboard waste management. The implementation of HICS and eventually CHRIMP on board ships will reduce the use of HM. Add the HM substitutions, process modifications, and P2 equipment being developed by the P2 Afloat program to this, and ships should experience significant decreases in their HM, solid waste, and discharges. From the management practices witnessed in the case study, CHRIMP/HICS will make a big impact in reducing wastes, but it will be awareness, training, and leadership from the top down that will make this a successful program.

In trying to summarize the Navy's P2 efforts and the problems it faces, a listing of problems in a somewhat prioritized form follows; some problems are the view of higher management and others are from the working level:

1. The regulatory requirements change faster than the Navy can respond, but it will be the regulations that drive the funding for projects.
2. Not enough funding to do it all; R&D, studies, task forces, equipment, etc..So even if a number of technologies are found to work successfully, the program supporters who lobby and obtain the backing will get the funding to implement their program.
3. There is no clear guidance and support from the top down. Numerous programs are going on simultaneously, making it very difficult to stay informed. At this time, even though everyone is aware of P2 issues, there is still not enough emphasis to push it to the point that it becomes an everyday way of life for the ships.
4. The lack of commitment by everyone. Just like TQL; all or nothing.
5. Missions are being impacted because of regulations, and ships are underway for longer periods of time when they are out.

6. The lack of training and awareness makes it difficult to manage wastes.
7. There is not enough space, especially on the small ships for P2 equipment.
8. The safety, health, and morale of personnel is at risk due to the pollution.
9. Current Technologies are hard to adapt for ships, and not all do a good job.
10. Not enough manpower to operate and maintain additional equipment.
11. No standardization of disposal procedures from port to port.

The list goes on depending on your point of view. Even with all these problems, the forces afloat are currently in compliance with present regulations (except HM management problems). And with the help of the P2 Afloat Program and the design programs for future ships, the Navy is making headway towards reaching compliance with future regulations.

One thing is for certain. For the near term until the Navy does develop a comprehensive P2 program, P2 efforts will be most successful on ships that seriously want to participate in the P2 program; who take the initiative and develop some type of control and management that works for them, and gets involved at the TYCOM level to obtain existing P2 funds and support from the CINCs. They will need to find inexpensive and easy to implement changes until major changes are mandated Navywide, and must make P2 efforts part of their everyday lives on board the ship.

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APPENDIX A

Part Number	COG Mat'l Stock Number	Momenclature	Military Specification	Qty On Hand	Low Limit	High Limit	U/I	U/I PRICE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
— 2327	5970-00-233-6239	INSULATE ELECTRIC COMPOUN	30648	0	4	7		0.00
✓ 1620	5970-00-962-3335	SCOTCH KOTE		3	5	9	CH	4.00
✓ 2416	6505-00-133-6000	MINERAL OIL		0	2	4		0.00
—	6505-00-753-4773	DEODORIZER		0	2	5		0.00
— 0367	6505-00-994-7224	T-SCRUB IODINE		0	4	6		0.00
— 0698	6505-55-261-7256	ALCONOL, ISOPROYL	37443	0	2	4		0.00
— 0006	6810-00-184-4796	ACETONE		0	1	2		0.00
— 3744	6810-00-241-1203	CUPRIC SULATE	265	0	2	5	LB	0.00
✓ 1297	6810-00-264-6618	SODIUM BICARBONATE	576	0	3	5	LB	0.00
— 0256	6810-00-281-2014	CITRIC ACID MONO	2658	0	3	5		0.00
✓ 0038	6810-00-543-7415	ALCONOL, DENATURED	760	0	5	10	GAL	0.00
✓ 0887	6810-00-597-3608	METNAMOL	0-M-2326	0	4	8	GL	0.00
✓ 3533	6810-00-687-8429	METHYL KEYTONE TECH	740-84	0	3	6		0.00
—	6830-LL-M23-7533	PROPANE, CYLINDERS		4	5	8		0.00
✓ 1580	9G 6850-00-005-5305	AIRCRAFT CLEANING COMP AE	MIL-C-43616C	2	21	6	DZ	48.00
—	~~6850-00-066-2333~~	CORROSION PREVENTION CMPD	14098	0	1	1		0.00
— 2283	9G 6850-00-110-4498	DRY CLEANING SOLVENT TYPE	PD680	0	5	10	PT	1.50
✓ 3867	6850-00-148-7161	AVIONICS CLEANER		0	4	8	CH	0.00
✓	6850-00-181-7594	CLEANING, CMPD ENGINE	857048	2	5	9	GAL	0.00
— 3638	6850-00-188-9875	CLEANER, OPTIC LENS	43454	0	3	6	BT	0.00
— 0282	6850-00-224-6657	RIFLE CLEANING COMPOUND	372	0	5	10		0.00
✓ 0280	6850-00-392-9751	CLEANING COMPOUND	43454	0	1	1		0.00
✓ 1761	6850-00-405-9385	FREEZING COMPOUND		0	3	5		0.00
— 1255	6850-00-664-4959	SILICONE COMPOUND	21567	0	4	5	GAL	14.00
— 1258	6850-00-702-4297	SILICONE COMPOUND	21567	0	4	9	TU	4.00
✓ 1259	6850-00-880-7616	SILICONE COMPOUND	8660 DC-6	2	4	9	TU	4.00
— 1254	6850-00-963-5402	SILICONE COMPOUND	21567	0	6	9	TU	4.00
✓ 0284	6850-00-965-2359	CLEANING COMPOUND	22230	0	1	1		0.00
— 0979	6850-00-973-9091	PENETRATING FLUID	216	0	4	7	CH	3.00
✓ 1580	6850-01-045-7929	CLEAN, AIRCRAFT COMPOUND	43616	2	5	8	GAL	32.00
✓ 0697	6850-01-277-0595	COMPOUND, CLEANING	134 HI-SOLV	0	4	6	GAL	0.00
— 3570	7930-01-323-2005	MAX AIRCRAFT	1600	0	3	6		0.00
— 1591	8030-00-081-9022	SEALING COMPOUND	22473-B	0	3	5		0.00
✓ 0054	8030-00-087-8630	ANTISIEZE, Moly B	83483	0	3	9		0.00
✓ 1227	8030-00-209-8005	SEALING COMPOUND	S1732	0	5	10	PT	3.00
✓ 0318	9G 8030-00-244-1297	CORROSION PREVENTION COMP	MIL-C-16173D	2	4	8	GL	12.40
✓ 1232	8030-00-252-3391	SEALING COMPOUND	45180	0	6	9	TU	4.00
~~0312~~	~~8030-00-272-5830~~	CORROSION PREVENTION	18487	1	2	4	GL	25.00
✓ 0312	8030-00-272-8530	CORROSION PREVENTION CMPD	18487	0	2	4		0.00
✓ 0059	8030-00-286-5453	ANTISIEZE, COMPOUND	9070/E	0	2	5		0.00
— 0055	8030-00-292-1102	ANTISIEZE, COMPOUND	22361	0	8	20		0.00
— 1234	8030-00-656-1426	SEALING COMPOUND	45180 TY3	0	5	9	PT	5.00
— 0331	8030-00-823-8039	CORROSION, RESISTANT	81706	0	1	1		0.00
—	8030-00-965-2004	SEALING COMPOUND	8802F	0	4	6		0.00
✓ 1561	8030-01-041-1609	PLASTISOL COMPOUND	20689-D	0	2	5		0.00
✓ 0058	8030-01-044-5034	ANTISIEZE, COMPOUND	55448	0	3	5		0.00
— 0041	8030-01-163-3483	SEALING, COMPOUND		0	2	3		0.00
— 0062	8030-01-275-5050	ANTISEIZE DOW		0	4	8		0.00
✓ 0030	8040-00-144-9774	RTV/GRY	46146	0	5	7		0.00
✓ 0030	8040-00-145-0020	RTV/GRA	46146	0	5	7		0.00

HAZARDOUS INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM
Re-Order List

Page: 2

ber	COG	Mat'l Stock Number	Nomenclature	Military Specification	Qty On Hand	Low Limit	High Limit	U/I	PRICE
9Q	8040-00-262-9031	ADHESIVE RUBBER BASE GEN	MMM-A-16178		1	2	8	QT	5.50
	8040-00-515-2246	ADHESIVE, POLYCHLORO	55408		0	2	3		0.00
	8040-00-664-4318	RUBBER CEMENT	1617-A		0	1	2	PT	0.00
	8040-00-843-0802	RTV/RED	461068		0	5	7		0.00
	8040-00-865-8991	RTV/BLK	461068		0	5	7		0.00
	8040-01-023-4173	ADHESIVE, SCOTCHGRIP			3	5	8		0.00
	9150-00-141-6770	GREASE, BEARING AND ROLLE	25013		0	2	5		0.00
	9150-00-145-0268	GREASE, AIRCRAFT	81322		0	3	6		0.00
	9150-00-223-4116	OIL, LUBE GEAR	6086		0	3	5		0.00
	9150-00-223-4134	FLUID, HYDRALIC	5606 RED		0	2	4		0.00
	9150-00-231-6689	LUBE OIL	800C		1	3	5	QT	3.00
	9150-00-231-9045	OIL, LUBE	820		0	2	3		0.00
	9150-00-240-2235	LUBE OIL. GEAR	6086		1	2	4	PT	0.00
	9150-00-250-0933	PETROLATUM TECH	236A		0	4	7	GAL	5.00
	9150-00-261-7899	PENETRATING OIL	2394		0	4	7	PT	5.00
	9150-00-261-8317	FLUID, HYDRALIC	17111		0	3	6		0.00
	9150-00-263-3490	OIL, LUBE	0823		0	2	3		0.00
	9150-00-265-9417	LUBE OIL, GEAR	60860		2	3	5	GAL	0.00
	9150-00-269-8255	GREASE, AIRCRAFT	4343-C		0	3	5		0.00
	9150-00-271-8427	OIL, LUBE	3150		0	2	3		0.00
	9150-00-292-9697	LUBE OIL, REFRIG	825A		5	6	12	GL	4.00
	9150-00-419-0628	GREASE, A/C RADAR 1	2995088		0	2	5		0.00
	9150-00-448-5009	LUBE OIL, INSTRUMENT	7470		0	3	7		3.00
	9150-00-530-6814	GREASE, WIRE ROPE	18458		1	3	2		58.00
	9150-00-543-7220	LUBE OIL, MOLY BEN	25681		3	5	7	CM	9.00
	9150-00-598-2911	LUBE OIL, REFRIG RCO-2	825-A		28	40	48	QT	0.00
	9150-00-663-1770	GREASE, GENERAL PURPOSE	630AA		0	3	5		0.00
	9150-00-753-4799	HYDRALIC FLUID PETRO INHI	17672		0	2	8	GL	13.77
	9150-00-823-7860	SILICONE LUBE COMPOUND	7237		0	3	5	CM	0.00
9G	9150-00-935-5851	AIRCRAFT GREASE	MIL-G-81322D		7	20	70	CM	75.00
	9150-00-965-2003	GREASE, MOLY B	21164		0	3	5		0.00
	9150-00-985-7237	FLUID, HYDRALIC	2075		0	3	7		0.00
	9150-00-985-7247	GREASE, AIRCRAFT	23827		0	3	5		0.00
	9150-01-035-5392	LUBE OIL, GEAR	2105		19	20	36	QT	2.11
	9150-01-035-5393	LUBE OIL, GEAR	60 80/90		0	5	8	GAL	30.00
	9150-01-053-6688	CLEANER/LUBE/PRESERVER	636400		19	20	0	GAL	0.00
9G	9150-01-080-5961	HYDRAULIC FLUID CATAPULT	MIL-H-22072C		3	5	10	QT	4.00
	9150-01-231-8732	LUBE, OIL	77988		0	3	6	GL	0.00
	9150-01-256-6433	HYDRALIC FLUID, CHERRY			2	8	16	GAL	0.00
	9150-01-318-6008	LUBE OIL, TWO CYCLE ENINE			8	12	24	QT	3.32
	9160-00-685-0913	INSULATE, OIL ELECTRIC	3487-82A		0	2	3		0.00

HAZARDOUS INVENTORY- CONTROL SYSTEM
Master List - Part Number Sequence , All Items

H F R	Part Number	Mat'l Stock Number			Nomenclature			Military Spec.	Price	Qty	V/P	U/I
Location	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks		Per I/S	On Hand		
6	0	1	1	0.00	0.00	0	LAPPING CMPD & GRINDING		0.00	1	0	
4	0	1	2	0.00	0.00	0	INSULATING COMPOUND, ELECTRIC 30648		0.00	1	0	CN
	0	2	5	0.00	0.00	0	DEODORIZER		0.00	0	0	
	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	METHANOL		0.00	0	0	
	0	5	8	0.00	0.00	0	PROPANE, CYLINDERS		0.00	4	0	
	0	1	1	0.00	0.00	0	CORROSION PREVENTION CMPD 14098		0.00	0	0	
35	0	5	9	0.00	0.00	0	CLEANING, CMPD ENGINE 857048		0.00	8	0	GAL
	0	1	3	0.00	0.00	0	CLEANING COMPOUND, CONTACT		0.00	1	0	
4	0	1	8	0.00	0.00	0	LEAK DETECTION COMPOUND 25567		0.00	7	0	BT
FF	0	1	2	0.00	0.00	0	SILICONE COMPOUND 471138		0.00	1	0	TU
7	1	1	1	0.00	0.00	0	SEALING COMPOUND, JOINT THREAD 15204D		0.00	2	0	CN
5	0	1	1	0.00	0.00	0	CORROSION RESISTANT CMPD		0.00	1	0	
2	0	1	3	0.00	0.00	0	SEALING COMPOUND 8802F		0.00	1	0	
5	0	1	9	0.00	0.00	0	SEALING COMPOUND 5		0.00	9	0	CN
A	44	0	0	2.00 LB	0.96 QT	0	ADHESIVE MIL-A-24179		9.00	44	0	PT
	0	5	8	0.00	0.00	0	ADHESIVE, SCOTCHGRIP		0.00	3	0	

HAZARDOUS INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM
Master List - Part Number Sequence , All Items

Page: 2

Part Number		Mat'l Stock Number				Nomenclature		Military Spec.		Price	Qty	V/P	U/I
C/A Qty		Low	High	Weight	I/S	Volume	I/S	VOC	Remarks	Per I/S	On Hand		
0	3	5	0.00			0.00	0			60860	0.00	2	0 GAL
0	2	5	0.00			0.00	0			2995088	0.00	0	0
0	1	1	0.00			0.00	0			21146D	0.00	1	0
0	8	16	0.00			0.00	0				0.00	2	0 GAL
0006	0	1	2	0.00		0.00	0				0.00	3	0
0019	0	8	20	1.00 LB		0.48 QT	0			MIL-A-3316	5.00	20	0 QT
0029	0	5	12	1.00		1.00	0			46106B	5.00	12	0 TU
0029	0	5	7	0.00		0.00	0			46106B	0.00	0	0
0029	0	5	7	0.00		0.00	0			46106B	0.00	0	0
0030	0	5	7	0.00		0.00	0			46146	0.00	0	0
0030	0	5	7	0.00		0.00	0			46146	0.00	0	0
0033	1	2	8	2.00 LB		0.96 QT	0			MMM-A-1617B	5.50	1	0 QT
0038	10	15	30	2.00 LB		0.96 QT	0			0-E-760	22.00	30	0 CM
0038	0	5	10	0.00		0.00	0			760	0.00	0	0 GAL
0041	0	2	3	0.00		0.00	0				0.00	0	0
0042	0	2	3	0.00		0.00	0			5540B	0.00	0	0

H	F	R	Part Number	Mat'l Stock Number			Nomenclature			Military Spec.	Price	Qty	V/P	U/I
Location	C/A	Qty	Low	High	Weight	I/S	Volume	I/S	VOC	Remarks	Per I/S	On Hand		
		0053		6850-00-181-7933			ANTIFREEZE			46153	30.00	11	0	GL
		6	4	9	0.00		0.00	0						
		0054		8030-00-087-8630			ANTISIEZE, HOLY B			83483	0.00	7	0	
2		0	3	9	0.00		0.00	0						
		0055		8030-00-292-1102			ANTISIEZE, COMPOUND			22361	0.00	0	0	
		0	8	20	0.00		0.00	0						
		0058		8030-01-044-5034			ANTISIEZE, COMPOUND			55448	0.00	0	0	
		0	3	5	0.00		0.00	0						
		0059		8030-00-286-5453			ANTISIEZE, COMPOUND			9070/E	0.00	0	0	
		0	2	5	0.00		0.00	0						
		0062		8030-01-275-5050			ANTISEIZE DOM				0.00	0	0	
		0	4	8	0.00		0.00	0						
		0080		9150-01-318-6008			LUBE OIL, TWO CYCLE ENINE				3.32	33	0	QT
		0	12	24	1.00		1.00	0						
		0106		6810-00-297-9540			WATER, BATTERY			841	0.00	0	0	
		0	0	0	0.00		0.00	0						
		0256		6810-00-281-2014			CITRIC ACID MONO			2658	0.00	0	0	
		0	3	5	0.00		0.00	0						
		0280		6850-00-392-9751			CLEANING COMPOUND			43454	0.00	0	0	
		0	1	1	0.00		0.00	0						
		0282		6850-00-224-6657			RIFLE CLEANING COMPOUND			372	0.00	0	0	
		0	5	10	0.00		0.00	0						
		0284		6850-00-965-2359			CLEANING COMPOUND			22230	0.00	0	0	
		0	1	1	0.00		0.00	0						
		0312		8030-00-272-5830			CORROSION PREVENTION			18487	3.00	1	0	GL
		0	2	4	1.00	1	1.00	0						
		0312		8030-00-272-8530			CORROSION PREVENTION CMPD			18487	0.00	0	0	
		0	2	4	0.00		0.00	0						
		0318		8030-00-244-1297			CORROSION PREVENTION COMP SOL			MIL-C-161730	3.10	8	0	GL
A		0	4	8	1.00	LB	0.48 QT	0						
		0322		8030-00-938-1947			CORROSION PREV. COMP SPRAY			MIL-C-81309	5.00	120	0	CH
A		25	30	130	1.00	LB	0.48 QT	0						

HAZARDOUS INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM

Page: 4

Master List - Part Number Sequence , All Items

Part Number	Nat'l Stock Number		Momenclature		Military Spec.	Price Qty		V/P	U/I
						Per I/S	On Hand		
C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks			
0331	0	1	3	0.00	0.00	0	81706	0.00	3 0
0349	5	1	5	0.00	0.00	0	VVC846	25.06	5 0 CH
0349	5	1	5	0.00	0.00	0	VVC846	12.58	5 0 GL
0367	0	4	6	0.00	0.00	0	T-SCRUB IODINE	0.00	0 0
0516	0	0	1	0.00	0.00	0	40A TY1	0.00	1 0
0542	0	3	6	0.00	0.00	0	81322	0.00	0 0
0542	40	20	70	0.00 LB	0.00 QT	0	MIL-G-81322D	0.00	2 0 GL
0546	0	3	5	0.00	0.00	0	4343-C	0.00	0 0
0549	0	3	5	0.00	0.00	0	23827	0.00	0 0
0556	0	2	5	0.00	0.00	0	25013	0.00	0 0
0563	5	3	8	0.00	0.00	0	24139	4.87	3 0 QT
0565	0	3	6	0.00	0.00	0	23549	0.00	5 0 GL
0575	0	3	5	0.00	0.00	0	21164	0.00	0 0
0585	0	3	2	0.00	0.00	0	18458	5.00	1 0
0661	0	2	4	0.00	0.00	0	5606 RED	0.00	0 0
0670	0	3	6	0.00	0.00	0	17111	0.00	0 0

H	F	R	Part Number	Mat'l Stock Number		Nomenclature			Military Spec.	Price	Qty	Per I/S	On Hand	V/P	U/I
Location	C/A	Qty	Low	High	Weight	I/S	Volume	I/S	VOC	Remarks					
		0691			9160-00-685-0913		INSULATE, OIL ELECTRIC		3487-82A		0.00	0	0		
		0	2	3	0.00		0.00	0							
34 35		0697			6850-01-277-0595		COMPOUND, CLEANING		134 HI-SOLV		0.00	5	0	GAL	
		0	4	6	0.00		0.00	0							
		0698			6505-55-261-7256		ALCOHOL, ISOPROYL		37443		0.00	0	0		
		0	2	4	0.00		0.00	0							
		0701			6810-00-753-4993		ALCOHOL, ISOPROPYL		735		1.83	10	0	CN	
		10	4	15	0.00		0.00	0							
		0779			9150-00-753-4799		HYDRALIC FLUID PETRO INHIB		17672		0.00	0	0	GL	
		6	2	8	0.00		0.00	0							
		0781			9150-00-985-7099		LUBE OIL, AIRCRAFT TURBOSHAFT		23699		3.60	708	0	QT	
		0	44	300	0.00		0.00	0							
		0801			9150-00-223-4116		OIL, LUBE GEAR		6086		0.00	0	0		
		0	3	5	0.00		0.00	0							
32		0808			9150-00-240-2235		LUBE OIL. GEAR		6086		0.00	1	0	PT	
		0	2	4	0.00		0.00	0							
		0817			9150-00-231-9045		OIL, LUBE		820		0.00	0	0		
		0	2	3	0.00		0.00	0							
		0819			9150-00-263-3490		OIL, LUBE		0823		0.00	0	0		
		0	2	3	0.00		0.00	0							
		0823			9150-00-271-8427		OIL, LUBE		3150		0.00	0	0		
		0	2	3	0.00		0.00	0							
32		0824			9150-00-985-7231		HYDRALIC FLUID		17672D 2075		0.00	2	0	QT	
		0	2	5	0.00		0.00	0							
8		0824			9150-00-985-7232		HYDRALIC FLUID		MIL-H-17672D		19.25	20	0	CN	
		10	10	20	5.00 LB		2.40 QT	0							
33		0828			9150-00-985-7234		FLUID, HYDRALIC		2110		0.00	6	0	GAL	
		0	4	10	0.00		0.00	0							
		0828			9150-00-985-7237		FLUID, HYDRALIC		2075		0.00	0	0		
		0	3	7	0.00		0.00	0							
32		0831			9150-00-231-6689		LUBE OIL		800C		3.00	1	0	QT	
		0	3	5	1.00		1.00	0							

HAZARDOUS INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM
Master List - Part Number Sequence , All Items

R on	Part Number		Mat'l Stock Number				Nomenclature			Military Spec.		Price	Qty	V/P	U/I
	C/A	Qty	Low	High	Weight	I/S	Volume	I/S	VOC	Remarks	Per	I/S	On Hand		
0839															
	0		4	8	1.00		1.00		0		6085	3.00	10	0	QT
0841															
	0		5	7	1.00		1.00		0		25681	9.00	3	0	CH
0848															
	0		3	6	0.00		0.00		0		17331	6.00	42	0	GAL
0887															
	0		4	8	0.00		0.00		0		0-M-2326	0.00	0	0	GL
0905															
	0		1	2	0.00		0.00		0			0.00	1	0	GAL
0979															
	0		4	7	1.00	1	1.00		0		216	3.00	0	0	CH
0980															
	0		4	7	1.00	1	1.00	1	0		2394	5.00	0	0	PT
0982															
	0		4	7	1.00		1.00		0		236A	1.75	0	0	GAL
1012															
	0		3	7	0.00		0.00		0		7470	0.00	0	0	
1106															
	0		3	6	0.00		0.00		0		77988	0.00	0	0	GL
1227															
	0		5	10	1.00	1	1.00		0		S1732	3.00	0	0	PT
1232															
	0		6	9	1.00		1.00		0		45180	4.00	0	0	TU
1234															
	0		2	2	1.00		1.00		0		45180 TY3	5.00	2	0	PT
1254															
	0		6	9	1.00		1.00		0		21567	4.00	0	0	TU
1255															
	0		4	5	1.00	1	1.00		0		21567	3.50	0	0	GAL
1257															
	0		4	7	1.00		1.00		0		DC-7	4.00	4	0	TU

H F R	Part Number	Mat'l Stock Number			Nomenclature		Military Spec.	Price	Qty	V/P	U/I
Location	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks	Per I/S	On Hand		
	1258		6850-00-702-4297		SILICONE COMPOUND		21567	4.00	0	0	TU
	0	4	9	1.00	1.00	0					
	1259		6850-00-880-7616		SILICONE COMPOUND		8660 DC-6	4.00	10	0	TU
	0	4	9	1.00	1.00	0					
	1280		9150-00-292-9689		WEAPON OIL ARCTIC		MIL-L-14107C	2.00	12	0	QT
	4	4	12	0.00	0.00	0					
	1297		6810-00-264-6618		SODIUM BICARBONATE		576	0.00	2	0	LB
	0	3	5	0.00	0.00	0					
	1348		8510-00-817-0295		TALCUM POWDER			1.25	1	0	CUP
	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0					
	1550		9150-00-961-8995		GREASE, PLUG VAVLE		27617	0.00	4	0	TU
	0	4	9	0.00	0.00	0					
2	1561		8030-01-041-1609		PLASTISOL COMPOUND		20689-D	0.00	7	0	
	0	2	7	0.00	0.00	0					
C	1580		6850-00-005-5305		AIRCRAFT CLEANING COMP AEROSOL MIL-C-43616C			4.00	48	0	DZ
	24	24	48	1.00 LB	0.48 QT	0					
	1580		6850-01-045-7929		CLEAN, AIRCRAFT COMPOUND		43616	32.00	2	0	GAL
	0	5	8	1.00 1	1.00	0					
5	1589		8030-12-041-1596		CORROSION, PREVENT COMPOUND		85054 TY2	0.00	2	0	QT
	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0					
	1590		8030-00-081-2338		SEALANT		22473-E	0.00	0	0	TU
	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0					
6	1591		8030-00-081-9022		SEALING COMPOUND		22473-B	0.00	4	0	
	0	4	4	0.00	0.00	0					
HH	1596		9150-01-117-2928		GREASE ROLLER BEARING		DOD-G-24508A	19.00	5	0	CN
	6	2	6	4.00 LB	1.92 QT	0					
32	1598		9150-01-035-5392		LUBE OIL, GEAR		2105	2.11	20	0	QT
	10	20	36	0.00	0.00	0					
	1598		9150-01-035-5393		LUBE OIL, GEAR		60 80/90	6.00	7	0	GAL
	0	5	8	0.00	0.00	0					
	1620		5970-00-962-3335		SCOTCH KOTE			4.00	3	0	CN
	0	5	9	0.00	0.00	0					

HAZARDOUS INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM
Master List - Part Number Sequence , All Items

Part Number	Mat'l Stock Number	Nomenclature	Military Spec.	Price Per I/S	Qty On Hand	V/P	U/I
C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks	
1749	9150-00-823-7860	SILICONE LUBE COMPOUND	7237	0.00	0	0	CH
0	3	5	0.00	0.00	0		
1761	6850-00-405-9385	FREEZING COMPOUND		0.00	0	0	
0	3	5	0.00	0.00	0		
1816	6850-00-368-5233	CORROSION INHIBIT	22110	0.00	0	0	
0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0		
1877	9150-00-283-0662	GRAPHITE/COLLOIDIAL	24131	0.00	3	0	
0	1	3	0.00	0.00	0		
2057	9150-01-053-6688	CLEANER/LUBE/PRESERVER	636400	0.00	19	0	GAL
10	20	0	0.00	0.00	0		
2266	9150-00-663-1770	GREASE, GENERAL PURPOSE	630AA	0.00	0	0	
0	3	5	0.00	0.00	0		
2283	6850-00-110-4498	DRY CLEANING SOLVENT TYPE II	PD680	1.50	0	0	PT
0	5	10	2.00 LB	0.96 QT	0		
2283	6850-00-274-5421	DRY CLEAN SOLVENT	PD 680	0.00	2	0	
0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0		
2294	8040-00-664-4318	RUBBER CEMENT	1617-A	0.00	0	0	PT
0	1	2	0.00	0.00	0		
2327	3439-00-069-5815	FLUX SOLDERING	95263	0.00	0	0	QT
0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0		
2327	5970-00-233-6239	INSULATE ELECTRIC COMPOUND	30648	0.00	0	0	
0	4	7	0.00	0.00	0		
2367	9150-01-080-5961	HYDRAULIC FLUID CATAPULT	MIL-H-22072C	4.00	3	0	QT
0	5	10	2.00 LB	0.96 QT	0		
2402	6810-00-006-4205	ETHYLENE GLYCOL TECHNICAL	MIL-E-9500B	6.50	39	0	GL
39	10	20	8.33 LB	4.32 QT	0		
2416	6505-00-133-6000	MINERAL OIL		0.00	1	0	
0	1	3	0.00	0.00	0		
2436	6850-00-224-6665	CLEANING COMPOUND, SOLV	11090	0.00	0	0	GAL
0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0		
2466	6850-00-935-1082	CLEANING COMPOUND, SOLV	81302C	0.00	0	0	OZ
0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0		

H F R	Part Number	Mat'l Stock Number			Nomenclature			Military Spec.	Price	Qty	V/P	U/I
Location	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks	Per I/S	On Hand			
	2598		8030-00-145-0111		CORROSION PREVENT COMPOUND		21067	0.00	0	0		
	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0						
	2635		6810-00-584-4070		XYLENE TECHINICAL		84680	0.00	0	0	GAL	
	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0						
	2637		5970-00-161-7422		INSULATE, VARNISH ELECTRICAL			0.00	0	0	GAL	
	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0						
	2670		6810-00-476-5612		TRICHLOROETHANE		81533	0.00	0	0		
	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0						
	2672		1020-00-491-8672		FLUID, RECOIL		18694 TYPE A	0.00	0	0	GAL	
	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0						
	2672		9150-00-349-9290		LUBE FLUOROCARBON		60326	0.00	0	0		
	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0						
	2846		9150-00-935-4127		LUBE OIL, EXPOSED GEAR		27843	0.00	0	0		
	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0						
	2847		9150-00-149-7432		HYDRAULIC FLUID		83282	0.00	0	0		
	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0						
	3019		9150-00-292-9657		LUBE OIL, TEXACO		RCO-68	0.00	0	0		
	0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0						
31	3019		9150-00-292-9697		LUBE OIL, REFRIG		825A	4.00	5	0	GL	
	0	6	12	0.00	0.00	0						
31	3019		9150-00-598-2911		LUBE OIL, REFRIG RCO-2		825-A	0.00	28	0	QT	
	0	40	48	0.00	0.00	0						
	3068		8040-00-142-9823		ADHESIVE, SEALANT		46106	3.88	12	0	TU	
	12	5	18	0.00	0.00	0						
6	3178		6850-00-003-5295		CLEAN/LUBE CMPD		83360	0.00	9	0		
	0	2	6	0.00	0.00	0						
32	3228		9150-01-154-3753		LUBE OIL, MOL		324606	0.00	2	0	GAL	
	0	1	3	0.00	0.00	0						
	3533		6810-00-687-8429		METHYL KEYTONE TECH		740-84	0.00	0	0		
	0	3	6	0.00	0.00	0						
	3570		7930-01-323-2005		MAX AIRCRAFT		1600	0.00	0	0		
	0	3	6	0.00	0.00	0						

HAZARDOUS INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM
Master List - Part Number Sequence , All Items

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Item Number	Mat'l Stock Number				Nomenclature		Military Spec.	Price	Qty	V/P	U/I
C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks	Per I/S	On Hand			
0	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	LUBE OIL, FOOD	24651	0.00	0	0	
1	0	0	0.00	0.00	0	CLEANER, OPTIC LENS	5606	0.00	0	0	
8	0	3	6 0.00	0.00	0	CLEANER, OPTIC LENS	43454	0.00	0	0	BT
4	0	2	5 0.00	0.00	0	CUPRIC SULFATE	265	0.00	0	0	LB
7	0	4	8 0.00	0.00	0	AVIONICS CLEANER		0.00	0	0	CN

IDENT		FROM		FSC		NIN		ADD		UNIT OF ISSUE		REQUISITIONER		DATE		SERIAL		SUFFIX		SERV		ADDRESS		SIGNAL		BUTION		ECT		PRI-ORITY		DEL DATE		ADVISE		DO					
SHIPPED FROM										SHIP TO										MARK FOR										PROJECT										TO DO	
WAREHOUSE LOCATION										TYPE OF CARGO		UNIT PACK		UNIT WEIGHT		UNIT CUBE		UFC		NMFC		FREIGHT RATE		DOCUMENT DATE		MAT COND		QUANTITY													
SUBSTITUTE DATA (ITEM ORIGINALLY REQUESTED)										FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION NOMENCLATURE																															
T										U										V																					
W										ITEM NOMENCLATURE										Y																					
SELECTED BY AND DATE										TYPE OF CONTAINER(S)		TOTAL WEIGHT		RECEIVED BY AND DATE		INSPECTED BY AND DATE																									
PACKED BY AND DATE										NO OF CONTAINERS		TOTAL CUBE		WAREHOUSED BY AND DATE		WAREHOUSE LOCATION																									
REMARKS																																									
AA										BB		CC		DD										FF																	
FIRST DESTINATION ADDRESS										DATE SHIPPED		FOR J. J. ANDERSON LT. SC USN																													
13 TRANSPORTATION CHARGEABLE TO										14 BLADING, AWB, OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)										15 RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER																					

DD Form 1348-1, JUL 81
S/N 0102-LF-013-7500

PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED

DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE/RECEIPT

DOC IDENT		RI FROM		M & S		FSC		NIN		ADD		UNIT OF ISSUE		QUANTITY		DOCUMENT NUMBER		REQUISITIONER		DATE		SERIAL		SUFFIX		SERV		SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS		FUND		DISTRIBUTION		PROJECT		PRI-ORITY		REC'D DEL DATE		ADVISE		RI		DO	
SHIPPED FROM										SHIP TO										MARK FOR										PROJECT										TO DO					
WAREHOUSE LOCATION										TYPE OF CARGO		UNIT PACK		UNIT WEIGHT		UNIT CUBE		UFC		NMFC		FREIGHT RATE		DOCUMENT DATE		MAT COND		QUANTITY																	
SUBSTITUTE DATA (ITEM ORIGINALLY REQUESTED)										FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION NOMENCLATURE																																			
T										U										V																									
W										ITEM NOMENCLATURE										Y																									
SELECTED BY AND DATE										TYPE OF CONTAINER(S)		TOTAL WEIGHT		RECEIVED BY AND DATE		INSPECTED BY AND DATE																													
PACKED BY AND DATE										NO OF CONTAINERS		TOTAL CUBE		WAREHOUSED BY AND DATE		WAREHOUSE LOCATION																													
REMARKS																																													
AA										BB		CC		DD										FF																					
FIRST DESTINATION ADDRESS										DATE SHIPPED		FOR J. J. ANDERSON LT. SC USN																																	
13 TRANSPORTATION CHARGEABLE TO										14 BLADING, AWB, OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)										15 RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER																									

DD Form 1348-1, JUL 81
S/N 0102-LF-013-7500

PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED

DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE/RECEIPT

FROM		FSC		NNN		UNIT OF ISSUE		REQUISITIONER		DATE		SERIAL		SUFFIX		SERV		ADDRESS		SIGNATURE		BUTION		ECT		PRI		ORI		DATE		ADV		TOTAL PRICE	
8010 01354096		PT 0001		20000571		7001																													
SHIP TO		MARK FOR		PROJECT		TOTAL PRICE																													
COMPTON DE GRASSE																																			
774																																			
SE LOCATION		TYPE OF CARGO		UNIT PACK		UNIT WEIGHT		UNIT CUBE		UFC		NMFC		FREIGHT RATE		DOCUMENT DATE		MAT COND		QUANTITY															
G		H		I		J		K		L		M		N		O		P		Q		R		S											
ITEM DATA (ITEM ORIGINALLY REQUESTED)		FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION NOMENCLATURE																																	
U		ITEM NOMENCLATURE																																	
X POLYURETHANE COATING																																			
RECEIVED BY AND DATE		TYPE OF CONTAINER(S)		TOTAL WEIGHT										RECEIVED BY AND DATE		INSPECTED BY AND DATE																			
7 KFF 6-20-95		2		3										7 KFF 6-20-95		8																			
RECEIVED BY AND DATE		NO. OF CONTAINERS		TOTAL CUBE										WAREHOUSED BY AND DATE		WAREHOUSE LOCATION																			
5		6												7		8																			
9		10												11		12																			
13		14												15		16																			
17		18												19		20																			
21		22												23		24																			
25		26												27		28																			
29		30												31		32																			
33		34												35		36																			
37		38												39		40																			
41		42												43		44																			
45		46												47		48																			
49		50												51		52																			
53		54												55		56																			
57		58												59		60																			
61		62												63		64																			
65		66												67		68																			
69		70												71		72																			
73		74												75		76																			
77		78												79		80																			
81		82												83		84																			
85		86												87		88																			
89		90												91		92																			
93		94												95		96																			
97		98												99		100																			
101		102												103		104																			
105		106												107		108																			
109		110												111		112																			
113		114												115		116																			
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257		258												259		260																			
261		262												263		264																			

DATE: 05 31/95
TIME: 14:14:44

NAVY PUBLIC WORKS CENTER HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL DIVISION
BREAKDOWN OF WASTE RECEIVED FY95

PAGE: 7

DATE	ACTIVITY JOB ORDER# TYPE DOCUMENT# VESSEL	CODE CLASS & STOCK # ITEM NOMENCLATURE ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION	EPA WASTE# PWC TYPE SER CONTRACT TYPE SER	POUNDS RECEIVED	
				COST PWC	COST CONTRACT
DATE	DRUM#	BLOG#	DOT CLASS/HAZ CLASS/PRODUCT QTY/UNIT	MANHOOURS/SPILLS	COST MANHOOURS
					TOTAL COST
01 20 95	3771 1640542 5013 7003 9512198 USS COMTE DE GRASSE	8010 RO WASTE PAINT(ETHYLBENZENE, METHYLENE CHLORIDE, TOLUENE, XYLENE 1,1,1 TRICHLOROETHANE, ACETONE MEK & METAL)	CN 1 0001/0005/0006/0007/0008/0009/0011/0035/F002/F003/F00	58 F2	232 104 16 127 60
		PAINT			431 76
02 10 95	4737 1640542 00 5023 7001 9522358-60 USS COMTE DE GRASSE	8010 01 278 1548 RO WASTE PAINT(ETHYLBENZENE, METHYLENE CHLORIDE, TOLUENE, XYLENE 1,1,1 TRICHLOROETHANE, ACETONE MEK & METAL)	CN 3 0001/0005/0006/0007/0008/0009/0011/0035/F002/F003/F00	57 F2	124 74 40 68 20
		UN1263 3			142 60
TOTAL RECORDS: 13			TOTAL POUNDS RECEIVED		356
			TOTAL PWC COST		278 56
			TOTAL MANHOOUR COST		00
			TOTAL CONTRACT COST		195 80
04 04 95	6791 1640542 00 5062 7001 9522960 USS COMTE DE GRASSE	6810 00 281 4163 RO WASTE CORROSIVE LIQUID POISON N.D.S (CONTAINS NITRIC ACID AND ME CURY, SELENIUM)	BT 2 0002/0009/0010	57 B2	58 34.80 40.02
		UN2922 6.1			74 82
TOTAL RECORDS: 13			TOTAL POUNDS RECEIVED		58
			TOTAL PWC COST		34.80
			TOTAL MANHOOUR COST		00
			TOTAL CONTRACT COST		40 02
02 15 95	4819 1640542 00 5027 7011 9522480 USS COMTE DE GRASSE	6505 00 261 7256 RO WASTE ISOPROPANOL	CN 1 D001	58 A1	2 1 76 3 10
		UN1219 3			4 86
TOTAL RECORDS: 13			TOTAL POUNDS RECEIVED		2
			TOTAL PWC COST		1 76
			TOTAL MANHOOUR COST		00
			TOTAL CONTRACT COST		3 10

DATE: 02 16 95
TIME: 14:14:44

NMCI PUBLIC WORKS ENTER HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL DIVISION
BREAKDOWN OF WASTE RECEIVED FY95

Page: 1

DATE	ACTIVITY JOB ORDER#	TYPE	CODE CLASS & STOCK # ITEM NOMENCLATURE	EPA WASTE PWC TYPE SER	POUNDS RECEIVED COST PWC	EPA WASTE CONTRACT TYPE SER	COST CONTRACT	TOTAL COST
DATE	DOCUMENT#	VESSEL	ADDITIONAL DESCRIPTION	CONTRACT TYPE SER	COST CONTRACT	MANHOURS/SPLLS	COST MANHOURS	TOTAL COST
02 16 95	4906 1640542 00 5027 7009 9522483	USS COMTE DE GRASSE	6810 PHOTOLUMINESCENT PAINT	EN 2				
			NOT REGULATED				46	
				M2	27 60		8 74	
								36 34
02 17 95	4972 1640542 00 5027 7006 9522481	USS COMTE DE GRASSE	8040 ADHESIVE	BT 1				
			NOT REGULATED				9	
				M2	7 04		1 52	
								8 56
04 05 95	6912 1640542 00 5082 7002 9522958-59	USS COMTE DE GRASSE	9615 000 985 7099 SYNTHETIC OIL	BT 2				
			NOT REGULATED				126	
				M2	75 60		23 94	
								99 54
TOTAL RECORDS: 13				TOTAL POUNDS RECEIVED		441		
				TOTAL PWC COST		2645 04		
				TOTAL MANHOUR COST		.00		
				TOTAL CONTRACT COST		843 95		
12 08 94	3094 1640542 00 4342 4001 9538450	USS COMTE DE GRASSE	4240 00 179 1365 RO WASTE OXIDIZING SUBSTANCES,SOLID,CORROSIVE,M.O.S (CONTAINS BARIUM HYDROXIDE OCTAHYDRATE, CALCIUM HYDROXIDE, POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE, UM108 5 I	OR 1 0001,0003				
			DEA				69	
				M2	41 40			
				C2	155 25			
								196 65
TOTAL RECORDS: 13				TOTAL POUNDS RECEIVED		69		
				TOTAL PWC COST		41 40		
				TOTAL MANHOUR COST		.00		
				TOTAL CONTRACT COST		155 25		

NAVY PUBLIC WORKS CENTER HAZARDOUS WASTE DISPOSAL DIVISION
BREAKDOWN OF WASTE RECEIVED FY05

[illegible]

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SERVMART SHOPPING LIST FOR SERVMART NOB

Date 5191
Page 1 of 2

COMMAND
SS SAIPAN LHA-2

REQUISITION NO. FUND CODE
DRAFT

IG CODE: SUPP ADDRESS: WORK CENTER:

OST CODE: OBJ CLASS CODE: ORG CODE: JOB ORDER:

NSN	DESCRIPTION	UOI	QTY	UNIT	EXTEND	LOC
0-00-5261129	DISINFECTANT, IODINE BASE, 1GLBT HM POISONOUS - MATTER		5	12.59	62.95	A006
5-01-2842924	BAG, TRASH, SHP BRD 30 GL BIODBE		2	20.03	40.06	BAY2
0-00-0456912	WAX REMOVER, 5GL CON HAZ CN		5	12.41	62.05	BAY3
0-00-9265280	DETERGENT, SPRAY/WIPE 16 OZ HAZBX		4	56.39	225.56	BAY4
0-01-1838585	WAX, NONBUFFING, FLOOR, 5GL HAZCN		5	29.21	146.05	BAY5
5-01-1839764	BAG, PLASTIC, 58" X 36", 57 GALBX		2	19.27	38.54	BAY5
0-00-8239818	POLISH, METAL, 2 LB/CN HAZ CN		3	5.67	17.01	BC10
5-00-6431310	BATTERY, 6 VOLT, BATTLE LANTERNPG		30	18.35	550.50	BC12
5-00-8357210	BATTERY, D CELL ENERGIZER 12EAPG		12	6.86	82.32	BC12
5-00-4887952	BOTTLE, APPLICATOR, 16 OZ. EA		20	0.90	18.00	BE10
0-00-0793762	PAINT, AEROSOL, WHITE/#17875 HAZBX		2	18.24	36.48	BG06
0-00-5825382	PAINT, AEROSOL, BLACK, #37038 HAZPT		12	1.44	17.28	BG06
0-01-1775119	ECO-LAB, SOLITAIRE BX		5	99.00	495.00	BG15
0-01-2368941	ECO-LAB, SILVER PWR, PRE-SOAK BX HM POISONOUS - MATTER		5	65.00	325.00	BG15
0-01-2368942	ECO-LAB, SPOT FREE BX		6	109.00	654.00	BG16
0-00-1817933	ANTIFREEZE, FIVE GALLON/CO CN HM POISONOUS - MATTER		5	33.67	168.35	BH04
0-01-3633573	BIRSCH, SPRAY/BUFF BLUE KNIGHTBX		2	59.24	118.48	BI03
0-01-3840618	DEGREASER, IMPACT INDUST./ALREQT		72	7.27	523.44	BIXXXXXXX
5-00-6345023	APRON, RUBBER, BLACK WITH BIB EA		3	6.75	20.25	N003
0-01-3468259	SAVIN, TONER, SSRE, CLAS 2 (5CART) BX		3	91.98	275.94	O003
0-00-2401525	PENCIL, CHINA MARKER, WHITE DZ		1	1.76	1.76	Q003
0-00-2401526	PENCIL, CHINA MARKER, BLACK DZ		1	1.76	1.76	Q003
5-00-9002139	BATTERY, 9VOLT, ENERGIZER (12EA) PG		10	11.11	111.10	SECURE 1
5-00-9857845	BATTERY, AA ENERGIZER (24 EA) PG		5	5.44	27.20	SECURE 1
0-01-2074268	PEN, ROLLERBALL, FINE, BLACK DZ		4	2.95	11.80	SECURE 1
~~0-00-2217957~~	~~RATCHET, 1/4" DR. (4.25" LG.) EA~~		~~1~~	~~11.92~~	~~11.92~~	~~U001~~
~~0-00-2306385~~	~~RATCHET, 1/2" DR. (9" LG.) EA~~		~~1~~	~~20.04~~	~~20.04~~	~~U001~~

Total this page \$ 4,062.84

0106-LF-063-8633 SPECIAL REQUEST AUTHORIZATION

0103-610-8000 MUSTER REPORT

NAVY PART SHOPPING LIST (4491)
NAVSUP FORM 1314 (REV. 4-84)
NA 0100 (F-501-3142)

MATERIAL CATEGORY	PAGE	OF	JULIAN DATE
			5186

SHIP ACTIVITY		REQUISITION NO.				FUND CODE	
USS SAIPAW LHA-2							
ITEM NO.	COG SYM AND NSN	DESCRIPTION	U/I	QTY	UNIT PRICE	EXTENSION	REQUIRING DEPT.
1	8010-01-344-5309	HAZE GRAY	CN	20	135.63	2712.60	
2	8010-01-344-5322	White Form 30	CN	40	129.44	5177.60	
3	8010-01-334-3002	Red Stripping	GL	10	25.84	258.40	
4	8010-01-333-9820	Blue Stripping	GL	20	18.70	374.00	
5	8010-01-336-3981	Orange Stripping	PT	4	4.57	18.28	
6	8010-00-558-7026	Thinner	CN	15	15.72	235.80	
7	8030-01-370-6234	MOWCO RUST COAT	GL	20	89.00	1980.00	
8	8010-01-040-5786	GOLD	QT	2	7.90	15.80	
9	8010-01-324-5087	PAINT BROWN	GL	2	18.00	36.00	
0	8010-00-286-7854	PAINT Black Flat	GL	10	10.50	105.00	
1	8010-01-344-5317	GRAY Machinery	GL	20	25.31	506.20	
2	8010-01-344-6700	RED DECK	CN	15	115.74	1736.10	
3							
4							
5						13155.78	

TYPED OR PRINTED NAME AND RANK OR GRADE OF AUTHORIZED SHOPPER

Mr. [Signature] CWO-2 Boson

DISTRIBUTION: WHITE - Shopper's Copy, YELLOW - Mail to Ship/Activity, PINK - Store's Copy (Optional), GOLD - Supply Officer's Copy

I CERTIFY THAT THE PURCHASE OF MATERIALS LISTED HEREON IS NECESSARY FOR THE OFFICIAL BUSINESS OF THE NAVY. REQUESTED BY (FOR DIRECT TURNOVER MATERIAL):

[Signature]

F

List of Authorized Hazardous Material Stowage Locations

This list will list all of the authorized shipboard locations where Hazardous Material (HM) is stored, and includes in-use materials, lockers, storerooms, and issue rooms. This list is a locally developed form.

LOCATION	TYPE STORAGE	MATERIALS	RESPONSIBLE DIVISION
2-9-1-A	GENERAL HM STOREROOM	ACID/GREASE SOLVENTS/TOXIC	SS01
2-17-1-K	FLAM LIQUID STOREROOM	OIL/PAINT/ALCOHOL	SS01
3-49-1-A	DRY STOREROOM	ABSORBANT CLAY/DECK UNDERLAYMENT	SS01
4-57.5-2-L	GENERAL HM STOREROOM	CLEANING/ DECK CHEMICALS	SS01
5-57-1-A	GENERAL HM STOREROOM	REPRODUCTIVE EQUIP CHEMICALS/ PMLs/ GBA CANNISTERS	SS01
3-58-2-A	GENERAL HM STOREROOM	CLEANING CHEMICALS	SS01
5-75-8-A	ACID STOREROOM	ACID/ SODIUM BICARB	SS01
5-73-1-A	GENERAL HM STOREROOM	SCULLERY CHEMICALS	SS02
3-73-4-A	BARBER SHOP STOREROOM	BARBER SHOP CHEMICALS	SS03
4-73-0-Q	LAUNDRY CHEMICAL IN-USE BINS	IN-USE LAUNDRY CHEMICALS	SS03
5-73-4-A	LAUNDRY STOREROOM	LAUNDRY CHEMICALS	SS03
4-76-2-Q	DRY CLEANING PLANT	IN-USE DRY CLEANING COMPOUND	SS03
01-94-2-Q	GENERAL HM STOREROOM	PHOTO/REPRODUCTIVE EQUIPMENT CHEMICALS	SS09
1-101-3-Q	HM ISSUE OFFICE	GREASE/ CLEANING CHEMICALS	SS09

3-110-2-K	FLAM LIQUID STOREROOM	GREASE/OILS/ALCOHOL/ SOLVENTS/PENETRANTS	SS09
1-114-1-K	FLAM LIQUID STOREROOM	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS/ SPRAY PAINT/ AEROSOLS	SS09
1-67-0-Q	MACHINE SHOP	METAL CUTTING AND INSPECTION CHEMICALS	EA09
1-75-0-Q	BATTERY SHOP	BATTERY ACID	EE02
6-65-0-E	FORWARD MMR	HYDRAZENE IN-USE	EB14
4-69-2-A	ENGINEERING HM STOREROOM	WATER ANALYSIS/ TREATMENT CHEMICALS CALCIUM HYPOCHLORITE	EB14
2-68-2-A	ENGINEERING OIL LAB	OIL/WATER ANALYSIS CHEMICALS	EB14
2-71-4-L	ACID LOCKER	ACID/REAGENTS MERCURIC NITRATE	EB14
3-71-2-A	ENGINEERING HM STOREROOM	WATER ANALYSIS/ TREATMENT CHEMICALS	EB14
6-81-0-E	AFT MMR	HYDRAZENE IN-USE	EB14
01-81-2-A	MEDICAL STORES AND FLAM LOCKER	X-RAY/MEDICAL CHEMICALS	MH01
1-122-1-Q	POWER PLANTS SHOP	OIL ANALYSIS CHEMICALS	IM02
1-127-2-Q	AIR FRAMES WORK CTR	METAL CUTTING/CLEANING/ INSPECTION CHEMICALS	IM02
2-1-1-K	FLAM LIQUID STOREROOM	PAINT/ AEROSOL INSECTICIDES	DA01
2-1-2-Q	PAINT MIXING/	PAINT/EPOXY	DA01
5-77-0-Q	PRINT SHOP	REPRODUCTIVE EQUIP CHEMICALS	XP01
04-82.5-1-Q	PHOTO LAB	PHOTO CHEMICALS	OP01
LWR VEHICLE DECK	GENERAL EQUIP/PARTS STOWAGE	AFFF/FIRE RESISTANT HYDRAULIC FLUID	ENG

LAST ALL NSNB

Number	NSA	Nomenclature		Military Spec.		Price	Qty	On Hand	V-F	U.I
Low	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight L/S	Volume L/S	VOC	Remark			
	MSA - - -	BLACK RESPIRATOR CARTRIGES					0.00	60		
9	20	100	1.00 OZ	0.00	0	ONLY GOOD FOR 8 HRS				
CHEMICAL	7930-00-459-2247	OVEN CLEANER					0.00	3		CN
-3-Q	0	1	5	8.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II T6			
ON	6610-00-264-6618	SODIUM BICARBONATE, TECH					0.00	5		BA
1	0	5	15	1.00 LB	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II 00			
INDUSTRIES	7510-01-070-2806	CORRECTION FLUID (WHITE)					0.00	8		0
1	8	4	12	8.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	REINSPECT 00			
INDUSTRIES	8030-01-041-1596	CORROSION PREVENTIVE COMP					0.00	87		CN
2	87	50	100	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	T4 TYPE 2 -T7 REINSPECT 07/98			
ADY	6135-00-120-1028	BATTERY, C SIZE					0.00	7		BATT
3	7	5	10	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0				
A GEL	6685-00-752-8240	HUMIDITY INDICATOR					0.00	2		CN
7	2	1	5	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II 00			
	6685-00-757-8240	HUMIDITY INDICATOR					0.00	1		0
7	1	0	2	8.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	INSPECT 00			
	6850-01-348-3087	DEVELOPER CLASS II & III					0.00	56		BT
7	56	45	60	6.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II 00			
COMPANY	9075-00-272-9256	CHALK, CARPENTERS					0.00	1		0
7	1	0	3	1.00 OZ	0.00 GL	0	TYPE II 00 NO REINSPECTION			
CHEMICAL, CORP	6810-00-270-9989	TALC, TECH, POWDER FORM					0.00	3		CN
3	0	1	5	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II 00			
PIC CHEMICAL CO	8510-00-817-0295	TALCUM POWDER					0.00	8		BT
8	0	5	15	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	00			
ENTERPRS INC	6550-01-384-0618	IMPACT CONCENTRATE					131.71	39		BT
3	39	15	40	12.00 OZ	0.25 QT	0	F1P009/SHOP			

Master list - Location Sequence , All Items

List All NSNs

Part Number	NSN		Nomenclature			Military Spec.	Price Per I/S	Qty On Hand	V/F	U/I
Location	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks			
HP 92274A		7520-LL-002-0752		TONER CARTRIDGE		HP-4L	59.00	27	0	BA
F1F010	0	10	50	1.00 OZ	1.00 GL	0	RETAIN BOX/PACKAGE STICKER WHEN SWAPPING OUT/			TYPE II 0
XEROX		6850-01-256-1116		DEVELOPER 1048			0.00	4	0	BI
F1F011	4	1	5	11.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0 00				
POLY RESEARCH CORP.		6810-01-304-5373		HYDRAZINE 7% SOLUTION			0.00	7	0	ET
F1F015	7	10	20	9.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	REINSPECT 12/95			
		6140-01-131-9696		BATTERY, WET			0.00	2	0	BATT
F1F021	2	5	20	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE I 9/95			
OCTAGON PROCESS INC.		6850-01-287-8067		CORROSION INHIBITOR LQD		MIL-A-53009	0.00	20	0	CN
F1F022	20	15	30	5.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	TYPE II 00			
15080		8010-00-721-9747		PAINT BLUE SPRAY			0.00	0	0	CN
F1F024	0	1	10	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II T6			
		8010-00-935-7071		PAINT LACQUE ACRYLIC GRE		MIL-L-81352	6.31	13	0	QT
F1F024	3	1	5	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	T6 REINSP 11-96			
ECO SURE		8010-01-331-6107		PAINT GLOSS BLACK SPRAY		A-A-2787	0.00	1	0	CN
F1F024	1	1	15	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE I T4 REINSF 2-96			
ECO-SURE		8010-01-331-6114		PAINT GLOSS YELLOW SPRAY			0.00	5	0	CN
F1F024	5	10	15	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II T4 REINSF 11-96			
ECO SURE		8010-00-079-3762		PAINT GLOSS WHITE SPRAY			0.00	0	0	CN
F1F025	0	1	5	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II T6 24 MONTHS			
SO SURE		8010-00-141-2951		PAINT DARK GREEN SPRAY			0.00	2	0	CN
F1F025	2	10	15	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	T6 REINSF 5-96			
		8010-00-935-7085		PAINT GRAY SPRAY		MIL-L-81352	0.00	13	0	CN
F1F025	13	1	15	13.00 OZ	0.00 QT	0				
SO SURE		8010-00-941-8712		PAINT OLIVE DRAB SPRAY		MIL-L-19538	0.00	50	0	CN
F1F025	50	30	55	11.50 OZ	0.50 QT	0	REINSPECT 12/95			

-5
95

HAZARDOUS INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM

Page: 3

Master list - Location Sequence , All Items

List All NSNs

Number	NSN	Nomenclature			Military Spec.			Price	Qty	V/F	U/I
								Per I/S	On Hand		
On	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks				
AL IND. FIN.	8010-01-332-3743							0.00	15	0	CN
	15	10	20	10.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II T4 REINSP 2-96				
A CORP.	7530-00-F01-4466							0.00	4	0	BT
	4	1	5	5.00 LB	2.00 GL	0	TYPE II 00				
AN GAS/CHEM CO	6850-00-142-8840							0.00	2	0	CN
	2	1	5	12.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	REINSPECT 7/97				
	6850-00-973-9091							0.00	6	0	CN
	6	5	10	10.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	REINSPECT 4/96				
INDUSTRIES	8040-00-444-8752							0.00	4	0	CN
	4	5	10	19.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	REINSPECT 1/96				
	6850-00-333-4858							0.00	9	0	BT
	0	5	20	1.00 LB	1.50 QT	0	00				
	9150-00-823-7860							0.00	21	0	CN
	21	10	30	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II 00				
INDUSTRIES	8030-00-546-8637							0.00	17	0	CN
	17	15	20	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	REINSPECT 1/96				
	8030-00-938-1947							0.00	17	0	CN
	17	10	20	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	REINSPECT 7/96 TYPE II				
	8030-01-008-3058							0.00	22	0	CN
	22	15	20	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II T4 REINSPCT 07/96				
INT'L INC	9510-00-823-7860							0.00	21	0	
	21	12	23	16.00 OZ	1.00 GL	0	TYPE II T4 REINSPECT 08/96				
	6850-01-256-1111							0.00	1	0	BT
	1	1	10	11.60 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II 00				
INT'L INC.	9150-00-823-7860							0.00	21	0	CN
	21	10	25	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II 00				

HAZARDOUS INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM
Master list - Location Sequence , All Items
List All NSNs

Part Number	NSN		Nomenclature				Military Spec.	Price Per I/S	Qty On Hand	V/P	U/I
Location	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks				
XEROX		6850-01-164-5738		FUSER LUBRICANT				0.00	20	0	BT
F1F043	0	5	20	1.00 LB	200.00 QT	0 00					
SAVIN		6850-01-256-1094		FUSER OIL				0.00	12	0	BT
F1F044	12	5	15	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0 TYPE II 00					
CROSSFIELD PROD CORP		5610-00-827-1652		PAINT DECK COVERING		MIL-D-3134-G		0.00	1	0	BAGS
F1F051	0	5	20	38.00 LB	5.00 GL	0 TYPE II 00					
		8010-01-331-6108		PAINT FLAT BLACK SPRAY				0.00	6	0	
F1F24	6	1	15	12.25 OZ	0.00 GL	0 TYPE II T4 12 MONTHS					
		9150-00-985-7316		GREASE GENERAL PURPOSE		MIL-G-23549C		0.00	3	0	CN
F2F	3	1	10	1.75 LB	0.00 QT	0 REINSP 5-96					
HILLYARD INDUSTRIES		7930-01-183-8585		FLOOR POLISH, NONBUFFING				0.00	7	0	CN
F2F201	7	5	20	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0 TYPE 2 T6 REINSPECT 6/96 MAN. 6/94 HC=T					
GOVERNMENT CONTRACT		6810-00-238-8119		NAPHTHA, ALIPHATHIC		TT-N 95E		0.00	1	0	CN
F2F202	1	1	5	9.00 LB	1.00 GL	0 TYPE II T7 REINSP. 6/98 HC=F					
CSD INC		8010-00-181-8080		THINNER AIRCRAFT COATING		MIL-T-81722		0.00	3	0	CN
F2F202	3	1	5	9.00 LB	1.00 GL	0 REINSP. 9/96 HC=F					
PUMA TECH		8010-01-200-2637		THINNER AIRCRAFT COATING		VV-D-1078E		0.00	1	0	CN
F2F202	1	1	5	9.00 LB	1.00 GL	0 REINSP. 2/97 HC=F					
BULK CHEM		9150-00-024-9624		FLUID DAMPING				0.00	2	0	CN
F2F202	2	1	5	1.00 LB	0.50 QT	0 REINSP. 6/97 HC=F					
AMERICAN WRITING INK		9150-00-231-9045		OIL LUBRICATING G. P.		VV-L-800		0.00	5	0	CN
F2F202	5	3	5	5.00 LB	1.00 GL	0 TYPE II T7 REINS. 3/97					
INLAND PACKAGING		9150-01-056-7346		FLUID DAMPING				0.00	1	0	CN
F2F202	1	1	5	9.00 LB	1.00 GL	0 REINSP. 6-97 HC=F					
OCTAGON PROCESS INC		9150-00-152-4117		OIL LUBE ENGINE SAE 30		MIL-L-2104E		0.00	3	0	CN
F2F203	3	1	5	1.00 LB	1.00 QT	0 TYPE 2 REINSP. 6/97 HC=F					

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						Per I/S	On Hand		
	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks		
AL OIL CO	9150-00-188-9858	OIL LUBE ENGINE SAE 30		MIL-L-2104E		0.00	4	0	CN
	4	1	5	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	TYPE 2 REINSP. 6/97 HC=F		
AL OIL CO	9150-00-235-9061	OIL LUBE STEAM TURBINE		MIL-L-17331H		0.00	4	0	CN
	4	1	5	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	TYPE II REINSP. 8/95 HC=F		
S PRODUCTION	6810-00-275-6010	METHANOL				19.46	1	0	CN
	1	1	1	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	TYPE II REINSP. 6/97 HC=F		
C	6810-00-984-4070	XYLENE TECHNICAL				0.00	1	0	CN
	1	1	1	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	TYPE II REINSP. 6/98 HC=F		
PROD CORP	6810-00-476-5612	TRICHLOROETHANE INHIBITED		MIL-T-81533-A		67.85	1	0	CN
	1	5	20	1.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	TYPE II 00		
N PROCESS	6810-00-476-5612	CLEANING COMPOUND TRICH		MIL-T-81533A		0.00	3	0	CN
	3	1	5	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	HC=T REINSPECT 06/98		
	6850-01-277-0596	CLEANING COMPOUND HISOLV				0.00	1	0	CN
	1	1	1	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	REINSP. 6/96		
D CHEMICAL CO	7930-00-045-6912	FLOOR POLISH REMOVER		A-A-861		0.00	10	0	CN
	10	1	5	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	REINSP. 12/96 HC=T REINSP. 02/97		
IL COMPANY	6850-00-274-5421	DRY CLEANING SOLVENT		PD-680		0.00	3	0	CN
	3	1	5	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	REINSP. 9/96 HC=F		
C	6850-00-274-5421	DRY CLEANING SOLVENT		PD-680		0.00	1	0	CN
	1	1	5	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	REINSP. 6/98 HC=F		
N PROCESS	6850-00-274-5421	DRY CLEANING SOLVENT		PD-680		0.00	1	0	CN
	1	1	5	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	REINSP. 6/98 HC=F		
	6850-00-274-5421	DRY CLEANING SOLVENT		HISOLV 140		0.00	0	0	CN
	0	1	5	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	REINSP. 6/98 HC=F		
	8030-00-272-9530	GUN SLUSHING COMPOUND		MIL-C-18487A		0.00	1	0	CN
	1	1	5	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	REINSPECT 6/98 HC=F / TYPE II T7		

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Location	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks		
PRAY OIL CO INC	9150-00-697-4241	OIL LUBE SEMI FLUID		MIL-L-46000F		0.00	19	0	CN
F2F212	19	5	20	32.00 OZ	1.00 QT	0	TYPE 2 REINSP. 6/97		
HATCO CORP	9150-00-985-7099	OIL LUBE ACFT TURBO SHAFT		MIL-L-23699C		0.00	1	0	CN
F2F212	1	1	5	32.00 OZ	1.00 QT	0	TYPE II REINSP. 6/98		
ROYAL LUBRICANTS CO	9150-01-082-8369	OIL LUBE ACFT TURE ENG SY				0.00	18	0	CN
F2F212	18	15	20	32.00 OZ	1.00 QT	0	TYPE 2 T7 REINSP. 6/98		
	8030-00-244-1293	CORROSION PREVENTIVE COMP				0.00	1	0	CN
F2F213	1	1	3	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	HC=F REINSPECT 06/98		
IMPERIAL	9150-01-035-5395	OIL LUBE GEAR		MIL-L-2105D		0.00	1	0	CN
F2F213	1	1	5	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	REINSPECT 6/97		
OCTAGON PROCESS CO	9150-01-048-4591	OIL LUBE GEAR		MIL-L-2105C		3.75	20	0	CN
F2F213	20	10	30	32.00 OZ	1.00 QT	0	TYPE II REINSPECT 6/97		
SHELL OIL CO	9150-01-035-5393	OIL LUBE GEAR		MIL-L-2105D		24.72	2	0	CN
F2F214	2	1	10	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	TYPE II REINSPECT 8/96 HC=F		
MICRO CARE CORP	6850-00-319-0834	CLEANING COMPOUND TRICH		MIL-C-81302D		0.00	25	0	CN
F2F216	25	20	30	9.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	TYPE II REINSPECT 6/98 HC=F (OKYX3)		
CSD INC	6810-00-286-5435	ALCOHOL ISOPROPYL		TT-I-735		0.00	0	0	CN
F2F218	0	1	5	3.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	REINSPECT 6/98 HC=F		
ROYAL LUBRICATING CO	9150-00-265-9417	OIL LUBE GEAR		MIL-L-6086C		0.00	1	0	CN
F2F218	1	1	5	8.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	REINSPECT 6/98 HC=F		
LHE INDUSTRIES	8030-00-213-3279	CORROSION PREVENTIVE COMP		MIL-C-81309D		0.00	3	0	CN
F2F219	3	1	5	8.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	REINSPECT 8/95		
ASHLAND OIL INC	8030-00-244-1297	CORROSION PREVENTIVE COMP		MIL-C-16173D		0.00	1	0	CN
F2F219	1	1	5	8.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	REINSPECT 12/96		
CSD INC	8010-00-221-0611	OIL LINSEED RAW		A-A-379A		0.00	1	0	CN
F2F221	1	1	5	8.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	TYPE II REINSPECT 12/95		

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Number	NSN	Nomenclature		Military Spec.		Price Per I/S	Qty On Hand	V/F	U/I
====	=====	=====		=====		=====	=====	==	=====
CO	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks		
====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====		
INDUSTRIES	8030-00-062-6950	CORROSION PREVENTIVE COMP		MIL-C-16173D		0.00	4	0	CN
	4	1	5	32.00 OZ	1.00 QT	0	REINSPECT 12/96		
INC	8030-00-231-2345	CORROSION PREVENTIVE COMP		MIL-C-16173D		0.00	3	0	CN
	3	1	5	8.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	REINSPECT 12/97		
RIC SYSTEMS	8040-00-225-4548	ADHESIVE SEALANT RTV		MIL-A-46106E		0.00	56	0	TE
	56	45	60	10.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	REINSPECT 12/95		
HOMANS	8040-00-582-4596	ADHESIVE DECK		MIL-A-21016F		0.00	1	0	CN
	1	1	5	8.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	REINSPECT 6/96		
HOWLAND OIL	9150-00-292-9657	OIL LUBE REF COMPRESSOR		VV-L-825A		0.00	4	0	
	4	0	5	8.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	REINSPECT 06/98		
INTERNATIONAL	8040-00-515-2245	ADHESIVE POLYCHLOROPRENE		MIL-A-5540E		0.00	3	0	CN
	3	1	5	8.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	REINSPECT 6/96		
INTERNATIONAL	8040-00-515-2246	ADHESIVE POLYCHLOROPRENE		MIL-A-5540E		0.00	20	0	CN
	20	15	30	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	REINSPECT 6/96		
O CORPORATION	8040-01-097-4518	ADHESIVE FIRE RES THERMAL		MIL-A-3016C		0.00	9	0	CN
TYPE	8	1	10	8.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	SEE COMPUTER FOR SHELF-LIFE DATES		
BE INC	8030-00-059-2761	ANTI SEIZE COMPOUND		MIL-A-907E		0.00	6	0	CN
	6	5	10	0.25 LB	0.02 QT	0	TYPE 2 T6 REINSP 6-97		
BE INC	8030-00-251-3980	ANTI SEIZE COMPOUND		MIL-A-907E		2.72	4	0	CN
	4	0	3	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE2 T6 REINSPECT 09/01/95 & 06/01/97		
BE INC	8030-00-286-5453	ANTI SEIZE COMPOUND		MIL-A-907E		0.00	0	0	CN
	0	5	10	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE2 T6 REINSP 6-97		
BE CO	8030-00-597-5367	ANTI SEIZE COMPOUND		MIL-A-907E		0.00	5	0	
	5	5	10	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE 2 T6 REINSP 6-97		
HOWLING OIL CO	9150-00-823-8024	OIL LUBE VACUUM PUMP		MIL-L-83767E		3.17	4	0	ET
	4	1	4	2.00 LB	1.00 QT	0	TYPE 2 T6 REINSPECT 06/97		

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Location	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks		
VALDES ENT.	6850-00-181-7933	ANTI-FREEZE			MIL-A-46513E	30.00	2	0	CN
F2F231	2	1	5	56.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	REINSF. 7/98		
SHELL OIL CO	9150-00-180-6383	GREASE GENERAL PURPOSE			MIL-G-24139	0.00	2	0	CN
F2F233	2	0	5	35.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	TYPE 2 T6 REINSPECT 06/97		
ROYAL LUBRICANTS CO	9150-00-965-2003	GREASE MOLYBDENUM DISULF			MIL-G-21164D	0.00	1	0	CN
F2F232	1	0	3	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	REINSPECT 06/97		
ROYAL LUB CO	9150-00-935-5851	GREASE G.P. AIRCRAFT			MIL-G-81322	3.00	1	0	CN
F2F234	1	0	5	1.00 OZ	50.00 GL	0	TYPE 2 T6 REINSPECT 06/97		
SOWESCO OLATHE	9150-01-197-7692	GREASE AUTO & ARTILLERY			MIL-G-109248	3.00	1	0	CN
F2F234	1	4	8	1.00 OZ	50.00 GL	0	TYPE 2 T6 REINSPECT 06/97		
OCTAGON PROCESS INC.	9160-00-685-0913	OIL INSULATING				0.00	1	0	CN
F2F234	1	0	5	1.00 OZ	5.00 GL	0	TYPE 2 T6 REINSPECT 06/97		
UNITED DESICCANTS	6850-00-264-6573	ACTIVATED DESICCANTS			MIL-D-3464-D	0.00	3	0	CN
F2F237	3	2	5	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	TYPE II 00 NEXT INSP. 04/01/96		
EUREKA CHEMICAL CO	9150-00-530-6814	GREASE WIRE ROPE			MIL-G-18458E(S)	40.00	4	0	CN
F2F239	4	2	5	39.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	REINSF. 8/95		
CSD INC	6810-00-292-9625	TRICHLOROETHANE TECHNICAL				4.05	2	0	CN
F2F241	1	5	20	1.00 OZ	1.00 GL	0	TYPE II 00		
SFO450-94-D-0003	6850-00-173-7243	SCALE PREVENTATIVE COMP				0.00	9	0	CO
F2F241	0	2	15	58.00 LB	6.00 GL	0	REINSPECT 12/98		
OCTAGON PROCESS	9150-01-080-5961	HYDRAULIC FLUID CATAPULT				0.00	28	0	CN
F2F243	28	20	30	9.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	TYPE II T6 REINSPECT 06/97		
FMC CORP	9150-01-113-2046	HYDRAULIC FLUID FIRE RESI			MIL-H-19457DSH	0.00	3	0	CN
F2F245	3	2	5	16.00 OZ	5.00 GL	0	TYPE 2 T6 REINSPECT 06/97		
#1 SELL OIL CO	9150-00-149-1593	GREASE BALL/ ROLLER BEARN			MIL-G-24508A	8.70	56	0	CN
F2F247	56	0	4	1.00 LB	0.25 QT	0	TYPE 2 T7 REINSPECT 06/98		

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Number	NSN	Nomenclature		Military Spec.		Price Per I/S	Qty On Hand	V/F	U/I
10a	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks		
LUBRICANTS CO	9150-00-754-2595	GREASE MOLYBDENUM DISULF		MIL-G-21164D		0.00	1	0	CN
7	1	0	5	1.00 OZ	7.00 GL	0	TYPE 2 T6 REINSPECT 06/97		
OIL COMPANY	9150-00-935-4018	GREASE MOLYBDENUM DISULF		MIL-G-21164D		0.00	1	0	TU
7	1	0	3	1.00 OZ	2.00 GL	0	TYPE 2 T6 REINSPECT 06/97		
OIL COMPANY	9150-01-117-2928	GREASE BALL/ ROLLER BEARN		MIL-G-24508A		0.00	4	0	CN
7	4	0	4	1.00 OZ	5.00 GL	0	TYPE 2 T7 REINSPECT 06/96		
OIL CO	9150-00-180-6382	GREASE MULTI-PURPOSE		MIL-G-24139A(S		0.30	5	0	CN
9	5	2	5	1.00 OZ	5.00 GL	0	TYPE 2 T6 REINSPECT 06/97		
	9150-00-198-0905	GREASE AUTO & ARTILLERY		MIL-G-10924D		0.00	3	0	
8	3	3	7	6.50 LB	6.50 GL	0	T6 TYPE 2 REINSPECT 06/97		
	9150-00-235-5568	GREASE GRAPHITE				0.00	3	0	CN
8	1	1	3	1.00 OZ	6.50 GL	0	TYPE2 T7 REINSPECT 06/98		
LUB CO INC	9150-00-944-8953	GREASE AIRCRAFT		MIL-G-81322D		0.00	6	0	
9	6	2	5	1.00 OZ	6.50 GL	0	TYPE2 T6 REINSPECT 06/97		
LUB CO INC	9150-00-985-7246	GREASE ACFT & INSTRUMENT		MIL-G-23827B		0.00	1	0	CN
9	1	0	4	1.00 OZ	5.00 GL	0	T6 TYPE 2 REINSPECT 06/97		
	9150-01-131-3325	HYDRAULIC FLUID FIRE RESI				0.00	4	0	CN
4	4	1	20	1.00 OZ	1.00 GL	0	TYPE II T6 REINSPECT 06/97		
AMERICA INC	9150-00-149-7432	HYDRAULIC FLUID FIRE RESI		MIL-H-83282C		0.00	27	0	CN
7	27	10	20	9.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	TYPE 2 T6 REINSPECT 02/96		
WEST PETRO CHEM	9150-00-985-7234	HYDRAULIC FLD PETRO INHIB		MIL-H-17672D		0.00	0	0	CN
3	0	0	3	1.00 OZ	5.00 GL	0	TYPE 2 T7 REINSPECT 06/97		
OL INC	9150-00-261-8317	HYDRAULIC FLD PETRO BASE		MIL-F-17111B		0.00	1	0	CN
9	1	0	3	40.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	REINSPECT 06/97		
OIL	9150-00-657-4959	AUTO TRANSMISSION FLUID				0.00	4	0	CN
9 M	4	1	7	45.00 LB	5.00 GL	0	REINSPECT 5/96 HC-F		

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Part Number	NSN	Nomenclature			Military Spec.	Price Per I/S	Qty On Hand	V/P	U/I	
Location	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks			
ACCUMETRIC INC F2F263	9150-00-190-0932 10			BRAKE FLUID AUTOMOTIVE 0.16 LB	1.00 QT	0	TYPE 2 T6 REINSPECT 06/01/93	0.00	10	0 CN
OCTAGON PROCESS F2F263	9150-00-231-9071 3			BRAKE FLUID AUTOMOTIVE 9.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	TYPE 2 T7 REINSPECT 06/01/98	0.00	3	0 CN
DOW CORNING CORP F2F263	9150-01-102-9455 2			BRAKE FLUID SILICONE 9.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	MIL-B-46176 TYPE II T6 REINSPECT 06/01/97	34.29	2	0 BT
AMERICAN OIL SUPPLY F2F264	9150-00-448-5009 8			OIL LUBE INSTRUMENT 9.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	TYPE II T7 REINSPECT 06/98	0.00	8	0 CN
OCTAGON PROCESS INC F2F275	6850-01-621-1819 6			LEAK DETECTION COMPOUND 1.00 OZ	4.00 QT	0	MIL-L-25567 TYPE 2 36 MONTHS	0.00	6	0 BT
AMERICAN WRITING INC F2F279	9150-00-261-7899 8			OIL PENETRATING 1.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	TYPE 2 T7 REINSPECT 06/98	0.00	8	0 CN
CASTROL INC F2F279	9150-01-131-3324 19			HYDRAULIC FLUID FIRE RESI 1.00 OZ	1.00 GL	0	MIL-H-46170E TYPE 2 T6 REINSPECT 06/97	0.00	19	0 CN
AIRCRAFT SERVICE CO F2F282	8040-01-032-4051 0			PRIMER ADHESIVE 1.00 OZ	1.00 QT	0	TYPE 1 UU	0.00	5	0 CN
RAL RUEB INC F2F283	8030-01-103-2868 5			SEALING COMPOUND 16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE 2 T6 REINSPECT 12/95	0.00	5	0 BT
RELTON CORP F2F283	9150-00-175-9154 2			FLUID CUTTING 32.00 OZ	1.00 QT	0	TYPE II T7 REINSPECT 06/98	0.00	2	0 CN
OCTAGON PROCESS INC F2F283	9150-00-250-0926 5			PETROLATUM TECHNICAL 1.75 LB	1.00 QT	0	TYPE 2 T6 REINSPECT 06/97	0.00	5	0 CN
LOCTITE PUERTO RICO F2F284	8040-00-142-9193 0			ADHESIVE CYANOACRYLATE 1.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	MIL-A-46050C TYPE II T2 NEXT INSP. 07/01/96	0.00	35	0 BT
STEVEN IND F2F284	8040-01-068-2423 3			ADHESIVE 4.00 OZ	0.25 QT	0	TYPE II T6 NEXT INSP. 06/01/97	0.00	3	0 CN

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Loc	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks		
ON PROCESS INC.	6850-00-224-6657								
	5	1	10	8.00 OZ	0.25 QT	0	T6 REINSP 7 97		
	8030-00-003-7196								
	1	0	3	1.00 LB	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II T2 REINSPECT 12/95		
LOK CORP	8030-00-091-2328								
	48	30	50	4.00 OZ	0.10 QT	0	TYPE II T5 REINSPECT 12/96		
N INDUSTRIES	8030-00-656-1426								
	7	1	4	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE 2 T6 REINSPECT 06/97		
FREE INC	9150-01-053-6689								
	7	5	9	1.00 OZ	1.00 GL	0	TYPE2 T7 REINSPECT 06/98		
FREE INC	9150-01-054-6453								
	10	5	20	1.00 OZ	16.00 GL	0	TYPE2 T7 REINSPECT 06/01/98		
	6233-00-092-9								
	0	10	50	0.00	1.00 PT	0	N/A		
MOTOR CO	3150-80-002-0								
	0	2	5	0.00	1.00 QT	0	N/C		
O LUBRICANTS CO	7656-80-020-9								
	0	2	5	0.00	1.00 QT	0	N/C		
URE	8010-01-331-6110								
	2	10	24	10.75 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II T4 12 MONTHS REINSP 11-96		
INDUSTRIES	8010-00-935-7064								
	12	1	12	12.50 OZ	0.00 QT	0			
TICONDEROGA CO	7215-97-200-0								
	0	5	20	0.00	1.00 BX	0	00		
	4177-14-642-5								
	1	5	20	0.00	1.00 BG	0	00		

HI0601-5
97/11/95

HAZARDOUS INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM
Master list - Location Sequence , All Items
List All NSNs

Page: 12

Part Number	NSN		Nomenclature				Military Spec.	Price Per I/S	Qty On Hand	V/F	U/I
Location	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks				
MAGNETIC MEDIA DIV H20048	0	5	20	0.00	0.00	0 00		0.00	2	0	KT
TARN H20059	0	2	5	0.00	0.00	0		0.00	1	0	BT
KODAK H20091	0	5	20	0.00	0.00	0 TYPE1 6/95		0.00	2	0	BX
PAINT LKR	1	5	50	8.00 LB	1.00 GL	0 REINSPECT 4/96 ISSUED AS 3 PARTS		0.00	55	0	CN
PAINT LOC	1	24	48	0.00	0.00	0		0.00	20	0	GL
PAINT LOC	2	0	0	0.00	0.00	0		0.00	122	0	GL
DALVIN PAINT LOC	0	5	50	0.00	0.00	0		0.00	16	0	GL
PRATT PAINT LOC	3	5	75	0.00	0.00	0		0.00	35	0	CN
AMERCOAT PAINT LOC	1	0	0	0.00	5.00 GL	0	MIL-P-24441	0.00	111	0	5 GL
PAINT LOCK	0	1	5	0.00	0.00	0		11.33	1	0	QT
PAINT LOCK	1	5	15	0.00	0.00	0 00		0.00	4	0	CN
INTERNATIONAL PAINT PAINT LOCK	0	2	5	0.00	5.00 GL	0		0.00	3	0	CN
PAINT LOCK	2	5	20	0.00	5.00 GL	0		0.00	8	0	CN

-5
95

HAZARDOUS INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM

Page: 13

Master list - Location Sequence , All Items

List All NSNs

Number	NSN	Nomenclature			Military Spec.			Price	Qty	V/P	U/I
on	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks	Per I/S	On Hand	===	=====
AL SPECIALIST	8010-00-558-7026	PAINT THINNER						0.00	80	0	GL
LOCK	3	5	20	0.00	5.00 GL	0					
LOCK	8010-00-577-4739	PAINT WHITE F124						0.00	119	0	GL
LOCK	9	20	100	0.00	5.00 GL	0					
PAINT CO	8010-00-616-7488	PAINT YELLOW						0.00	18	0	CN
LOCK	1	5	30	0.00	1.00 GL	0					
LOCK	8010-00-815-2692	PAINT HITEMP ALUMINUM						0.00	14	0	CN
LOCK	4	0	0	0.00	0.00	0					
PAINT CO	8010-01-295-1328	PRIMER ZINC						0.00	4	0	CN
LOCK	0	2	5	0.00	5.00 GL	0					
LOCK	8010-01-344-5098	PAINT CLIPPER BLUE						135.91	4	0	CN
LOCK	3	2	5	0.00	0.00	0					
LOCK	8010-01-344-5120	PAINT ENAMEL HEAT RESIST						296.25	1	0	CN
LOCK	0	1	5	0.00	0.00	0					
RD LABS	8010-01-344-5309	PAINT HAZE GREY					MIL-E-24635	0.00	63	0	CN
LOCK	2	10	50	0.00	5.00 GL	0					
LOCK	8010-01-344-5322	PAINT ENAMEL WHITE						0.00	10	0	CN
LOCK	2	5	20	0.00	5.00 GL	0					
D LAB	8010-01-344-6203	PAINT BLACK					MIL-E-24635A	0.00	20	0	GL
LOCK	2	10	100	32.00 OZ	1.00 GL	0	PAINT LOCKER				
LOCK	8010-01-344-6700	PAINT TERRACOTTA						0.00	4	0	CN
LOCK	3	2	10	0.00	0.00	0 00					
D LAB	8010-01-344-6703	PAINT BLACK						0.00	18	0	CN
LOCK	0	5	20	0.00	5.00 GL	0					
LOCK	8010-01-350-4727	PAINT DECK GREY						0.00	92	0	CN
LOCK	0	5	10	0.00	5.00 GL	0					

HAZARDOUS INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM

Master list - Location Sequence , All Items

List All NSNs

Part Number	NSN	Nomenclature			Military Spec.	Price Per I/S	Qty On Hand	V/F	U/I
Location	C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks		
AMERCOAT	8010-01-350-4743	PRIMER WHITE EPOXY			MIL-P-2441	0.00	12	0	CN
PAINT LOCK	0	5	20	0.00	5.00 GL	0			
PRATT & LAMBERT	8030-00-165-8577	PRIMER FORMULA 117				0.00	9	0	CN
PAINT LOCK	0	5	20	0.00	5.00 GL	0			
PANIT LOK	8010-03-281-2075	PAINT DECK MAHOGONY				0.00	11	0	CN
	3	0	0	9.00 LB	1.00 GL	0			
BATTERY ASSEMBLERS	6135-00-073-8939	BATTERIES, ELECTRIC				4.24	200	0	BATT
SHOP	200	50	100	4.00 OZ	0.01 QT	0	REINSF. 3/92 T7 TYPE II		
SHOP	6135-00-835-7210	BATTERY, D SIZE				0.00	36	0	BATT
	0	0	10	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE I UU		
AUSTINS	6810-00-598-7316	BLEACH CLO WHITE				9.41	10	0	BT
SHOP	10	5	20	9.00 LB	1.00 GL	0	00		
RH CARLSON CO	6950-00-880-7616	SILICONE COMPOUND			MIL-S-8660C	0.00	17	0	
SHOP	17	17	30	1.00 OZ	1.00 GL	0	REINSPECT 04/97		
CANTOL INC	6950-00-N02-6371	THAT GREEN STUFF				0.00	5	0	BT
SHOP	5	5	10	32.00 OZ	1.00 QT	0	00		
SHOP	7920-00-823-9918	NEVR DULL			MIL-1-22590C	5.67	5	0	CN
	0	0	0	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II 00		
SOUTH WIN LTD	7930-00-184-9423	GLASS CLEANER LIQUID				0.00	5	0	BT
SHOP	5	10	30	4.00 OZ	0.25 QT	0	TYPE II T7		
SHOP	7930-00-926-5280	GENERAL PURPOSE DETERGENT				0.00	2	0	BT
	2	10	30	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II T7		
EIRSCH	7930-00-N03-3586	BLUE KNIGHT				0.00	8	0	BT
SHOP	8	5	20	16.00 OZ	0.50 QT	0	TYPE II 00		
SHOP	8030-01-154-9247	BASE COMPOUND			MIL-S-9802F	2.00	2	0	
	2	1	2	1.00 LB	0.00 QT	0	TYPE 1 CL A- 1/2 REINSPECT 09/01/96		

HAZARDOUS INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM

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Master list - Location Sequence , All Items

List All NSNs

er	NSN	Nomenclature	Military Spec.	Price Per I/S	Qty On Hand	V/P	U/I
C/A Qty	Low	High	Weight I/S	Volume I/S	VOC	Remarks	
8040-00-273-8716		ADHESIVE	MM-A-121	0.30	1	0	OK
1	1	5	0.00 OZ	0.25 QT	0	TYPE II T4 12 MONTHS REINSP 7/96	

Total Line Items: 193

Total Cost: 9652.58

DOC IDENT		RI FROM		STOCK NUMBER		QUANTITY		DOCUMENT NUMBER		SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS		FUND		DISTRIBUTION		PROJECT		PRIORITY		REQ DATE		ADVISE		RI	
1		2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13	
14		15		16		17		18		19		20		21		22		23		24		25		26	
27		28		29		30		31		32		33		34		35		36		37		38		39	
40		41		42		43		44		45		46		47		48		49		50		51		52	
53		54		55		56		57		58		59		60		61		62		63		64		65	
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196		197		198		199		200		201		202		203		204		205		206		207		208	
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469		470		471		472		473		474		475		476		477		478		479		480		481	
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560		561		562		563		564		565		566		567		568		569		570		571		572	
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586		587		588		589		590		591		592		593		594		595		596		597		598	
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755		756		757		758		759		760		761		762		763		764		765		766		767	
768		769		770		771		772		773		774		775		776		777		778		779		780	
781		782		783		784		785		786		787		788		789		790		791		792		793	
794		795		796		797		798		799		800		801		802		803		804		805		806	
807		808		809		810		811		812		813		814		815		816		817		818		819	
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898		899		900		901		902		903		904		905		906		907		908		909		910	
911		912		913		914		915		916		917		918		919		920		921		922		923	
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963		964		965		966		967		968		969		970		971		972		973		974		975	
976		977		978		979		980		981		982													

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IDENT FROM		FSC		STOCK NUMBER		ADD		UNIT OF ISSUE		QUANTITY		DOCUMENT NUMBER		SERIAL		SUFFIX		SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS		SIGNATURE		DISTRIBUTION		PROJECT		PRIORITY		REC'D DATE		ADVISE		B1							
6756		105441529		BT		013		V20632		5191		7086																											
SHIPPED FROM										SHIP TO										MARK FOR										PROJECT									
USS SAIPAN (LHA-2)										PWC NORFOLK																				95-31937									
WAREHOUSE LOCATION										TYPE OF CARGO		UNIT PACK		UNIT WEIGHT		UNIT CUBE		UFC		NMFC		FREIGHT RATE		DOCUMENT DATE		MAT COND		QUANTITY											
SUBSTITUTE DATA (ITEM ORIGINALLY REQUESTED)										FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION NOMENCLATURE																													
										CORROSIVE LIQUID NOS (ALKALINE INGREDIENTS)										8, UNITS										PG II, DOG									
										ITEM NOMENCLATURE										KODAK FIXER & REPLENISHER																			
SELECTED BY AND DATE										TYPE OF CONTAINER(S)		TOTAL WEIGHT		RECEIVED BY AND DATE		INSPECTED BY AND DATE																							
8X 802 BT										BT				7-10-95		Joseph Grillo																							
PACKED BY AND DATE										NO. OF CONTAINERS		TOTAL CUBE		WAREHOUSED BY AND DATE		WAREHOUSE LOCATION																							
										8																													
REMARKS										APPROVED FOR TRANSFER																													
USED / RP										John Lucero 153 USN										BY DIRECTION																			
POST DESTINATION ADDRESS										DATE SHIPPED																													
TRANSPORTATION CHARGEABLE TO										14 BILLING AWW OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)										15 RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER																			

Form 1348-1, JUL 91
10102-LF-013-7500

PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED

DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE/RECEIPT DOCU

IDENT FROM		FSC		STOCK NUMBER		ADD		UNIT OF ISSUE		QUANTITY		DOCUMENT NUMBER		SERIAL		SUFFIX		SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS		SIGNATURE		DISTRIBUTION		PROJECT		PRIORITY		REC'D DATE		ADVISE		B1							
6756		105441529		BT		008		V20632		5191		7086																											
SHIPPED FROM										SHIP TO										MARK FOR										PROJECT									
USS SAIPAN (LHA-2)										PWC NORFOLK																				95-31935									
WAREHOUSE LOCATION										TYPE OF CARGO		UNIT PACK		UNIT WEIGHT		UNIT CUBE		UFC		NMFC		FREIGHT RATE		DOCUMENT DATE		MAT COND		QUANTITY											
SUBSTITUTE DATA (ITEM ORIGINALLY REQUESTED)										FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION NOMENCLATURE																													
										NON - REGULATED																													
										ITEM NOMENCLATURE										FIXER & REPLENISHER PART A & B																			
SELECTED BY AND DATE										TYPE OF CONTAINER(S)		TOTAL WEIGHT		RECEIVED BY AND DATE		INSPECTED BY AND DATE																							
8X 1 QUART										08				7-10-95		Joseph Grillo																							
PACKED BY AND DATE										NO. OF CONTAINERS		TOTAL CUBE		WAREHOUSED BY AND DATE		WAREHOUSE LOCATION																							
										BT																													
REMARKS										APPROVED FOR TRANSFER																													
USED / RP										John Lucero 153 USN										BY DIRECTION																			
POST DESTINATION ADDRESS										DATE SHIPPED																													
TRANSPORTATION CHARGEABLE TO										14 BILLING AWW OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)										15 RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER																			

Form 1348-1, JUL 91
10102-LF-013-7500

PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED

DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE/RECEIPT DOCU

STOCK NUMBER 6850 010228410										QUANTITY 6										DOCUMENT NUMBER V20632 5191 7000										SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS BT 008										FUND DISTRIBUTION 51										PROJECT 95-31938																																																											
SHIP TO SAIPAN (LHA-2) PWC NORFOLK										MARK FOR										PROJECT																																																																																									
CATION										TYPE OF CARGO										UNIT PACK										UNIT WEIGHT										UNIT CUBE										UFC										NMFC										FREIGHT RATE										DOCUMENT DATE										MAT COND										QUANTITY									
A (ITEM ORIGINALLY REQUESTED)										FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION NOMENCLATURE NON-REGULATED / PH 5.0 - 7.0										ITEM NOMENCLATURE BLEACH II PART A																																																																																									
BY AND DATE X 1 QUART										TYPE OF CONTAINER(S) 6 DB										TOTAL WEIGHT										RECEIVED BY AND DATE 7-10-95 Joseph Brito										INSPECTED BY AND DATE																																																																					
Y AND DATE										NO OF CONTAINERS BT										TOTAL CUBE										WAREHOUSED BY AND DATE										WAREHOUSE LOCATION																																																																					
ED/RP										CC										DD										EE										FF										GG																																																											
ON ADDRESS										DATE SHIPPED										12										14 B/LADING AWB OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)										15 RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER																																																																					
TION CHARGEABLE TO										14 B/LADING AWB OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)										15 RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER																																																																																									

1 JUL 91 3-7500 PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE/RECEIPT DOCUMENT 2

STOCK NUMBER 6810 00 264 6525										QUANTITY BT 0001										DOCUMENT NUMBER V20632 5188 70B1										SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS BT 0001										FUND DISTRIBUTION 51										PROJECT 95-31938																																																											
SHIP TO SS SAIPAN LHA 2 V20632										MARK FOR PWC NORVA										PROJECT																																																																																									
CATION										TYPE OF CARGO										UNIT PACK										UNIT WEIGHT										UNIT CUBE										UFC										NMFC										FREIGHT RATE										DOCUMENT DATE										MAT COND										QUANTITY									
A (ITEM ORIGINALLY REQUESTED)										FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION NOMENCLATURE U (non) REG										ITEM NOMENCLATURE POTASSIUM DICHROMATE																																																																																									
BY AND DATE										TYPE OF CONTAINER(S) BT										TOTAL WEIGHT 5 LB										RECEIVED BY AND DATE 7-7-95										INSPECTED BY AND DATE																																																																					
AND DATE										NO OF CONTAINERS 1										TOTAL CUBE										WAREHOUSED BY AND DATE										WAREHOUSE LOCATION																																																																					
X 5 LB										CC										DD										EE										FF										GG																																																											
ON ADDRESS										DATE SHIPPED										12										14 B/LADING AWB OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)										15 RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER																																																																					
TION CHARGEABLE TO										14 B/LADING AWB OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)										15 RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER																																																																																									

1 JUL 91 3-7500 PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE/RECEIPT DOCUMENT 2

STOCK NUMBER		QUANTITY		DOCUMENT NUMBER		SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS		FUND		DISTRIBUTION		PROJECT		PRIORITY		RECEIVED DATE		ADVISE		TOTAL PR	
6830 00352 6569		BT 0001		V 20632 5188		70B3														DOLLARS	
SHIP FROM USS SAIPAN LHA2				SHIP TO PWC NORVA				MARK FOR				PROJECT				TOTAL PR DOLLARS					
V20632				Q-50																	
HOUSE LOCATION		TYPE OF CARGO		UNIT PACK		UNIT WEIGHT		UNIT CUBE		UFC		NMFC		FREIGHT RATE		DOCUMENT DATE		MAT COND		QUANTITY	
G		H		I		J		K		L		M		N		O		P		S	
STUTUTE DATA (ITEM ORIGINALLY REQUESTED)				FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION NOMENCLATURE																	
				U NON RES																	
				ITEM NOMENCLATURE																	
				x ANSTAC-2M CLEANING AGENT																	
SELECTED BY AND DATE				TYPE OF CONTAINER(S)				TOTAL WEIGHT				RECEIVED BY AND DATE				INSPECTED BY AND DATE					
				BT								7-7-8									
PACKED BY AND DATE				NO OF CONTAINERS				TOTAL CUBE				WAREHOUSED BY AND DATE				WAREHOUSE LOCATION					
				1																	
MARKS												APPROVED F/TRANSFER									
ST DESTINATION ADDRESS				DATE SHIPPED				DD				DO: Unigard				EE					
TRANSPORTATION CHARGEABLE TO				14 BLADING. AWB. OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)				15 RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER													

Form 1348-1, JUL 91
0102-LF-013-7500

PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED

DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE/RECEIPT DOC

STOCK NUMBER		QUANTITY		DOCUMENT NUMBER		SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS		FUND		DISTRIBUTION		PROJECT		PRIORITY		RECEIVED DATE		ADVISE		TOTAL PR	
4240 00174 1365		EA 5		V 20632 5188		70B4														DOLLARS	
SHIP FROM USS SAIPAN LHA2				SHIP TO PWC NORVA				MARK FOR				PROJECT				TOTAL PR DOLLARS					
V20632				Q-50																	
HOUSE LOCATION		TYPE OF CARGO		UNIT PACK		UNIT WEIGHT		UNIT CUBE		UFC		NMFC		FREIGHT RATE		DOCUMENT DATE		MAT COND		QUANTITY	
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				ITEM NOMENCLATURE																	
				x OBA CANISTER 5.1 UN 30859 II Broom PERSONAL																	
SELECTED BY AND DATE				TYPE OF CONTAINER(S)				TOTAL WEIGHT				RECEIVED BY AND DATE				INSPECTED BY AND DATE					
				CANISTER												30859 II					
PACKED BY AND DATE				NO OF CONTAINERS				TOTAL CUBE				WAREHOUSED BY AND DATE				WAREHOUSE LOCATION					
				5																	
MARKS												APPROVED F/TRANSFER									
ST DESTINATION ADDRESS				DATE SHIPPED				DD				DO: Unigard				EE					
TRANSPORTATION CHARGEABLE TO				14 BLADING. AWB. OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)				15 RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER													
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0102-LF-013-7500

PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED

DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE/RECEIPT DOC

STOCK NUMBER										QUANTITY										DOCUMENT NUMBER										SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS										FUND DISTRIBUTION										PROJECT										PRIORITY										RECEIVED DATE										RECEIVED BY																																																	
6810 00527 2476										BT 002										V20632 5188 70BO																																																																																																													
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1 JUL 91 13:7500 PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE/RECEIPT DOCUMENT 2

STOCK NUMBER										QUANTITY										DOCUMENT NUMBER										SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS										FUND DISTRIBUTION										PROJECT										PRIORITY										RECEIVED DATE										RECEIVED BY																																																	
6850-01793736										CN 00007										V20632 5188 70A9																																																																																																													
USS Saipan (LHA)										PWC										G 58																																																																																																													
V20632																																																																																																																																	
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1 JUL 91 7500 PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE/RECEIPT DOCUMENT 2

DOC CENT		PI FROM		STOCK NUMBER		QUANTITY		DOCUMENT NUMBER		SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS		FUND		DISTRIBUTION		PROJECT		PRIORITY		REC'D DEL DATE		ADVICE		RI		UNIT PRICE DOLLARS			
9160		00-263-8757		0000		V20632		51877027																					
SHIP TO USS SAIPAN LHA2										MARK FOR PROJECT										TOTAL PRICE DOLLARS									
V20632										PWC										Q-50									
WAREHOUSE LOCATION		TYPE OF CARGO		UNIT PACK		UNIT WEIGHT		UNIT CUBE		UFC		NMFC		FREIGHT RATE		DOCUMENT DATE		MAT COND		QUANTITY									
G		H		I		J		K		L		M		N		O		P		Q		R		S					
SUBSTITUTE DATA (ITEM ORIGINALLY REQUESTED)										FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION NOMENCLATURE																			
										U NOW REC																			
										ITEM NOMENCLATURE																			
										X Tallow GREASE																			
SELECTED BY AND DATE		TYPE OF CONTAINER(S)		TOTAL WEIGHT		RECEIVED BY AND DATE		INSPECTED BY AND DATE																					
1		2 CN		3		7-7-95		8																					
PACKED BY AND DATE		NO OF CONTAINERS		TOTAL CUBE		WAREHOUSED BY AND DATE		WAREHOUSE LOCATION																					
4		5 1		6		9		10																					
REMARKS										APPROVED FOR TRANSFER																			
1X5CB										J. A. J. AZ																			
FIRST DESTINATION ADDRESS										DATE SHIPPED																			
BB										CC										DD									
TRANSPORTATION CHARGEABLE TO										14 BILLING AWB OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)										15 RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER									
										FF										GG									

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PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED

DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE RECEIPT DOCUMENT

DOC CENT		PI FROM		STOCK NUMBER		QUANTITY		DOCUMENT NUMBER		SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS		FUND		DISTRIBUTION		PROJECT		PRIORITY		REC'D DEL DATE		ADVICE		RI		UNIT PRICE DOLLARS			
16750		00 201 1199		BT GO 31		V20632		51887022																					
SHIP TO USS SAIPAN LHA2										MARK FOR PROJECT										TOTAL PRICE DOLLARS									
V20632										PWC NORVA																			
WAREHOUSE LOCATION		TYPE OF CARGO		UNIT PACK		UNIT WEIGHT		UNIT CUBE		UFC		NMFC		FREIGHT RATE		DOCUMENT DATE		MAT COND		QUANTITY									
G		H		I		J		K		L		M		N		O		P		Q		R		S					
SUBSTITUTE DATA (ITEM ORIGINALLY REQUESTED)										FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION NOMENCLATURE																			
										CORROSIVE LIQUID W.O.S										8 UN1760 PG 7 DOZ									
										ITEM NOMENCLATURE																			
										X FIXER/REPLENISHES										Sulfuric Acid									
SELECTED BY AND DATE		TYPE OF CONTAINER(S)		TOTAL WEIGHT		RECEIVED BY AND DATE		INSPECTED BY AND DATE																					
1		2 B7		3		7-7-95		8																					
PACKED BY AND DATE		NO OF CONTAINERS		TOTAL CUBE		WAREHOUSED BY AND DATE		WAREHOUSE LOCATION																					
4		5 3		6		9		10																					
REMARKS										APPROVED F/ TRANSFER																			
31502										DD. A. J. V. V. V.																			
FIRST DESTINATION ADDRESS										DATE SHIPPED																			
BB										CC										DD									
TRANSPORTATION CHARGEABLE TO										14 BILLING AWB OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)										15 RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER									
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DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE RECEIPT DOCUMENT

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LOC CENT		R FROM		M S		STOCK NUMBER		FSC		NIN		ADD		UNIT OF ISSUE		QUANTITY		DOCUMENT NUMBER		REQUISITIONER		DATE		SERIAL		SUFFIX SERV		SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS		FUND		DISTRIBUTION		PROJECT		PRIORITY		RECD DEL DATE		ADVISE		Ri		TOTAL PR DOLLARS			
						6850-002646573										1		V20632		5181		7013																									
SHIPED FROM USS Saipan (LHA-2) V20632														SHIP TO PWC NORVA														MARK FOR PROJECT 95-15325														TOTAL PR DOLLARS					
WAREHOUSE LOCATION														TYPE OF CARGO		UNIT PACK		UNIT WEIGHT		UNIT CUBE		UFC		N MFC		FREIGHT RATE		DOCUMENT DATE		MAT COND		QUANTITY															
SUBSTITUTE DATA (ITEM ORIGINALLY REQUESTED)														FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION NOMENCLATURE U NON REG														ITEM NOMENCLATURE X DESSICANT ACTIVATED																			
SELECTED BY AND DATE														TYPE OF CONTAINER(S) LN		TOTAL WEIGHT		TOTAL CUBE		RECEIVED BY AND DATE 7-6-95		INSPECTED BY AND DATE																									
PACKED BY AND DATE														NO OF CONTAINERS 1		TOTAL CUBE		WAREHOUSED BY AND DATE		WAREHOUSE LOCATION																											
MARKS														APPROVED FOR TRANSFER																																	
RST DESTINATION ADDRESS														DATE SHIPPED		RECEIVED BY AND DATE 7-6-95																															
TRANSPORTATION CHARGEABLE TO														BLADING AWB OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)														RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER																			

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N 0102-LF-013-7500

PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED

DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE/RECEIPT DOCU

LOC CENT		R FROM		M S		STOCK NUMBER		FSC		NIN		ADD		UNIT OF ISSUE		QUANTITY		DOCUMENT NUMBER		REQUISITIONER		DATE		SERIAL		SUFFIX SERV		SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS		FUND		DISTRIBUTION		PROJECT		PRIORITY		RECD DEL DATE		ADVISE		Ri		TOTAL PR DOLLARS					
						6810-00107-1510										1		V20632																															
SHIPED FROM USS Saipan (LHA-2) V20632														SHIP TO PWC Q-50														MARK FOR PROJECT														TOTAL PR DOLLARS							
WAREHOUSE LOCATION														TYPE OF CARGO		UNIT PACK		UNIT WEIGHT		UNIT CUBE		UFC		N MFC		FREIGHT RATE		DOCUMENT DATE		MAT COND		QUANTITY																	
SUBSTITUTE DATA (ITEM ORIGINALLY REQUESTED)														FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION NOMENCLATURE U														ITEM NOMENCLATURE X WATER DISTILLED/DEIONIZED																					
SELECTED BY AND DATE														TYPE OF CONTAINER(S) LN		TOTAL WEIGHT		TOTAL CUBE		RECEIVED BY AND DATE 7-6-95		INSPECTED BY AND DATE																											
PACKED BY AND DATE														NO OF CONTAINERS 1		TOTAL CUBE		WAREHOUSED BY AND DATE		WAREHOUSE LOCATION																													
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TRANSPORTATION CHARGEABLE TO														BLADING AWB OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)														RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER																					

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N 0102-LF-013-7500

PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED

DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE/RECEIPT DOCU

SHIP TO										MARK FOR										PROJECT																			
SAIPAN LHA										PNC										95-15327																			
V20632										NORVA																													
ITEM ORIGINALLY REQUESTED										FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION NOMENCLATURE																													
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BY AND DATE										TYPE OF CONTAINER(S)										TOTAL WEIGHT										RECEIVED BY AND DATE									
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CHARGEABLE TO										14 BILLING AWB, OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)										15 RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER																			

JUL 91 17500 PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE/RECEIPT DOCUMENT 2

SHIP TO										MARK FOR										PROJECT																			
SAIPAN (LHA-2)										PNC										95-15326																			
V20637										Q-58																													
ITEM ORIGINALLY REQUESTED										FREIGHT CLASSIFICATION NOMENCLATURE																													
U NON										RSC																													
ITEM NOMENCLATURE										X HAND CLEANER																													
BY AND DATE										TYPE OF CONTAINER(S)										TOTAL WEIGHT										RECEIVED BY AND DATE									
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AND DATE										NO OF CONTAINERS										TOTAL CUBE										WAREHOUSED BY AND DATE									
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ON ADDRESS										DATE SHIPPED										EE										GG									
CHARGEABLE TO										14 BILLING AWB, OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)										15 RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER																			

JUL 91 00 PREVIOUS EDITION MAY BE USED DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE/RECEIPT DOCUMENT 2

DOC IDENT		RI FROM	M & S	STOCK NUMBER										QUANTITY		DOCUMENT NUMBER										SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS		FUND	DISTRI-BUTION	PROJ-ECT	PRI-ORITY	REC'D DEL DATE	ADVICE	RI	UNIT DOLLAR																																							
				685D00DC0438										BT 00001		V20632																																																										
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FIRST DESTINATION ADDRESS															DATE SHIPPED																																																											
13 TRANSPORTATION CHARGEABLE TO															14 BILLING A/WB OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)															15 RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER																																												

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DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE/RECEIPT

DOC IDENT		RI FROM	M & S	STOCK NUMBER										QUANTITY		DOCUMENT NUMBER										SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS		FUND	DISTRI-BUTION	PROJ-ECT	PRI-ORITY	REC'D DEL DATE	ADVICE	RI	UNIT DOLLAR																																							
				8030-00N075375										CN 00001		V20632																																																										
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WAREHOUSE LOCATION										TYPE OF CARGO					UNIT PACK					UNIT WEIGHT					UNIT CUBE					UFC					N MFC					FREIGHT RATE					DOCUMENT DATE					MAT COND					QUANTITY																			
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13 TRANSPORTATION CHARGEABLE TO															14 BILLING A/WB OR RECEIVER'S SIGNATURE (AND DATE)															15 RECEIVER'S DOCUMENT NUMBER																																												

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DOD SINGLE LINE ITEM RELEASE/RECEIPT

STOCK NUMBER										QUANTITY										DOCUMENT NUMBER										SUPPLEMENTARY ADDRESS										FUND DISTRIBUTION										PROJECT										PRIORITY										RECEIVED DATE										ADVICE										TOTAL PRICE DOLLARS																																							
78300N374 BT00001 V20632 5181 70N6										SHIP TO										PWC										MARK FOR										PROJECT																																																																																									
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LOCATION										TYPE OF CARGO										UNIT PACK										UNIT WEIGHT										UNIT CUBE										UFC										NMFC										FREIGHT RATE										DOCUMENT DATE										MAT COND										QUANTITY																													
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SHIPPED FROM	USS SAIPAN LHA-2	PWC	Q-50																				
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SHIPPED FROM	USS Saipan (LHA-2)	PWC	Q-50																				
WAREHOUSE LOCATION	V20632	B	PWC																				
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APPENDIX B

COMNAVBASE NORVA (5090/5)

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS HAZARDOUS WASTE MINIMIZATION, REUTILIZATION AND DISPOSAL GUIDE

COMNAVBASE NORFOLK ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS
HAZARDOUS WASTE DIVISION

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HAZARDOUS MATERIALS/HAZARDOUS WASTE (HM/HW) MINIMIZATION REUTILIZATION AND DISPOSAL GUIDE

The information compiled here is provided to assist you in properly managing hazardous materials/hazardous waste (HM/HW), oil, and asbestos at Naval Base, Norfolk. The goal of proper management of these materials is to order only what you need and use what you order. For excess material, if it was purchased within thirty days, you may return the material for exchange or refund. The next priority is to find another user; the last resort is to turn in the material to Public Works Center (PWC), Norfolk, for disposal. For additional information, please call Commander, Naval Base (COMNAVBASE), Norfolk Environmental Programs Department, Leslee Oberg-Carpenter or Mr. Duane Gielda at 444-3009.

All Naval Air Station (NAS) Norfolk commands must contact the Facility Maintenance Department (FMD) before disposing of HM/HW. All DD Forms 1348-1 must be signed by authorized persons at FMD before disposal can be completed. FMD can be reached at 444-0600. (See APPENDIX 6 for more detailed information.)

MINIMIZATION

The first step towards reducing HW generation is through reduction in HM procurement. Minimizing the amount of HM purchased not only reduces the amount of HW generated but also saves man hours required to reutilize or manage the HM as HW. To minimize HW generation do the following:

A. MATERIAL SUBSTITUTION AND INVENTORY CONTROL

1. Review work practices to determine if non-HM or a material with less hazardous constituents may be substituted. Technical manual guidance must, however, be the prevailing factor in any decision to use substitute materials.

2. Buy only the amount of HM needed for a particular job. Fleet and Industrial Supply Center (FISC) Norfolk Paint Mart, located in Building X-218, sells any amount of paint and paint related materials in small units of issue, such as 1 quart or 1 pint. Required documents are a completed DD Form 1348-1A or NAVSUP Form 1250 and a FISC Serve Mart card. To ease shopping at Serve Mart and Paint Mart, their program and entire inventory can be copied onto two computer disks. This service is provided for free,

but the Command must supply the disks. Call FISC Norfolk Serve Mart (Bldg. W-135) at 444-2263 for more information.

3. Review inventory, rotate stock and use materials with shortest expiration date first.

B. HAZARDOUS INVENTORY CONTROL SYSTEM (HICS)

Another way to manage HM and greatly minimize HW generation is to acquire the Hazardous Inventory Control System (HICS). HICS is a software program developed at Naval Air Weapons Station, Pt. Mugu which minimizes the amount of excess HM through centralizing the procurement, storage, issue, reuse and disposal of HM. Properly managed, a 70 % reduction of HM/HW disposal can be realized. To learn more about HICS, call FISC Customer Service at 444-8273.

REUTILIZATION

Reutilization is the next priority in the disposal of HM. See APPENDIX 1 for an abbreviated flow chart of how to reutilize and dispose of HM. Specific reutilization methods are discussed below.

A. HAZARDOUS MATERIAL (HM) RETURN TO SUPPLY

1. If you purchase HM and find that you cannot use all that you have purchased, return to NAS Supply or FISC/Defense Depot Norfolk VA (DDNV) within 30 days for an exchange or refund. (See APPENDIX 2 for specific details.) You must have an original copy of the DD Form 1348-1 showing that the material was shipped from NAS Supply or FISC/DDNV. The Julian date on the 1348-1 must not be more than thirty days old. Bring both the material and an original copy of the DD Form 1348-1 to the Fleet Liaison Section, in the Customer Service Divisions, Fleet Support Branch located on the first floor in Bldg. W-143 or to the NAS Supply Department, Building V-53. For further directions, please call FISC/DDNV, 444-4047/1926 or NAS Supply Department, 444-3276.

B. EXTEND SHELF LIFE

If the material you have is expired, don't panic! Many times the shelf life of a material can be extended. Always extend the shelf life before continuing with other disposal alternatives.

All shelf-life material is either Type I or Type II. Approximately ten percent is Type I and cannot be extended. Ninety percent, on the other hand, is Type II with an extendible shelf-

life. In-house inspections and tests are good enough for most of your material. It is, however, often difficult for personnel to find descriptions of the specific inspections or tests required to extend the shelf-life of particular items. There is no single source of test information. GSA and all military services except the Navy have developed separate storage standards.

Since the Navy has not yet developed storage standards, shelf-life extension inspections and tests on Navy-managed material must rely on locally developed instructions and old-fashioned common sense. For most Type II material, shelf-life extension tests are not complicated, do not require a laboratory, and can be done on the spot by anyone with a minimum of training. They are usually nothing more than visual checks for damage or deterioration.

For example, shelf-life extension of paint can be accomplished according to the Federal Standard 793, "Depot Storage Standards". "End users are authorized and encouraged to examine paint using FED-STD-793 guidelines or by using practical, end-use related tests to determine if the materials still meets their intended use. End users may extend the shelf-life as long as the paint performs satisfactorily for their needs." Recent discussions with Navy and Commercial authorities on paints and coatings support this determination. Even though the expiration date may have passed, your examination of the material is the final determinant of the usefulness of GSA paint you have purchased. Therefore, before disposing of paint because it's shelf-life has expired, you are strongly encouraged to review FED-STD-793, paragraph 4. For further assistance in determining if the shelf-life can be extended, call Mr. Jim Merritt, at 444-1096. or contact your Supply Officer.

Defense General Supply Center (DGSC) in Richmond, VA has a Quality Status List (QSL) which extends certain Type II Federal Stock Class (FSC) material. Included on the QSL are FSCs: 6635, 6750, 6810, 6840, 6850, 9110, 9150, and 9160. To obtain a copy of the microfiche that show the shelf-life extensions call Jim Lewis at DSN 695-4140 or commercial 1-279-4140.

C. CROSSDECKING/FISC "SMART BUY" PROGRAM

If you cannot use the material before its shelf life expires, crossdecking it, i.e., finding someone else (another activity, squadron, or command) who uses the same material and giving it to them, is the next best alternative. Before crossdecking, extend the shelf life (see above). Crossdecking saves you from having to

manage the material as HW and saves us, as taxpayers, disposal costs.

Crossdeck by:

1. Calling other activities to let them know what your inventory is and arranging for the transfer of the material.

2. Submitting a complete inventory of the material you want to crossdeck to FISC Norfolk's Hazardous Materials Management Division. They will advertise the material, through the "Flash" bulletin's "Smart Buy" program, which is distributed regularly. The Flash is also a good source to identify material that you want to procure, since it is distributed free of charge. For more information or to get on the Flash distribution list, call Craig Hughes or Garry Humphries at 444-7566.

D. DEFENSE DEPOT, NORFOLK VA. (DDNV)

If the procurement date of the material is greater than 30 days, the shelf-life of the material cannot be extended, or the material cannot be crossdecked, it may be possible to return the material to DDNV. The following requirements apply:

1. The material must be in Class A condition. It must be new material with NO scratches, dents, or rust on the container. Material must have original labels and be in the same unit of issue as originally issued. (For example: if the material was issued as 12 items to a box, you must have 12 items to return to DDNV).

2. The material must have at least 6 months of shelf life remaining. **Extend shelf life if at all possible, before returning to DDNV.** (See Shelf-Life extension section above).

3. The material must be accompanied by a completed DD Form 1348-1. Your Supply Office has copies of this form.

4. DDNV POC is Mr. William Alexander at 444-1167.

5. If DDNV issues incorrect or defective material, see APPENDIX 2 for specific instructions.

E. NAVAL AIR STATION (NAS) NORFOLK RECYCLE/REUSE PAINT STORE

NAS Norfolk Recycle/Reuse Paint Store accepts paint, hydraulic fluids, and lube oils that have expired, but not been used. The

paint is re-issued for purposes other than those originally intended (example: expired aircraft paint may be used to paint office furniture). Before delivering HM to Building SP-83, call Mr. Larry Odietus to ensure acceptance at 444-4944.

1. Only commands on NAS Norfolk may turn in materials at this reuse store, however, **any command may pick up materials for reuse--free of charge**. No paperwork is required for pick up of materials. Requirements for turn in are:

a. All containers must be non-leaking and in good condition, e.g. no rust or dents, and must have the original label intact.

b. The generator must deliver to Building SP-83. Call for an appointment at 444-4944.

c. A completed DD Form 1348-1 is required for turn-in.

F. DEFENSE REUTILIZATION AND MARKETING OFFICE (DRMO), NORFOLK

DRMO Norfolk can accept any material for reuse that DDNV or FISC Norfolk cannot accept. Remember: Extending the shelf-life, crossdecking and returning to DDNV or FISC Norfolk are first priorities for reuse of good materials. Call DRMO Norfolk at 445-4450 to ensure acceptance and coordinate turn-in of material. Turn in requirements are as follows:

1. Items may be expired, but containers should be in good condition--not too rusted or dented.

2. If kits are being turned in, all parts of the kit must be included.

3. Paperwork required:

a. Completed DD Form 1348-1, (SEE APPENDIX 3).

b. MSDS

c. OSHA Hazardous Chemical Warning Label (APPENDIX 4)
Only adhesive type labels are acceptable.

Examples of materials that DRMO Norfolk will accept:

- a. all flammable materials (solvents, paints, etc.)
- b. all photographic chemicals
- c. corrosives

- d. used synthetic oils and used synthetic hydraulic fluids
- e. mercuric nitrate
- f. cleaning compounds
- g. greases

If your HM is rejected by DRMO Norfolk, please request a "917 rejection form." This form provides specific information explaining why your HM was rejected. After making the necessary corrections, return the HM to DRMO Norfolk for reutilization.

DISPOSAL

If a hazardous material is used or if it becomes a HW after all other routes of utilization or disposal have been attempted, the last management alternative is PWC. PWC Norfolk is our HW transport and disposal agent. They pick up HW at Hazardous Waste Accumulation Areas (HWAA) and at specific pier locations on a reimbursable basis (see APPENDIX 5). The POC for HW pick ups is Mr. Bill Whitmire at 444-7528. HW pick ups can be scheduled as follows:

A. SHORE COMMANDS:

1. With an established 90 day HWAA: call PWC Norfolk for a pick up at least 1 month prior to the 90 day accumulation start date expiration, or as soon as the drum is full. The ships have priority over shore commands, sometimes causing delays in shore command HW pick ups. Call PWC Norfolk at 444-7528 to schedule a HW pick up.

2. Without an established 90 day HWAA: Call PWC Norfolk at 444-7528 to schedule a pick-up. (If you need to establish a 90 day HWAA, contact Leslee Oberg-Carpenter, COMNAVBASE Norfolk Environmental Programs Department at 444-3009. COMNAVBASE Norfolk Environmental is the only Department on Naval Base, Norfolk that can establish 90 day HWAA's).

B. SHIPS

1. Ships in local private shipyards: Allow at least 1 week for scheduled pick up. Call PWC Norfolk at 444-7528.

2. Ships at Naval Station, Norfolk piers:

a. **Less than 4 pallets of HM/HW:** There are several PWC Norfolk HW pick up points on the piers for less than four pallets of HM/HW. HW can be dropped off only at these specific piers listed below and the corresponding times. A person from the ship must accompany the HW from the time it leaves the ship to the time it is picked up by PWC Norfolk for disposal.

Pier pick-up schedule is:

Monday - Friday

0800-0930	Piers 5 and 11
0945-1100	Pier 24
1300-1400	Between Piers 21 and 22 (Across from the piers next to the fence).

b. **More than 4 pallets of HM/HW:** An offload conference is required for disposing of four or more pallets of HM/HW. Call COMNAVBASE Norfolk, Duane Gielda at 444-3009 to schedule a conference.

IT IS A VIOLATION OF STATE AND FEDERAL LAW TO ABANDON HW ON PIERS.

C. PACKAGING/ PAPERWORK REQUIREMENTS:

1. Tri-Wall Boxes are not authorized for turn in of HW. They increase disposal costs because of increased sorting time and risk incompatibility reactions.

2. For various container sizes of waste paint, segregate according to container size and prepare one DD Form 1348-1 for each different size group of containers.

3. Paperwork required for turn in of HM/HW to PWC Norfolk: Completed DD-Form 1348-1 (see APPENDIX 3). Indicate on the form in Block AA the process generating waste, e.g., painting, degreasing, vapor cleaning, boiler cleaning, etc. Please have the DD-Form 1348-1 completed prior to turn-in to ensure prompt service.

4. All NAS Norfolk HWAA Custodians must contact FMD at 4-0600 before calling PWC for a pick-up. (See APPENDIX 6)

SPECIFIC TYPES OF WASTE

A. PAINTS

1. Waste paint is the largest single HW disposal item at Naval Base, Norfolk. See APPENDIX 6 for Paint Disposal Costs. Therefore, reduction of waste paint generation should be a high priority for all commands. All precautions should be taken not to order more paint than a particular job requires. If you find that you have extra unused paint, follow the procedures under "REUTILIZATION" in this guide.

2. If the paint is a HW, (is no longer usable due to product damage), it must be disposed. Call PWC Norfolk for a pick up at 444-7528. A completed DD Form 1348-1 is required for turn in. (See APPENDIX 3).

B. USED OIL

1. Petroleum Oil: Petroleum based oils and fluids can be recycled. If petroleum and synthetic products are mixed together they cannot be recycled, but if a mixture of synthetic and petroleum products occurs, they are managed as a non-regulated waste, NOT as HW.

a. If the petroleum oil is contaminated with water and dirt only, it is not regulated as a HW. Label "USED PETROLEUM OIL". Dispose of as follows:

SHIPS: To schedule a Sewage and Waste Oil Barge (SWOB) or Oil Disposal Raft (ODR), contact Port Operations at 444-3745. If the used oil is in containers and the total volume is greater than 5 gallons, contact Port Operations at 444-3745.

NAVSTA NORFOLK SHORE COMMANDS: Contact PWC Oil Recovery at 445-1546 or 444-7528.

NAS NORFOLK COMMANDS: For used petroleum oils ONLY, (not contaminated with a HW), contact NAS Norfolk Fuel Farms at 444-2625. This service is free for NAS Norfolk commands.

b. If the petroleum oil is contaminated with a HW such as MEK or MOGAS, it is regulated as a HW and must be labeled with all contamination. These oils must be disposed of through PWC as HW, call PWC at 444-7528.

2. Synthetic based oils: Synthetic based oils cannot be recycled. Keep petroleum and synthetic based products separate!

a. If synthetic oil is contaminated with water and dirt only, it is not regulated as a HW. Label "USED SYNTHETIC OIL". Used synthetic oils can be taken to DRMO Norfolk, building SDA-204. Call DRMO Norfolk for turn in appointment at 445-4450. The command must approximate the percentage of contaminants in the synthetic oil and deliver it to DRMO Norfolk with completed DD Form 1348-1 (SEE APPENDIX 3), OSHA Warning Label and MSDS.

b. If the synthetic oil is contaminated with a HW such as MEK or MOGAS, it is regulated as a HW and must be labeled with all contamination.

3. A quick reference sheet is provided on the following page.

MATRIX FOR PETROLEUM AND SYNTHETIC BASED PRODUCTS

PRODUCT (S)	SYN	PET	PD-680	FREON	JP-4	JP-5	MOGAS	MEK
PETROLEUM	2	1	1	3	3	1	3	3
SYNTHETIC	2	2	2	3	3	2	3	3

1. RECYCLABLE, NOT HW: CALL NAS FUEL FARMS OR PWC OIL RECOVERY

SHORE COMMANDS:

NAS FUEL FARMS: 444-2625

PWC OIL RECOVERY: 445-1546/444-7528

SHIPS: CALL PORT OPS AT 444-3745

2. NOT RECYCLABLE, NOT HW: TURN IN TO DRMO FOR REUSE, TRANSFER, DONATION OR SALES.

DRMO APPOINTMENT: 445-4450

REQUIRED: MSDS, OSHA WARNING LABEL, DD FORM 1348-1

APPROXIMATE PERCENTAGES OF CONTAMINATES IN THE OIL.

3. HW: ONLY PWC CAN PICK UP AND TRANSPORT FOR DISPOSAL.

PWC HW PICK UP: 444-7528

NEED: DD FORM 1348-1

NOTE: ANY MIXTURE THAT INCLUDE PRODUCTS WHERE A NUMBER 3 RESULTS IS CONSIDERED A HW.

C. OIL FILTERS

1. Some automotive or truck oil filters contain high levels of lead and after use must be managed as hazardous waste (HW). There is no set procedure for identifying which oil filters contain lead.

2. All filters are exempted from hazardous waste management regulations if properly drained, crushed and recycled. The following disposal procedures will be used at Naval Base, Norfolk. The activity will:

a. Puncture the filter anti-drain back valve or the filter dome end and hot drain, or dismantle and hot-drain the filter for a minimum of 24 hours. Ensure that the used oil from the filter is drained into a suitable container and disposed of in accordance with this COMNAVBASE NORVA (5090/5).

b. Place drained filters in a 55 gallon steel drum. Make sure the drum is properly sealed, using the locking ring and bolt.

c. Deliver the filters to the Q-50 Metals Yard compound for recycling. Pick ups for large quantities can be arranged by contacting the Metals Recovery program manager.

d. No paperwork is required for turn-in.

4. The point of contact at the Q-50 Metals Recovery Facility is Mr. Mike Berry at 445-8700. The point of contact for this office is Leslee Oberg-Carpenter at 444-3009.

D. PD-680

1. PD-680 is a petroleum based solvent which can be recycled as long as it is not contaminated with a HW. PD-680 mixed with other **petroleum based fluids**, water or dirt should be picked up for recycling. When calling PWC Norfolk Oil Recovery, indicate that the mixture of hydraulic fluid and PD-680 is petroleum based for recycling. Label the container "used petroleum fluids with PD-680."

a. NAVSTA NORFOLK SHORE COMMANDS: Contact PWC Oil Recovery at 444-7528.

b. **NAS NORFOLK COMMANDS:** Contact NAS Norfolk Fuel Farms at 444-2625.

2. PD-680 mixed with synthetic based fluids cannot be recycled. Containers should be labeled as "used synthetic hydraulic fluid with PD-680". Deliver to DRMO Norfolk (See Reutilization section for turn-in requirements). NAS Norfolk commands see "Used Oil" section.

E. RAGS

1. Oily Rags: Rags must be placed in double plastic bags and labeled as to what they were used for, e.g., hydraulic fluid, PD 680, etc. List all contaminants on the bag. (If rags contain hazardous products like, MEK, thinner, or freon, see Hazardous Waste Rags Section below.)

a. **NAVSTA Ships:** PWC collects oily rags Tuesday and Thursday ONLY at the following times and pier locations:

1230	Pier 11
1300	Pier 5
1330	Pier 24
1400	Between Piers 21 and 22

This scheduled pier pick up is for oily rags ONLY. All other wastes pick ups are according to the pier pick up schedule in the Disposal Section of this guide.

b. **NAVSTA Shore commands:** Call PWC for an oily rag pick-up at 444-7528.

c. **NAS Norfolk commands.** An oily rags contract is in effect for NAS commands. National Linen Service will pick up and deliver to the same location, any amount of rags on a weekly schedule. A significant cost savings can be realized by using this service. (Call FMD at 444-2048/0600 for more information.)

2. Hazardous Waste (HW) Rags: Rags that have been contaminated with HM HW, such as MEK, thinner or freon must be managed as HW. They must be in a sealed container (i.e. a 55 gallon drum) for turn-in. Call PWC Norfolk for a HW pick up at 444-7528.

F. ASBESTOS

1. Commands located on the main Naval Base Norfolk complex can deliver asbestos to the Q-50-F area. A HW transporter's permit is required to transport asbestos along public highways; therefore, commands located outside the Naval base complex must call PWC Norfolk to transport and dispose of asbestos. There is a charge for transportation, in addition to the disposal charge. Hours of operation at the Q-50 area are 0700-1530, M-F. A completed DD Form 1348-1 is required for asbestos disposal.

a. Ships: For asbestos pick up contact PWC Norfolk, 445-2660. A job order number has been established for ships. A completed DD Form 1348-1 is required.

b. Shore activities: PWC Norfolk also removes asbestos (on a reimbursable basis), from pipes, buildings, etc., but only at shore commands. Contact PWC Norfolk Service Desk, 444-4431, to schedule asbestos removal or a pick up. A completed DD Form 1348-1 is required for disposal. Shore commands must have their job order number when calling for a pick up.

2. Disposal of safes and file cabinets that possibly contain asbestos: Call COMNAVBASE Norfolk Safety 445-6735/6750. They will determine if the safe or file cabinet contains asbestos. If it does contain asbestos, then it must be double wrapped in plastic by the generator and delivered to DRMO Norfolk. Before delivery to DRMO Norfolk, call for appointment and proper paperwork, 445-4450. If transportation is required, call Roland Harper at PWC Norfolk Rigger Shop, 444-2814.

G. BATTERIES

1. Lead Acid Batteries: The COMNAVBASE Resource, Recovery, and Recycling Program (RRRP) accepts recyclable lead acid batteries at the Q-50 metals yard located at the Norfolk Naval Base. Commands located at the Naval Base, Norfolk and the surrounding area may use this service. These restrictions apply:

a. Only lead acid batteries (marine, vehicular, and forklift) can be accepted.

b. Batteries must be in good condition with caps securely in place.

c. The customer must deliver the batteries to the Q-50 metals yard in a government owned vehicle.

d. Hours of operation are Monday-Friday 0700-1500.

e. No turn in document or appointment is required for turn-in to RRRP.

f. The POC at the Q-50 Metals Yard is Mr. Mike Berry at 445-8700.

g. Leaking and Damaged (cracked) Lead Acid Batteries: These must be turned in to PWC Norfolk as hazardous waste. A completed DD Form 1348-1 is required for pick up. Call 444-7548 for pick up appointment. See APPENDIX 3 for DD Form 1348-1 instruction.

2. All other batteries, such as Nickel-cadmium, mercury and lithium must be managed as HW. Turn in to PWC with appropriate paperwork (See Disposal section).

H. AEROSOL CANS

1. Empty aerosol cans, other than zinc chromate paint, lead paint and freon, can be placed in a plastic bag (no more than 25 per bag) and deposited in the metal only dumpster.

2. Zinc chromate aerosol paint cans, lead aerosol paint cans and freon aerosol cans, whether empty, full or partially full, must be turned in to PWC Norfolk for disposal. A completed DD Form 1348-1 must accompany your turn in (see APPENDIX 3).

3. All Other Partially full or full aerosol cans that contained HW are to be managed as HW, with proper labeling and a start date. **Within thirty days from the start date,** commands located on the main Base complex, can deliver the aerosol cans to the Metals Yard in the Q-50 area. The generator must have at least 60 days remaining on this waste to allow time for the cans to be processed. Only commands located on the main Base complex can transport HW on the base; a HW transporter's permit is required to transport HW along public highways. The Metals Yard is equipped to discharge the liquid from the cans and recycle the metal. Call Mr. Mike Berry 445-8700 for more information.

I. INDUSTRIAL WASTE

1. The Industrial Wastewater Treatment Plant (IWTP), on the Naval Base, Norfolk, can accept certain industrial wastes, such as sodium nitrite, hydrazine and morphaline in bulk tanker truck loads. These industrial wastes cannot be contaminated with any chelating agents such as boiler cleaning compound Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid (EDTA). IWTP cannot accept Aqueous Film Forming Foam (AFFF) except on a very limited basis. For more information, contact PWC Norfolk Environmental Laboratory at 445-8850. Guidelines for industrial waste disposal are:

- a. Allow at least one week to schedule a tanker. Contact PWC Norfolk at 444-7528.
- b. Do not mix industrial waste with any other waste. Contact PWC Norfolk at 444-7528 for more information.
- c. For boiler cleaning, if at all possible, use sodium nitrite versus EDTA. The disposal cost is less, since it can be treated at the IWTP, rather than going off-Base for disposal.

J. X-2 OR X-3 CHEMICALS

1. X-2 and X-3 chemicals can be turned in to DRMO Norfolk. Call DRMO at 445-4450 for a turn in appointment. Requirements for turn in are:

- a. When X-2 or X-3 chemicals are turned in, they must be demilitarized ("Demiled"). The Contract Number (Defense Logistics Agency Number), MIL SPEC Number, NSN Number and other identification markings must be scraped off or obliterated on each item and all packing containers. On the DD Form 1348-1, fill in the grouping class (Federal Stock Class) of the material for boxes 8-11, 00 for boxes 12 and 13, and an abbreviated description of the material for boxes 14-20. (For example: 6810 00 hy perxd). The demil code, obtained from the supply system, must appear in boxes 64 and 65.
- b. PWC will pick up, demil, and dispose of X-2 or X-3 chemicals on a reimbursable basis.

c. The following NSN X-2 spent resins must be taken to DDNV, Building Y-102, 4-1167: 6810-00-181-8321; 6810-00-181-8322; 6810-00-111-0564; 6810-00-111-0567. These NSN's are sent back to the manufacturer for refurbishing and reuse.

d. All other X-2 resins must be turned into PWC for HW disposal.

K. GAS CYLINDERS

1. If stamped "U.S. Government", "USN", "USAF", or "USA", turn the cylinder in to FISC Norfolk; Call Mr. Peterson at 444-3914, for turn in guidance.

2. If the gas cylinder is from a contractor, return to the contractor.

3. If the contractor cannot be located, return the cylinder to the manufacturer. Many times the manufacturer will pick up the cylinder free of charge to refurbish for future use. Before calling the manufacturer, be sure to obtain all identifying marks on the cylinder, such as:

- a. What material the cylinder contains.
- b. Manufacturer's name, address and phone number.
- c. Department of Transportation (DOT) number.
- d. Serial number.
- e. Service pressure.
- f. Last hydrostatic test date.
- g. Any and all other numbers or identifying marks.

4. If no manufacturer is identified on the cylinder, call Defense General Supply Center (DGSC) in Richmond, VA. with all the above information. They may be able to identify the manufacturer by the numbers and other identifying marks on the cylinder. POC at DGSC is Mr. Dean Crawford, DSN: 695-3230.

5. If the manufacturer does not want the cylinder, ask them to write a letter, on their letterhead, to Commander, Naval Base, Norfolk, stating that they donate the cylinder to the U.S. Government. When this letter is received, the cylinder can be turned in to FISC (see number 1.)

Address: Commander, Naval Base, Norfolk
Code N4

1530 Gilbert Street, Ste. 200
Norfolk, VA 23511-2797

6. If the gas cylinders were purchased in a foreign country, call COMNAVBASE Environmental Programs Department at 444-3009 for guidance.

7. Cylinders containing halon and Ozone Depleting Substance (ODS), such as freon, or chlorofluorocarbons (CFCs), have specific instructions for procurement and turn in. Please call COMNAVBASE Environmental Programs Department for specific guidance.

L. BUILDING MATERIALS

Building materials from demolition, which are suspect of containing lead or asbestos, should be analyzed before disposal. Call COMNAVBASE Environmental Programs Department at 444-3009 for guidance.

M. APPLIANCES

1. Metal appliances, such as washers and dryers may be turned in to DRMO Norfolk (Camp Allen) Metals Yard. A DD Form 1348-1 is required for turn; call 444-5600 for appointment.

2. Air conditioning units, refrigerators, freezers and any other equipment that once held freon must be certified freon free before turn in to DRMO. PWC Norfolk will evacuate freon from all equipment on a reimbursable basis. To arrange for freon evacuation, if you already have an established job order number with PWC, place a service call to PWC Norfolk at 444-4431. After the equipment is certified freon free, call DRMO for an appointment at 445-1312.

IT IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW TO VENT FREON TO THE ATMOSPHERE!

N. SILVER/SILVER RECOVERY UNITS

1. Silver recovery units used in photography shops, dental or hospital X-ray rooms contain valuable amounts of silver that can be turned in to DRMO's Precious Metals Recovery Program. They accept steel wool type silver recovery units, as well as passive silver cell cartridges and electrolytic flake silver. Specific instructions for turn-in are available in a Standard Operating

Procedure on silver recovery units. Call COMNAVBASE Norfolk Environmental Programs Department at 444-3009.

2. Photographic film and X-ray film that has been exposed can also be turned in to DRMO for silver recovery.

3. DRMO Precious Metal Recovery point of contact is Mr. Henry Stewart 444-5113.

4. A DD Form 1348-1 is required for turn-in. (see APPENDIX 3).

O. METHYL ETHYL KEYTONE PEROXIDE

Methyl ethyl keytone peroxide (MEKP) is a hardening agent used for resin and fiberglass. PWC Norfolk cannot dispose of MEKP; excess MEKP must be disposed of as HW through a separate and very costly disposal process. In order to avoid excess quantities of MEKP, resin kits, NSN 8040-01-091-3748, are available in the supply system and contain enough MEKP and resin for 1 gallon mixtures. DO NOT ORDER MEKP IN UNITS OF ONE GALLON, UNLESS SPECIFIC UNIQUE REQUIREMENTS EXISTS. If you have excess quantities of MEKP, please call COMNAVBASE Environmental Programs Department at 444-3009 for guidance.

P. NON-REGULATED WASTE

1. Some wastes are not designated as HW, but still require management to prevent pollution. For instance, used oil with only dirt and water is not regulated as HW; however, proper disposal must still be accomplished to prevent any releases to the environment such as spillage or dumping. Other examples of non-regulated waste are: used antifreeze, used synthetic oil (with no HW constituents), and non-hazardous laboratory reagents.

2. In order to prevent extra handling charges from PWC to manage non-regulated wastes, the generator can deliver them directly to DRMO, SDA-204. DRMO turn-in requirements are listed under the Reutilization section of this Guide. In general, the generator must deliver to DRMO, have a completed DD Form 1348-1 and make an appointment. If it is not known whether or not a waste is HW or non-regulated, please call COMNAVBASE Norfolk Environmental Programs Department at 444-3009.

Non-regulated items can be transported in the container they are purchased in. If many small items are alike, they can be placed in a ziplock-type plastic bag for delivery to DRMO.

Q. SPEEDY-DRY OR ABSORBENT MATERIAL

1. Speedy dry or other absorbent that has been used to absorb spills is managed the same as the HM or HW that is absorbed in it. For example, if the speedy dry was used to absorb used oil, it will be managed the same as used oily rags; if the speedy dry was used to absorb paint or paint thinner, it must be managed as a HW since paint and thinner are HW.

R. UNKNOWNNS

1. Generators must do their utmost to prevent a HW from losing its identity and becoming "unknown". However, if contents become unknown, follow the procedures outlined below.

a. SHORE COMMANDS WITH A HAZARDOUS WASTE ACCUMULATION AREA:

1. Label the container "unknown" with a start date.
2. Call PWC Norfolk Laboratory at 445-8850/8851 to have the unknown analyzed. Request characterization for disposal. Either the generator or the lab can take the sample.
3. Write on the container, the date the sample was taken and the words "Waiting for analysis".
4. When the analysis is known, proceed with segregation and disposal in the usual manner.

b. SHIPS HOME PORTED AT NAVAL BASE, NORFOLK:

1. Label the container "UNKNOWN" with any other information available, i.e., the shop, work area or process the waste came from, pertinent MSDS information or what the waste is suspected to be.

2. Waste may be turned in to PWC as usual, with a completed DD Form 1348-1. Complete analysis of the waste must be done, before disposal can be accomplished. Disposal cost will be the highest PWC Rate, Tier III, which includes analytical costs of approximately \$1000.

CONTAINER INFORMATION

A. CONTAINER PROCUREMENT

1. If original containers cannot be used to store HW in, used drums may be obtained by the following methods:

a. PWC Norfolk provides used drums when scheduling a HW pick up. Drums are exchanged on a 1:1 basis, only. There is no charge for these drums. Call 444-7528.

b. COMNAVBASE Norfolk Metals Yard in the Q-50 area has free, used drums on a limited basis. No paperwork is required, the generator must pick up. Call 445-8700.

c. DRMO Norfolk at Camp Allen issues used drums. A completed DD Form 1348-1 must be prepared, using the requisition number in boxes 30-41. The requisition number can be obtained from the supply officer or requisition officer who must also sign the DD Form 1348-1. In addition, a letter of authorization must be on file at DRMO Norfolk. There is no charge for used drums. Call 444-5600 for more information and to schedule an appointment.

2. If original containers, or used drums cannot be obtained, new drums can be purchased through FISC: call FISC Customer Service at 444-7100/7891.

55 gallon steel with bung openings: NSN 8110-00-292-9783

55 gallon steel with open tops: NSN 8110-00-823-8121

55 gallon plastic with bung opening: NSN 8110-01-150-0677

Other various container sizes are available according to your needs.

B. DISPOSAL OF EMPTY METAL CONTAINERS

1. Empty 55 gallon drums must not be placed in the metal only dumpster. Empty, smaller metal containers may be placed in the metal only dumpster. All liquid that can be removed, must be removed to prevent contamination of the dumpster. In addition, remove all lids and deposit into the metal only dumpster separately.

2. COMNAVBASE Norfolk Metals Yard, located in the Q-50 area accepts empty 55 gallon drums, as long as they are completely empty. Drums at this facility are crushed and recycled or given to commands to use for HW storage. The generator is responsible for transporting the drums to the Metals Yard. Call 445-8700 for more information.

3. Generators may also deliver empty drums to DRMO Norfolk, Camp Allen Metals Yard. Call 445-1312 to coordinate a delivery. Drums must be completely empty. A completed DD Form 1348-1 is required.

4. Transportation is available on a reimbursable basis from PWC Norfolk. If transportation is necessary contact PWC Norfolk Transportation at 444-8591/2088.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

A. RECYCLING

COMNAVBASE Norfolk operates a Recycling Program that includes aluminum cans, corrugated cardboard, white office paper, white computer paper and scrap metal (see Metal Only Dumpster, below). Information on this and other recycling programs can be obtained by calling the COMNAVBASE Resource Recovery and Recycling Program (RRRP) at 445-9683/8550.

B. METAL ONLY DUMPSTER

1. Metal only dumpsters are provided as a convenient way for a command to dispose of their scrap metal. However, many items are NOT acceptable in the metal only dumpsters. If any of the below listed items are found in the metal only dumpster, the dumpster will be rejected until the items are removed.

Wood	Trash or Garbage	Furniture
Hot Water Heaters	Washers	Dryers
Bathroom Fixtures	Compressors	Water Fountains
Air Conditioners	Refrigerators	Wire Rope > 5 ft.

Compressed Gas Cylinders		Building Supplies
Fire Extinguishers	Plaster	Plastic
Light Fixtures	Light Covers	Light Ballasts
Light Bulbs	Windows	Doors
Skylights	Tires	Fire Hoses
Garden Hoses	Hydraulic Hoses	Batteries
Concrete	Ceiling Tile	Paper

2. Paint cans may be placed in the metal only dumpster, ONLY if they are empty; all liquid paint must be physically removed, and the residual paint is dry and hardened. There must be less than one inch of dry hardened paint in the bottom of the container before it can be placed in the metal only dumpster. Remove all lids from metal containers and deposit in the metal only dumpster separately.

3. Other empty metal containers, 5-gallon or less, are accepted in the metal only dumpster only if they contain less than 1 inch of residue in the bottom.

4. The POC for metal only dumpsters is Mr. Mike Berry at 445-8700.

C. COMMAND ENVIRONMENTAL POINTS OF CONTACT

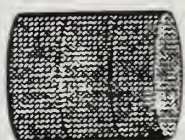
COMNAVAIRLANT	JOE KING	444-3741
COMNAVSUBLANT	LEON HUTCHINSON	444-3046
COMNAVSURFLANT	CHICK HUNDLEY	444-5660
COMNAVBASE ENVIRONMENTAL	WAYNE GIELDA	444-3009
	L. OBERG-CARPENTER	444-3009
DDNV TURN-IN REQ'MENTS	BILL ALEXANDER	444-1167
DRMO TURN-IN APPOINTMENT		445-4450
DRMO REUTILIZATION INFO	HENRY STEWART	444-5113
FISC REUSE STORE		444-7566
FOSSAC SHELF LIFE EXTENSION	JIM MERRITT	444-1096
METALS YARD TURN-IN	MIKE BERRY	445-8700
NAS Norfolk	FMD	444-0600
PWC HW TURN-IN	BILL WHITMIRE	444-7528
PWC OIL RECOVERY		444-3745

PLEASE SEE SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS FOR TURN-IN UNDER APPROPRIATE SECTION OF COMNAVBASE NORVA 5090/5, HM/HW MINIMIZATION, REUTILIZATION AND DISPOSAL GUIDE.

??



Hazardous Materials Flow Chart



2.

1.

Extend Shelf Life
Type II

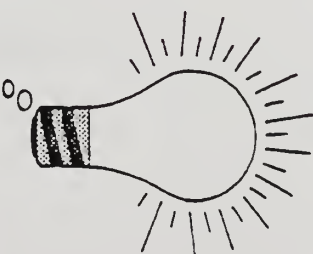
yes

no

Crossdeck
to other commands
or FIJC "Smart Buy"

3.

yes



DDNV

Class A Condition:
No Rust
No Dents/Scratches
> 6 Mos. Shelf Life
Unopened Units of Issue

no

yes



4.

DRMO

5.

PWC

Flammables
Expired Shelf Life
Opened Units of Issue
Good Containers
Complete Kits
Corrosives

no



PROCEDURES FOR PROCESSING MATERIAL EXCHANGES

The following procedures are available for use by customers in the local area when Defense Distribution Depot, Norfolk, Virginia (DDNV) issues incorrect or defective material. Customers out of the local area will use standard Report of Discrepancy (ROD) procedures.

1. MATERIAL ISSUED WITHIN 30 DAYS

a. You must have an original copy of the DD Form 1348-1 or DD Form 1348-1A showing that the material was shipped from FISC/DDNV Norfolk, VA.

b. The Julian date in the Document Date block located in block "O" of the DD Form 1348-1 or block "5" of the DD Form 1348-1A must be less than 30 days old. Document dates over 30 days old will be handled using the normal Report of Discrepancy (ROD) procedures.

c. Bring both the material and an original copy of the DD Form 1348-1 or DD Form 1348-1A to the Fleet Liaison Section, in the Customer Service Division, Fleet Support Branch located on the first floor in building W-143. If further directions are required, please call 444-4047 or 444-1926.

d. The Fleet Liaison personnel will review the material and documentation, and prepare a Material Cancellation/Exchange Program package. The customer will be directed to take the material and Material Cancellation/Exchange Program package to doorway 15 at building W-143.

e. The personnel at doorway 15 in building W-143 will take custody of the incorrect or defective material, and direct the customer to the appropriate warehouse for re-issue of the correct "A" condition material.

f. The customer will then proceed to the appropriate warehouse location to obtain their re-issue of material.

g. If the material is unable to be re-issued because there are no more assets available (NIS), the warehouse personnel will annotate the Material Cancellation/Exchange Program package.

1. The customer will then be directed to return the annotated Material Cancellation/Exchange Program package to the Fleet Liaison Section for further processing.

2. The Fleet Liaison personnel will accept the Material Cancellation/Exchange Program package from the customer. They will ascertain if the customer wants the requisition referred to the appropriate Item Manager or if the customer wants credit only. The Fleet Liaison Section will forward the Material Cancellation/Exchange Program package to DDNV, Code XV. DDNV Code XV upon receiving the Material Cancellation/Exchange Program package from the Fleet Liaison Section, will process the credit or pass the requisition as requested.

2. MATERIAL ISSUED OVER 30 DAYS

a. If the Julian date in the Document Date block located in block "O" of the DD Form 1348-1 or block "5" of the DD Form 1348-1A is over 30 days old, use normal Report of Discrepancy (ROD) procedures.

DD FORM 1348-1 INSTRUCTIONS

1. Segregate material according to Federal Stock Class (FSC), compatibility and container size.
2. Segregate used from unused HM/HW.
3. Place leaking HM in appropriate salvage containers (5, 55, or 85 gallon). These can be supplied by PWC on request. Call 444-7528.
4. Properly complete the DD Form 1348-1 as follows:

PWC, DRMO, & FISC REUSE REQUIRE THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION ON DD FORM 1348-1:

Boxes: 8-22 FSC and stock number.
23-24 Unit of issue.
25-29 Quantity.
30-35 Unit Identification Complete Doc #.
36-39 Julian Date of turn-in.

Block: A. Activity generating, (bldg. # and command).
B. Activity shipped to (PWC, DRMO, FISC, etc.)
F. A Point of Contact and phone #
X. Generic name of product.
2. Type of container.
5. Number of containers.
DD. Approved for transfer by signature.
FF. Date shipped.

IN ADDITION TO THE ABOVE, DRMO ALSO REQUIRES THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:

Boxes: 52-53 Fund Code (Command Specific)
65-66 Demilitarization Code
74-80 Unit Price

Block: 3. Weight
AA. DOT Certification statement: "The HM is packaged in containers as prescribed in DOT HM Regulations 49 CFR parts 170-189." Original containers meet this certification.

NAS COMMANDS ONLY: When UIC N00188 is used, the DD-1348 must have the following:

Block: DD: Authorized Signature and Stamp
FF: Date

SAFETY

NOTE

Subj: CHANGE IN PROCEDURE FOR HAZARDOUS MATERIAL TURN-IN FOR REUTILIZATION

COMNAVBASE Norfolk VA 281209Z JUL 92 directed the following changes in procedures effective immediately:

1. OSHA chemical warning label for HM affixed to container prior to turn-in to Defense Reutilization and Marketing Office (DRMO). Material WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED for reutilization without the OSHA label. A material safety data sheet (MSDS) and 1348-1 are, also, REQUIRED for HM turn-in.

2. The Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS) a data base of MSDS can produce DOD labels for items listed in the system. Forms have been ordered and will be available through the Safety Office. The HMIS is available through Safety and Supply.

3. For boxed HM in new/unopened condition, only the original box needs to have the hazardous chemical warning label. A manufacturer packed box with a hazardous chemical label on the outside is sufficient. Provided the box remains as originally packed by the manufacturer, each item in the box does not have to have an OSHA label. HM turned-in outside their original container must be labeled with the OSHA data.

4. If the HM is not found in HMIS, create a hazardous chemical warning label from the manufacturer's MSDS. Do not attempt to create a DOD-type label, because of it's complexity. DOD labels can only be printed from the HMIS. Instead, label each container or original box with the following OSHA required information, info can be written on any adhesive backed label:

- a. Identity of the Hazardous Chemical(s).
- b. Appropriate hazardous warnings (to include health risks/target organs).
- c. Name and address of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party.

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL WARNING LABEL					
1. CHEMICAL / COMMON NAME					
2. HAZARD CODE			3. NSN / LSN		
4. PART NUMBER					
5. ITEM NAME					
6. HAZARDS (x all that apply)	(1) Acute (Immediate)				(2) Chronic (Delayed)
	NONE	SLIGHT	MODERATE	SEVERE	
a. HEALTH HAZARD					
b. CONTACT					
c. REACTIVITY					
7. SPECIFIC HAZARDS AND PRECAUTIONS (Including Target Organ Effects)					
(See MSDS for further information)					
8. PROTECT (x all that apply)		a. EYES		b. SKIN	c. RESPIRATORY
9. CONTACT: a. COMPANY NAME					
b. ADDRESS (Street, P.O. Box, City, State, Zip Code and Country)					
c. EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER (include Area Code)					
10. PROCUREMENT YEAR FOR HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL					

DD Form 2522 (1C), DEC 88

SH 0103-17-0
GPO: 1991-4

NAVY PUBLIC WORKS CENTER NORFOLK
ENVIRONMENTAL DEPARTMENT
FY95 HAZARDOUS WASTE (HW) RATE STRUCTURE

In an effort to reduce the cost of processing and disposing of HW, PWC Norfolk has revised their HW rate structure. PWC will now have 3 basic rates. They are as follows:

Rate 1. HW that is properly packaged, marked and labeled. COST: \$.60/lb.

Rate 2. HW that needs to be repackaged, marked or labeled. COST: \$.88/lb.

Rate 3. HW is not properly identified. COST: \$.98/lb.

In addition to one of the 3 basic rates, generators will be charged the contract disposal cost established through the DRMS/DRMO HW disposal contract.

HW received will be prescreened to ensure that waste has been properly identified by the generator on both the DD Form 1348-1 and the container. Waste that does not appear to be as described by the generator will have a sample taken and sent to the laboratory for analysis. If the analytical data supports what the generator has stated on his turn-in document, then PWC will pay for the cost of the analysis. However, if the analytical data shows something other than what the generator has indicated, the generator will be billed the cost of the analysis. Analytical cost for an unknown drum of waste is approximately \$928.00 This cost is in addition to Rate 3, plus the DRMO contract cost.

EXAMPLES:

1. 1 x 55 GAL DRUM OF WASTE PAINT (WT. 550 LB.) DRUM COMPLIES WITH ALL PACKAGING AND LABELING REQUIREMENTS.

RATE 1 (550 LB. X \$.60/LB) =	\$330.00
DRMO CONTRACT COSTS (550 LB. X \$.55/LB) =	\$302.50
TOTAL COST FOR DISPOSAL	\$632.50

2. 1 x 55 GAL DRUM OF WASTE PAINT (WT. 550 LB.) DRUM NEEDS REPACKAGING DUE TO OPEN CONTAINER.

RATE 2 (550 LB. X \$.88/LB) =	\$484.00
DRMO CONTRACT COSTS (550 LB. X \$.55/LB) =	\$302.50
TOTAL COST FOR DISPOSAL	\$786.50

3. 1 x 55 GALLON UNKNOWN/MISIDENTIFIED HW (WT. 550 LB.) ANALYSIS COMES BACK DIFFERENT THAN WHAT WAS DOCUMENTED ON DD FORM 1348-1.

RATE 3 (550 LB. X \$.98/LB) =	\$539.00
ANALYTICAL COSTS	\$928.00

(ANALYSIS SHOWED THE WASTE WAS PAINT AND WATER)

DRMO CONTRACT COSTS (550 LB. X \$.55/LB)	\$302.50
TOTAL COST FOR DISPOSAL	\$1769.50

It is important that all generators identify processes that generate HW and mark containers appropriately so identity does not become unknown. Turn in document DD Form 1348-1 must also identify all HW constituents. Properly packaged, marked and identified HW is a big step towards reducing HW disposal costs.

Point of contact concerning HW disposal costs is Ms. Glen Delk at 445-2917.

TURN-IN PROCEDURES FOR NAS HWAA CUSTODIANS

To ensure Hazardous Material/Hazardous Waste are reutilized and recycled to the maximum extent possible, all HW being picked-up from NAS Norfolk by PWC Norfolk must have a DD1348-1 with an authorized signature, date signed, and a stamp. The procedures are as follows:

1. For HWAA custodians: if possible, submit paperwork 30 days prior to the 90 day time limit.
2. Exhaust all possibilities for turn-in, cross-decking, and reutilization. (see APPENDIX 1)
3. Properly fill out the DD1348-1 with all required information. (see APPENDIX 3) DO NOT forget a point of contact and phone number.
4. Have the DD1348-1 signed by an authorized person located at NAS Norfolk, Facilities Management Department (FMD), Building U-46. You may call ahead at 4-2048/0600 to be sure someone is available for signature. The following personnel are authorized to sign:

Mr. W. D. Minton, Mr. W. D. Rothwell, Mr. C. Silo, Mr. S. Pearcen, and BTC R. Hayes
5. NAS Norfolk FMD will fax a copy of the DD1348-1 to PWC Norfolk as soon as it has been signed.
6. Call PWC Norfolk HW turn-in at 4-7528 to verify receipt of the DD1348-1 and to schedule a pick-up.
7. If complications arise in this process or if non-routine circumstances occur, call Dave Minton at NAS Norfolk FMD (4-2048/0600) to make arrangements.

APPENDIX 6

APPENDIX C

HAZMAT TYPE	TURN-IN POINT	PAPERWORK REQUIREMENTS	DRUM/CONTAINER LABELING REQUIREMENTS
USED PAINTS, LIQUIDS	PWC DAILY PICK-UP	1348-1	LABEL DRUMS AS TO CONTENTS
USED PAINTS, SOLIDS	PWC DAILY PICK-UP	1348-1	LABEL DRUMS/CONTAINERS AS TO CONTENTS
*Keep separate drums for each of the following: Paint Waste Rags, Brushes & Roller Covers, and Solidified Paint (less than 5 gal size)			
OILY, GREASY, FUEL SOAKED RAGS	PWC 2 TIMES A WEEK PICK-UP	1348-1	LABEL WITH SHIP'S UIC & NAME
HALOGENATED SOLVENTS	PWC DAILY PICK-UP	1348-1	LABEL DRUMS AS TO CONTENTS
NON-HALOGENATED SOLVENTS	PWC DAILY PICK-UP	1348-1	LABEL DRUMS AS TO CONTENTS
CORROSIVE LIQUIDS	PWC DAILY PICK-UP	1348-1	LABEL DRUMS AS TO CONTENTS
*All Acid based materials			

GREASES	PWC DAILY PICK-UP	1348-1	LABEL CONTAINERS AS TO CONTENTS
USED PETROLEUM BASED OILS ONLY	PWC OIL WASTE & RECOVERY SCHEDULED PICK-UP	1348-1	
USED SYNTHETIC BASED OILS ONLY	DRMO, SOUTH ANNEX	1348-1	FOR EACH CONTAINER: 2252 LABEL & ALL APPROPRIATE MSDS's
MIXTURE OF ANY TYPE OILS	PWC DAILY PICK-UP	1348-1	LABEL DRUMS AS TO CONTENTS
LEAD ACID BATTERIES	PWC METALS YARD	N/R	
* All caps MUST be on batteries			
EMPTY HM CONTAINERS	PWC METALS YARD	N/R	
* Aerosol cans, Paint/Non-skid cans (1"or less dried paint), oil, fluid, and grease cans			

NICAD, LITHIUM & MAGNESIUM BATTERIES	DRMO, SOUTH ANNEX	1348-1	FOR EACH CONTAINER, 2252 LABEL & ALL APPROPRIATE MSDS's
ALKALINE BATTERIES	SEE NOTE ON PAGE 4; IF DRMO TURN-IN SAME AS ABOVE	1348-1	FOR EACH CONTAINER, 2252 LABEL & ALL APPROPRIATE MSDS's
EXPIRED SHELF-LIFE MATERIAL	DRMO, SOUTH ANNEX	1348-1	THE ABOVE RULE APPLIES
* Synthetic oils, fluids, photo chemicals, X-2 Chemicals. MUST be MCC "A" and in original containers			
PHOTOGRAPHIC FILM, PAPER & SILVER RECOVERY MATERIALS	DRMO, SOUTH ANNEX	1348-1	THE ABOVE RULE APPLIES
EXCESS/EXPIRED SHELF-LIFE MATERIAL	FISC RE-USE	1348-1	ORIGINAL CONTAINERS ONLY
*MUST BE MCC "A"			
EXCESS HM, MCC "A" ONLY	MTIS	1348-1	ORIGINAL CONTAINERS ONLY

NOTES:	For Alkaline Batteries (AA's, C's, D's & Battle Lantern): if you have a full 55 GL drum or more of alkaline batteries, turn them into DRMO. Inport, they can go into the regular trash in small quantities only.	Any HM that is MCC "H" and that will not be accepted by MTIS, FISC Re-Use or DRMO MUST be turned into PWC for proper disposal	For turning in of HM to DRMO, every container on a pallet must have a DD2252 label and a package of all MSDS's for all NSN's you are turning in to DRMO
NOTES:	Most of the above listed HM goes to either PWC or any of the other turn-in points on a fairly routine basis. From time to time, you may receive some HM, i.e. OBA & EEBD canisters (spent). They get containerized and go to PWC for disposal.	The biggest thing to remember before you turn-in any HM, is if in doubt, call a POC at PWC, COMNAVBASE, MTIS, FISC Reuse or DRMO first to find out where the HM goes to.	Dumping or abandoning of any HM illegally is punishable by all Federal, State and Local laws. If caught, punishments of fines and/or jail may be incurred.

HAZMAT TYPE	TURN-IN POINT	CONTAINERIZATION	DRUM/CONTAINER LABELING REQUIREMENTS
USED PAINTS, LIQUIDS	HICS TRAILER	YES	LABEL DRUMS AS TO CONTENTS
USED PAINTS, SOLIDS	HICS TRAILER	YES	LABEL DRUMS/CONTAINERS AS TO CONTENTS
*Keep separate drums for each of the following: Paint Waste Rags, Brushes & Roller Covers, and Solidified Paint (less than 5 gl size)			
OILY, GREASY, FUEL SOAKED RAGS	HICS TRAILER	HOLD IN ACCUMULATION AREA FOR BURNING	DOUBLED BAGGED IN PAPER
HALOGENATED SOLVENTS	HICS TRAILER	YES	LABEL DRUMS AS TO CONTENTS
NON-HALOGENATED SOLVENTS	HICS TRAILER	YES	LABEL DRUMS AS TO CONTENTS
CORROSIVE LIQUIDS	HICS TRAILER	YES	LABEL DRUMS AS TO CONTENTS
*All Acids			

ALKALINE BATTERIES; AA's, D's, C's & Battle Lantern	HICS TRAILER	YES	LABEL CONTAINERS AS TO CONTENTS
USED PETROLEUM BASED OILS (INCLUDES JP5)	HICS TRAILER	YES, ONLY IF 100% (GOES INTO HOLDING TANK)	LABEL DRUMS AS TO CONTENTS
USED SYNTHETIC BASED OILS ONLY	HICS TRAILER	YES	LABEL CONTAINERS AS TO CONTENTS
MIXTURE OF ANY TYPE OILS	HICS TRAILER	YES	LABEL DRUMS AS TO CONTENTS
LEAD ACID BATTERIES	HICS TRAILER	YES	LABEL CONTAINER AS TO CONTENTS
* All caps MUST be on batteries			
EMPTY HM CONTAINERS	HICS TRAILER	HOLD IN ACCUMULATION AREA FOR OVER BOARD DISCHARGE	
* Aerosol cans, Paint/Non-skid cans (1"or less dried paint), oil, fluid, and grease cans			

NICAD, LITHIUM & MAGNESIUM BATTERIES	HICS TRAILER	YES	LABEL CONTAINERS AS TO CONTENTS
EXPIRED SHELF-LIFE MATERIAL	HICS TRAILER	ACCEPT ONLY PRIOR TO ENTERING PORT	PALLETIZE FOR IMPORT TURN-IN
* Synthetic oils, fluids, photo chems, X-2 Chems. MUST be MCC "A" and in original containers			
PHOTOGRAPHIC FILM, PAPER & SILVER RECOVERY MATERIALS	HICS TRAILER	ACCEPT ONLY PRIOR TO ENTERING PORT	PALLETIZE FOR IMPORT TURN-IN
EXCESS / EXPIRED SHELF-LIFE MATERIAL	HICS TRAILER	ACCEPT ONLY PRIOR TO ENTERING PORT	PALLETIZE FOR IMPORT TURN-IN
* MUST be MCC "A" and in original containers			
EXCESS HM	HICS TRAILER	ACCEPT ONLY PRIOR TO ENTERING PORT	PALLETIZE FOR IMPORT TURN-IN
* MCC "A", 1 year or more remaining on Shelf-Life and in original containers			

COMNAVBASE ENVIRONMENTAL	PWC ENVIRONMENTAL DISPATCH	PWC OIL RECOVERY
POC: Wayne Guilda	POC: Bill Whitmire	POC: Mr. Dickerson
444-3009	444-7528	445-1546
What he does: Basically, the answer man concerning HM Offloads, helps with disposal problems	Schedules Pick-up of more than daily pier pick-up allowance of 4 pallets of HM	Provides for pier-side pick-up of drums of petroleum based fluids
Special Requirements: Call to schedule HM Offload Conferences (i.e. Storeroom offloads)	Special Requirements: Over 4 pallets of HM, call to schedule pick-up	Special Requirements: MUST call Port Ops @ 444-3745 (they pay for pick-up & ok for PWC to pick up). Call PWC Oil to confirm, get date/time for pick-up
	Pick-up schedule: M-F 0800-0930 at Pier 11 for ONLY 4 pallets or less	Pick-up schedule: T & TH 1230 at Pier 11 for oily, greasy fuel soaked rags

FISC REUSE	DDNV / MTIS	DRMO
<i>Mike Brown</i> POC: Craig Hughes	POC: William Alexander	
444-7566	444-1167	445-4450
Expired MCC "A" HM	Any HM having 1 year or more of Shelf-Life remaining	HM not recyclable, not HW; Expired Photo Chems, Synthetic Oils, Expired X-2 Chems
Special Requirements: Call first to make sure they can take your material	Special Requirements: Shelf-Life + 1 year and MCC "A"	Special Requirements: Call to make sure they can take material, if so schedule appointment for M W or F only; let them know material & # pallets/containers
If they say they will take material, they may require on-site inspection prior to taking material	If they say they will take material, they may require on-site inspection prior to taking material	

APPENDIX D

LESSON TOPIC: HAZARDOUS MATERIAL CONTROL & MANAGEMENT (HMC&M)

AVERAGE TIME: 60 Minutes (Handling, Storage and Disposal can be expanded into separate lectures)

INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS:

REFERENCES:

- a. OPNAVINST 5100.19B, Chapters B3 and C23
(surface ships) or D15 (submarines)
- b. OPNAVINST 5090.1A, Chapter 17
- c. NSTM, Chapter 670
- d. NSTM, Chapter 593

TRAINING AIDS:

- a. Videotape: "Hazardous Materials Control Afloat" (804939 DN)
- b. Samples of hazardous materials and hazardous waste labels
- c. HANDOUT #1 - Sample MSDS
- d. Quiz

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be able to define a hazardous material and hazardous waste, understand the Navy's hazardous waste minimization program and the command's responsibilities. The student should understand the general handling, storage, and disposal requirements for the hazardous materials they use on board. The student should know where to get, and be familiar with the information contained in, a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

TARGET AUDIENCE:

All users of hazardous material and supply personnel, including supervisors; who handle, store or dispose of hazardous materials.

REQUIREMENTS:

Initial and annual training for all hazardous material users, in accordance with OPNAVINST 5100.19B.

1. The maximum amount of flammable materials in flammable cabinets, per space, cannot exceed:

- A. 10 gallons.
- B. 30 gallons.
- C. The capacity of the cabinet.
- D. 60 gallons.
- E. 12 gallons.

2. The DCA must train damage control personnel in hazardous material spill response and conduct an annual drill.

- A. True
- B. False

3. To safely handle a hazardous material during PMS, you must wear the protective equipment listed:

- A. On every hazardous material label.
- B. On the Maintenance Requirement Card (MRC).
- C. In the OPNAVINST 5100.19B.
- D. On the shipping box.
- E. None of the above.

3. All empty hazardous material containers may be thrown in the dumpster.

- A. True
- B. False

10. The ship needs to label hazardous materials if:

- A. The hazard label was on the shipping box and inner containers had no hazard labels.
- B. The material is put into an unlabeled container.
- C. The label is damaged or destroyed.
- D. A hazard warning was not included on the label.
- E. All of the above.

INTRODUCTION

Hazardous materials are used daily by every ship, in maintenance, repair, and cleaning. We could not maintain our operational effectiveness without using hazardous materials. In using hazardous materials we also produce waste. Hazardous materials can be used effectively and safely if care is taken in the handling, storage, and disposal. The Navy has developed a program to comply with OSHA and EPA regulations, and help minimize the amount of hazardous waste we produce. Strict regulations exist on storage of hazardous materials aboard ship to avoid fires and injury. All hands should understand and be aware of hazardous materials handling, storage and disposal requirements.

A. BACKGROUND

1. Hazardous materials

- a. Hazardous material is defined as any material which, because of its quantity, concentration, or physical or chemical characteristics, may pose a substantial hazard to human health or the environment. Hazardous materials include:

- (1) Flammable and combustible materials.
- (2) Toxic or poisonous materials.
- (3) Corrosive materials, such as strong acids and alkalies.
- (4) Oxidizing materials.
- (5) Aerosols.
- (6) Compressed gases.

- b. Some materials, considered hazardous, are not included in this program and are covered by separate directives. They include ammunition, radioactive material, medical waste, NBC or CBR materials, propellants, PCBs, and bulk fuels. The directives covering these items are:

- (1) NAVSEA OP-4, Ammunition Afloat - For weapons propellant and explosive guidance.
- (2) NSTM, Chapter 073 and NWP 62 - For NBC/CBR materials.

Hazardous materials are used daily by every ship, in maintenance, repair, and cleaning. We could not maintain our operational effectiveness without using hazardous materials. In using hazardous materials we also produce waste. Hazardous materials can be used effectively and safely if care is taken in the handling, storage, and disposal. The Navy has developed a program to comply with OSHA and EPA regulations, and help minimize the amount of hazardous waste we produce. Strict regulations exist on storage of hazardous materials aboard ship to avoid fires and injury. All hands should understand and be aware of hazardous materials handling, storage and disposal requirements.

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(1) NAVSEA OP-4, Ammunition Afloat - For weapons propellant and explosive guidance.

(2) NSTM, Chapter 073 and NWP 62 - For NBC/CBR materials.

6. The maximum amount of flammable materials in flammables cabinets, per space, cannot exceed:

- A. 10 gallons.
- B. 30 gallons.
- C. The capacity of the cabinet.
- D. 60 gallons.
- E. 12 gallons.

7. The DCA must train damage control personnel in hazardous material spill response and conduct an annual drill.

- A. True
- B. False

8. To safely handle a hazardous material during PMS, you must wear the protective equipment listed:

- A. On every hazardous material label.
- B. On the Maintenance Requirement Card (MRC).
- C. In the OPNAVINST 5100.19B.
- D. On the shipping box.
- E. None of the above.

9. All empty hazardous material containers may be thrown in the dumpster.

- A. True
- B. False

10. The ship needs to label hazardous materials if:

- A. The hazard label was on the shipping box and inner containers had no hazard labels.
- B. The material is put into an unlabeled container.
- C. The label is damaged or destroyed.
- D. A hazard warning was not included on the label.
- E. All of the above.

- (3) NSTM, Chapter 541 - For bulk fuels.
- (4) NAVMED P-5055 - For radioactive materials.
- (5) OPNAVINST 5100.19B, Chapter B1 - For disposal of asbestos waste material.
- (6) NAVSEAINST 5100.3B - For mercury control.
- (7) NAVSEA 9593-A1-MAN-010 - For PCBs.
- (8) NAVMEDCOMINST 6280.1 - For medical waste.
- (9) OPNAVINST 5090.1A - For plastic waste.

c. Discarded or excess hazardous material can be:

- (1) Hazardous materials turned in to stores (HMTIS), which can be returned to the supply system, if in like-new condition.
- (2) Hazardous materials turned in for disposal (HMTID), which is turned over to a base Public Works Department or other authority for disposal.

GIVE EXAMPLES OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS USED ON BOARD COMMON TO YOUR SHIP.

2. The Right-To-Know Law

- a. A new OSHA regulation was adopted in the late 1980's. This regulation, 29 CFR 1910.1200, is titled the "Hazard Communication Standard."

- (1) This is also known as the "Right-to-Know" Law.
- (2) This law says that every employee has the right to know about the hazards in their workplace and how to protect themselves from the hazards.
- (3) The law applies to all U.S. employees, including Federal civilian and military personnel worldwide.

- b. The "Hazard Communication Standard" affects manufacturers of hazardous materials, the employers who purchase them, and the employees who use them.

- (1) Manufacturers must properly label materials.
- (2) Manufacturers must provide a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) for each hazardous material they produce.
- (3) The hazardous material user must be familiar with the hazards and precautions on the MSDS for everything they use or handle. These MSDSs must be readily available to the user upon request. Items used or handled must also be properly labeled.

c. These regulations also apply to forces afloat. OPNAVINST 5100.19B, Chapters B3 and C23 provide this information.

SHOW VIDEOTAPE "HAZARDOUS MATERIALS CONTROL AFLOAT."
ADD 18 MINUTES FOR VIDEOTAPE.

B. LABELING OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

1. Labeling provides the handler, shipper, and user of a hazardous material with critical information.
2. Every container of hazardous material must be labeled. Tank trucks and railroad tank cars, must be placarded with Department of Transportation (DOT) symbols.
3. Although the format of the label may differ from company to company, certain information is mandatory under the Hazard Communication Standard:
 - a. Identity of the material or chemical.
 - b. Name and address of the manufacturer or responsible party.
 - c. The appropriate hazard warning.
4. The Department of Defense (DoD) has a Hazardous Chemical Warning Label (DD 2521, 2522). They are used on DoD manufactured hazardous materials, re-packaged containers, tanks of hazardous chemicals, and unlabeled materials already in the DoD system.
5. There are several types of multicolored signs, placards, and decals providing visual hazard warnings. They can be symbols, words, pictures, shapes, or any combination. Two common hazard warnings are:

- a. National Fire Protection Association NFPA 704 diamond symbol system. It shows four colored blocks in a diamond formation. The top diamond is colored red for fire hazard. Clockwise, the next diamond is yellow, for reactivity; a blank diamond at the bottom for special information; and a blue diamond for health hazards. Number codes zero through four are used to show the degree of hazard.
- b. Department of Transportation (DOT) hazard identification is a colored diamond shape symbol for hazard class, such as flammables, corrosives, oxidizers, and explosives. They are used on hazardous materials containers shipped in interstate commerce.

SHOW AN EXAMPLE OF THE NFPA SYMBOL AND OTHER DECALS OR PLACARDS, IF AVAILABLE.

- c. Sometimes international symbols for goggles, gloves, aprons, and respirators are used. They are small pictures (called icons) on the label indicating the required protective equipment.
 - d. All these labels may be used to supplement the required OSHA labeling. They do not meet the OSHA labeling requirements alone. They should not be placed by Navy personnel on containers which are already properly labeled.
6. If you dispense a hazardous material into an unmarked container, you must transfer the label information to the new container:
- a. Identity of the material or chemical.
 - b. Name and address of the manufacturer or responsible party.
 - c. An appropriate hazard warning.
7. If you buy or receive a hazardous material with the minimum required labeling, you do not have to add any additional labeling.
8. If a hazardous material is delivered to your ship without proper minimum labeling, you may REFUSE to accept the material from the supply system. If you accept the shipment, you must properly label the hazardous material.

SHOW EXAMPLES OF LABELS ON HAZARDOUS MATERIALS.

C. MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS (MSDS)

DISTRIBUTE HANDOUT #1, OR AN MSDS FOR ITEM USED ON BOARD.

1. Manufacturers produce Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) based on their testing and research of their products. By law, they must provide the data to hazardous materials users.

2. The MSDS shall be in English and shall contain at least the following information:

- a. Identity of the material.
- b. Hazardous ingredients.
- c. Physical and chemical characteristics.
- d. Physical hazards.
- e. Reactivity.
- f. Health hazards.
- g. Precautions for safe handling and use.
- h. Control measures.
- i. Routes of entry into the body.
- j. Emergency and first aid procedures.
- k. Date of preparation of the MSDS or last change.
- l. Name, address and phone number of a responsible party who can provide additional information on the hazardous material and appropriate emergency procedures.

3. Manufacturers may use any format or arrangement of this information, but every MSDS must include all the items.

4. The Department of Defense has developed a standard MSDS system for Navy people to use; who, as part of their job handle, store, use, or dispose of hazardous materials. The Hazardous Materials Information System (HMIS) is a collection of information taken from manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheets. The HMIS also contains transportation and disposal information.

- a. HMIS is available on microfiche or Compact Disc - Read Only Memory (CD-ROM). Each ship has either the microfiche or the CD-ROM HMIS.

INDICATE WHAT YOUR SHIP HAS AVAILABLE AND WHERE.

- b. Some ships also have a paper copy file of Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) collected from various manufacturers and containers.
5. EVERY hazardous material user must have ACCESS to MSDSs for the items they use or handle. The ship must have an MSDS for every hazardous material on board.
- a. Every sailor using a hazardous material must be trained on the hazards associated with that material before they use it. MSDSs, on CD-ROM, microfiche, or hard copy, must be readily available to the individual to view it if they so desire.
 - b. The Medical Department must hold a file of MSDSs for every item on board for their use in case of an emergency. This can be a hard copy file or CD-ROM HMIS.
 - c. The ship's Hazardous Material/Hazardous Waste Coordinator must have an MSDS, on file or on CD-ROM HMIS, for every hazardous material onboard.
 - d. The Supply Department must hold an MSDS for every item they procure. Sometimes they must request the MSDS directly from the manufacturer or distributor.

D. PROGRAM RESPONSIBILITIES

1. According to OPNAVINST 5100.19B, Chapter B3, each afloat command must have a written hazardous materials/hazardous waste program.
2. Each CO must appoint, in writing, a Hazardous Materials/Hazardous Waste Coordinator.
3. Although every supervisor and crew member has certain responsibilities within this program, the HMC&M Coordinator is the primary program manager. Our HMC&M Coordinator is _____.

COVER RESPONSIBILITIES IN OPNAVINST 5100.19B, PAGES B3-1 THROUGH B3-5, IF DESIRED. GIVE SPECIFICS FOR YOUR COMMAND.

4. All hands must follow the strict handling, storage, and disposal regulations provided on hazardous materials.
5. The Division Officer and Work Center Supervisor play a critical role in the management of in-use hazardous materials and training of their personnel.
6. All supervisors must receive annual training on hazardous materials procedures.
7. All supply personnel must be trained when reporting onboard and then annually in hazardous materials procedures and the handling of hazardous materials turned in to stores (HMTIS) or turned in for disposal (HMTID).
8. All hands must receive job-specific training on hazardous materials when reporting onboard and then annually.
9. Damage control teams and fire parties must receive annual training, including a drill, on hazardous material spill response and emergency procedures.
10. Monthly spot checks and quarterly evaluations are made of the program to ensure compliance and effectiveness.

THIS SECTION MAY BE EXPANDED AND SERVE AS A SEPARATE LECTURE.

E. HAZARDOUS MATERIALS HANDLING

1. Different hazardous materials may require different handling precautions. Navy publications, such as the NSTMs, and PMS MRCs may give these precautions.
 - a. The MSDS also provides handling precautions for the material in the section titled, "Precautions for Safe Handling and Use."
 - b. Safe handling often involves the use of personal protective equipment, ventilation, and specific precautions such as keeping it away from open flames.
 - (1) The MSDS provides a list of manufacturer recommended protective equipment and clothing.
 - (2) The Maintenance Requirement Card (MRC) lists protective clothing and equipment in the "Tools, Parts, Materials, Test Equipment" block.
 - (3) Technical manuals and other procedures may list protective equipment.
 - c. In general, all hazardous materials should be handled carefully, by trained personnel - even common cleaning materials.
2. General handling and use requirements have been defined for hazardous materials. They are given in OPNAVINST 5100.19B, Volume II, Chapter C23. They include:
 - a. Work center supervisors shall ensure, prior to using any hazardous material, people under their supervision were trained on the hazards associated with that material. They must also be provided with necessary protective clothing and equipment (for example, respirators, goggles, or gloves.)

- c. Workcenter supervisors shall ensure there is supply and exhaust ventilation in all spaces where people use hazardous materials. The systems must be in good operating condition and have been evaluated as adequate by an industrial hygiene survey.
- c. Never exceed one week's requirement as a ready supply of any hazardous material. Return surplus material to its appropriate storage area at the end of the watch or days work.
- d. Avoid breathing vapors or dust when using hazardous materials.
- e. Avoid contact with the eyes or prolonged contact with skin when using hazardous material.
- f. Prohibit smoking, drinking, or eating in areas where hazardous material is used.
- g. Ensure personal protective equipment (such as eye, ear, and respiratory) is readily available to all people working with hazardous material.
- h. Eye protection against irritating vapors or corrosive liquid chemicals shall consist of chemical goggles worn under a full face shield.
- i. The Gas Free Engineer must test and certify any confined or enclosed spaces safe for entry.
- j. Use a respirator with the appropriate filter or cartridge when exposed to particulate matter, vapors or hazardous gases.
- k. Consult the MSDS for specific safe handling requirements.

THIS SECTION MAY BE EXPANDED AND SERVE AS A SEPARATE LECTURE.

F. STORAGE OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

1. Storage, or the lack of safe storage, for hazardous materials is a major problem on board ship.
2. Storage of in-use, flammable and combustible materials can be a fire and explosion hazard. In-use storage of reactive chemicals, such as oxidizers and corrosives, can cause both health and fire hazards.
3. Each type of hazardous material has different storage requirements. Some require only cool, dry storage. Others, such as flammables, must be stored in a space with a fire suppression system. These storage requirements are listed in OPNAVINST 5100.19B Chapter C23, and NSTM, Chapter 670. General storage requirements include:
 - a. Mark stowage compartments to identify the type of hazardous material stored and keep the compartment/materials clean and dry at all times.
 - b. Provide both supply and exhaust ventilation in stowage areas.
 - c. Allow only authorized personnel in stowage areas.
 - d. When transferring material from one container to another, ensure the existing precautionary labeling is retained and new containers labeled.
 - e. Stack containers so they will not crush containers under them, become imbalanced, or be hard to get to. For example, do not place containers in walkways, or balanced in the overhead.
 - f. Issue material on a first-in-first-out basis, considering shelf-life.
 - g. Prohibit smoking, drinking, and eating in stowage areas.
 - h. Ensure open flames or spark producing items are not permitted in stowage areas.

- i. Gas Free enclosed or confined stowage areas before entry or if the ventilation malfunctions and may allow the build-up of gases or vapors.
 - j. Operate only approved electrical switches in an explosive or suspected explosive atmosphere. Maintain explosion-proof fixtures in applicable hazardous material stowage areas.
 - k. Seal and protect all containers against physical damage and secure for sea.
 - l. Store powdered or solid type materials on shelves above liquid type chemicals. If possible, keep liquids low to the deck and in coamings or catch trays to contain spills.
4. Storerooms for bulk supplies are designed into the ship. The flammable liquid storeroom has special gas-tight light fixtures, an automatic fire extinguishing system, alarms and water-tight doors or hatches. Bulk storerooms are controlled by the Supply Department and hold items prior to issue. These storerooms cannot normally be used for in-use material because of custody and inventory procedures.
5. Flammable liquid issue rooms are provided on most ships, under the control of the Deck Department, Repair Department, or other user. They are equipped with alarms, automatic fire extinguishing systems, water-tight doors or hatches, and gas-tight light fixtures. The issue rooms are used for bulk storage of in-use flammable materials.
6. In-use hazardous materials in a workshop or office space are limited to one week's supply of open, in-use material. Hoarding or stocking up on hazardous materials, even cleaning products, is not authorized if it exceeds the weekly working stock.
7. Some shops are equipped with Flammable Liquid Storage Cabinets or Lockers (commercial or NAVSEA-type lockers). They are normally painted yellow, have self-closing doors, and have a sign saying "Flammable material, keep fire away". No matter how big the locker or cabinet is, or how many are in the space, you are not authorized to keep more than 30 gallons of flammable materials in one space.

Note: This applies to lockers, not to flammable storerooms which have features discussed in paragraph 4.

8. To determine hazardous material in-use storage requirements you must determine if:
 - a. The material is compatible with other chemicals, or if it must be segregated from any nearby hazardous materials.
 - b. What is the hazard classification? - Is it an acid, oxidizer, alkaline, flammable, combustible, toxic, aerosol or compressed gas?
 - c. How much of the material will be kept on-hand as weekly working stock in-use?
 - d. Are there any special storage requirements listed on the MSDS?
 - e. What is the flash point of the material?
8. Consult OPNAVINST 5100.19B Chapter C23 and NSTM, Chapter 670 to determine special storage requirements.

GO TO OPNAVINST 5100.19B CHAPTER C23, AND READ THE STORAGE REQUIREMENTS FOR IN-USE FLAMMABLES, FOR EXAMPLES.

9. Personnel should never bring a new hazardous material, even cleaning material, into the workcenter without consulting the work center supervisor or division officer for storage authorization.

DISCUSS THE STORAGE REQUIREMENT ON AN MSDS FOR A COMMONLY USED HAZARDOUS MATERIAL.

THIS SECTION MAY BE EXPANDED AND SERVE AS A SEPARATE LECTURE.

G. DISPOSAL OF HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

1. Due to strict EPA and OSHA regulations, the disposal of hazardous materials is carefully controlled to avoid damage to the environment and hazards to personnel.

- a. "Cradle to grave" regulations apply to all hazardous materials. A paperwork trail follows a hazardous material from the manufacturer to the shipper, warehouse, handler, and collector, to the ultimate disposal site.

YOU CAN USE THE EXAMPLE OF LOVE CANAL, WHERE A HAZARDOUS WASTE DUMP CONTAMINATED THE LAND AROUND A HOUSING TRACT. THE AREA HAD TO BE ABANDONED BECAUSE PEOPLE LIVING IN THE AREA WERE DEVELOPING HEALTH PROBLEMS.

- b. Each "generator" of hazardous waste must follow strict regulations. In the Navy, shore establishments, such as naval bases and shipyards, are designated hazardous waste generators. Normally, the base Public Works Department takes charge of waste disposal.

- (1) Afloat units are not considered "generators" of hazardous waste. Ships turn excess hazardous materials to their base Public Works or receiving authority. Once the material reaches Public Works custody they will arrange disposal, re-use, or recycling.

- (2) Overseas, naval bases or the foreign base husbanding agent will contract to remove hazardous materials for disposal. These circumstances fall under different, local regulations.

2. HMTIS, or hazardous materials turned-in to stores.

- a. Excess, new, usable hazardous material may be turned-in to the Supply Department for reissue or to the base supply center or Defense Reutilization and Marketing Office (DRMO).

- (1) The materials must be in unopened, clean condition, with no damage to the container.

- (2) A transfer document, 1348-1, must be completed to return materials to DRMO or the Supply Center. Your Supply Department is familiar with these procedures.

3. HMTID, or hazardous materials turned-in for disposal.

- a. HMTID is excess, opened, damaged, or partially full containers of material, items contaminated with hazardous material such as rags and protective clothing, and the remains of processes or procedures such as chemical testing.
- b. Neither the material nor the container can be reused. This includes containers having residue of a hazardous material, such as lead paint, or more than one inch of the hazardous material remaining.
- c. HMTID cannot be mixed. For example, you cannot put waste paint, hydraulic fluid, lube oil, and paint thinner all in one can for disposal. The combination may react and cause a fire, explosion, or give off toxic vapors. Segregate each type of material. Ideally, return each type in the original container.
- d. Store HMTID where the original material was stored until removing it from the ship. If you originally kept the material in the flammable locker, you must keep the discarded material in a flammable locker or the same type safe stowage.
- e. HMTID must be labeled as to contents. The "WARNING-HAZARDOUS WASTE" label (NAVSEA 5100/4) is an optional label you may use to mark unlabeled containers. If the contents are not known, mark the container "unknown waste" and isolate it until turn over.

- f. HMTID is turned in to _____ in the Supply Department, who prepares a 1348-1 form and contacts Public Works Department for pick-up.

DISCUSS YOUR OWN SHIP'S DISPOSAL PROCEDURES HERE, IF THEY DIFFER FROM THOSE PRESENTED ABOVE.

- g. Never throw any hazardous material, or even empty hazardous material containers, into the regular trash or dumpsters unless your supervisor approves. Each base has federal, state, and local laws on hazardous waste. They may differ from base to base. At our homeport, we are required to:

DISCUSS YOUR LOCAL PUBLIC WORKS REQUIREMENTS, AND TELL WHAT ITEMS YOU MAY DISPOSE OF IN THE REGULAR TRASH. SHOW A HAZARDOUS WASTE LABEL.

- h. OPNAVINST 5100.19B, Appendix B3-C lists the disposal requirements for various hazardous materials. For example, you must put waste oils in containers for shore disposal. It also lists the items which are considered hazardous wastes. Very few items may be disposed of at sea anymore.
- i. When in doubt, check with your supervisor before disposing of any hazardous material. Severe penalties and fines can be imposed on ships for improper disposal of hazardous materials. In some cases, NJP or courts martial can result from hazardous materials incidents.

H. HAZARDOUS MATERIAL SPILLS

1. The workcenter responsible can normally clean up small spills of hazardous materials using the precautions provided in the MSDS. Small spills are generally less than five gallons of low toxicity material.
 - a. An example of a small spill is knocking over a can of floor wax and spilling a quart of material. There is no fire hazard and the material is not very toxic. The user could clean up the spill with paper toweling or a mop after consulting the MSDS.
 - b. Even a small spill of a hazardous material may require containerizing of the residue and cleaning materials for shore disposal. Always report all spills to your supervisor.
 - (1) You must be careful handling spilled material because there is a greater chance of skin and eye contact and inhalation of gases or vapors.
 - (2) Protective equipment which may not be necessary for handling the material may be required to clean-up the spill. Your supervisor will advise you on the equipment you need.
2. Larger spills of hazardous materials may threaten the safety of the ship, the environment or injure personnel. In such cases all personnel should evacuate the area immediately and report the spill to your supervisor, DC Central, the CDO, or the OOD.
 - a. An example of a large spill would be dropping a pallet load of five gallon paint cans onto the deck while taking on stores. This would be a fire hazard, a threat to the waterway, and a personnel exposure hazard.
 - b. Damage control actions, such as calling away the fire party, may be necessary for a large spill.
 - c. Hazardous material spilled into navigable waters must be reported in accordance with OPNAVINST 5090.1A, the Environmental and Natural Resources Program Manual.
 - (1) Environmentally significant spills must be reported by OPREP-3.

(2) An environmentally significant spill is one which has high press or public interest or is considered a catastrophic event.

(3) Special rules also apply to spills which occur in navigable waters in foreign ports.

3. If the hazardous material spill is a threat to the ship or personnel, the CDO, OOD, DCA, or fire marshal will decide on a course of action.

a. Hazardous material spill response procedures are provided in OPNAVINST 5100.19B, Appendix B3-A.

b. The DCA must train all damage control personnel in hazardous material spill response and conduct one spill response drill per year.

c. The DCA or CDO will use standard damage control procedures, plus information from Material Safety Data Sheets in conducting the spill clean-up.

d. Spill clean-up kits are located in Repair Lockers
_____ (GIVE THE LOCATIONS OF YOUR SPILL KITS.)

(1) These spill kits contain absorbent materials, protective equipment, labels, and other materials used by damage control personnel for a large spill.

(2) These kits are maintained by the DCA.

A SEPARATE LESSON GUIDE IS PROVIDED ON HAZARDOUS MATERIAL SPILL RESPONSE, WHICH INCLUDES A VIDEOTAPE.

SUMMARY:

Hazardous materials are required for us to do our job, but they can be hazardous to our health and the environment if improperly handled. Rules and regulations on hazardous materials handling, storage, and disposal have been implemented for your safety and the safety of the ship. You have the right to know safety and health information about hazardous materials, and you must be trained in their use. Careful handling, storage and disposal of hazardous materials is an all hands evolution.

FOR MORE INFORMATION CONSULT OPNAVINST 5100.19B CHAPTERS B3 AND C23, AS WELL AS NSTM, CHAPTER 670, NSTM, CHAPTER 593, AND OPNAVINST 5090.1A.

ADMINISTER 10 QUESTION QUIZ PROVIDED. REPRODUCE LOCALLY.
QUIZ KEY IS PROVIDED.

HANDOUT #1

LOCALLY REPRODUCE COMMON MSDS FOR ITEM USED ON BOARD YOUR SHIP. ENSURE EACH STUDENT GETS A COPY. THIS MSDS CAN BE FROM THE CD-ROM HMIS OR ANY MANUFACTURER.

JOJS MATERIALS PROGRAM QUIZ

NAME: _____ DIV: _____ DATE: _____

CIRCLE THE CORRECT ANSWER

1. The "Right-to-Know" law ensures every user of hazardous materials has:
 - A. A Material Safety Data Sheet available for the item used.
 - B. A proper label on the item.
 - C. Training in safe handling of hazardous materials.
 - D. Training in how to read an MSDS.
 - E. All of the above.

2. HMTID is:
 - A. Hazardous material turned in to stores.
 - B. Hazardous material which cannot be reused.
 - C. Always mixed in one barrel.
 - D. Never labeled.
 - E. None of the above.

3. Each command must have a ship's hazardous materials program instruction.
 - A. True
 - B. False

4. A Material Safety Data Sheet does not need to be available on the ship for common cleaners like floor wax and pine oil.
 - A. True
 - B. False

5. Your in-use hazardous materials kept in the work center cannot exceed:
 - A. The amount you need for deployment.
 - B. One-year's worth.
 - C. Weekly working stock.
 - D. Daily usage amounts.
 - E. Monthly PMS requirements.

6. The maximum amount of flammable materials in flammables cabinets, per space, cannot exceed:

- A. 10 gallons.
- B. 30 gallons.
- C. The capacity of the cabinet.
- D. 60 gallons.
- E. 12 gallons.

7. The DCA must train damage control personnel in hazardous material spill response and conduct an annual drill.

- A. True
- B. False

8. To safely handle a hazardous material during PMS, you must wear the protective equipment listed:

- A. On every hazardous material label.
- B. On the Maintenance Requirement Card (MRC).
- C. In the OPNAVINST 5100.19B.
- D. On the shipping box.
- E. None of the above.

9. All empty hazardous material containers may be thrown in the dumpster.

- A. True
- B. False

10. The ship needs to label hazardous materials if:

- A. The hazard label was on the shipping box and inner containers had no hazard labels.
- B. The material is put into an unlabeled container.
- C. The label is damaged or destroyed.
- D. A hazard warning was not included on the label.
- E. All of the above.

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL QUIZ KEY

1. E
2. B
3. A
4. B
5. C
6. B
7. A
8. B
9. B
10. E



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